

Depicted below is a world map from the Unified Command Plan showing the geographic responsibilities of the combatant commanders. Select an area to find the major Army organizations located within that area.



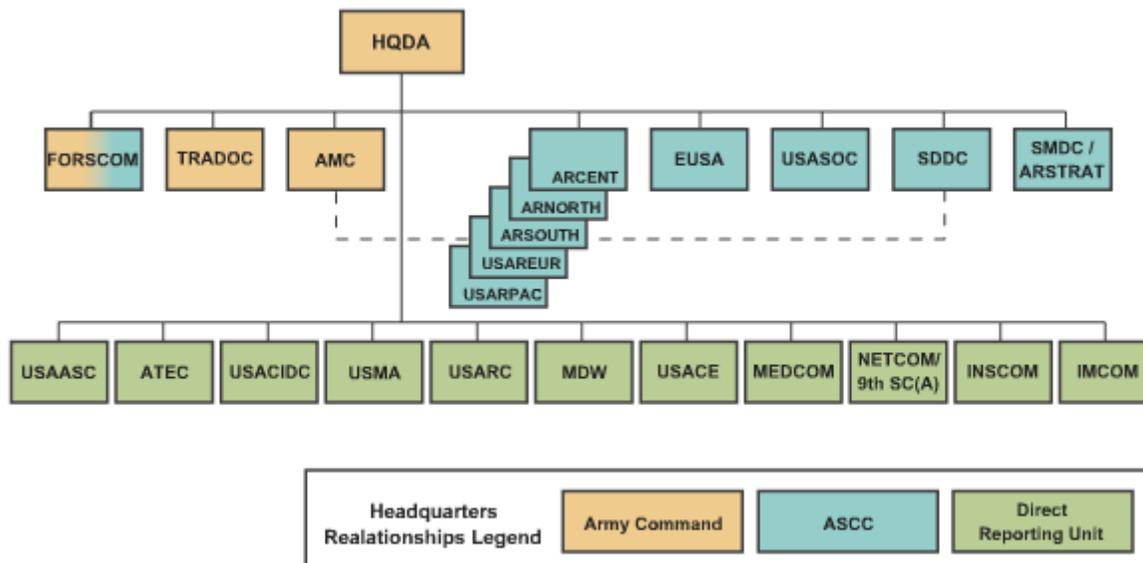
[USNORTHCOM](#) | [USCENTCOM](#) | [USEUCOM](#) | [USPACOM](#) | [USSOUTHCOM](#) | [image for download](#)

The Army, as one of the three military departments (Army, Navy and Air Force) reporting to the Department of Defense, is composed of two distinct and equally important components: the active component and the reserve components. The reserve components are the [United States Army Reserve](#) and the [Army National Guard](#).

Regardless of component, The Army conducts both operational and institutional missions. The operational Army consists of numbered armies, corps, divisions, brigades, and battalions that conduct full spectrum operations around the world. ([Operational Unit Diagram and descriptions](#)) The institutional Army supports the operational Army. Institutional organizations provide the infrastructure necessary to raise, train, equip, deploy, and ensure the readiness of all Army forces. The training base provides military skills and professional education to every Soldier—as well as members of sister services and allied forces. It also allows The Army to expand rapidly in time of war. The industrial base provides world-class equipment and logistics for The Army. Army installations provide the power-projection platforms required to deploy land forces promptly to support combatant commanders. Once those forces are deployed, the institutional Army provides the logistics needed to support them.

Without the institutional Army, the operational Army cannot function. Without the operational Army, the institutional Army has no purpose.

Army Command Structure:



HQDA Staff:

Army Commands (ACOM):

- U.S. Army Forces Command (FORSCOM)
- U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC)
- U.S. Army Materiel Command (AMC)

Army Service Component Commands (ASCC):

- U.S. Army Central (USARCENT)
- U.S. Army North (USARNORTH)
- U.S. Army South (USARSO)
- U.S. Army Europe (USAREUR)
- U.S. Army Pacific (USARPAC)
- Eighth Army (EUSA)
- U.S. Army Special Operations Command (USASOC)
- Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command (SDDC)
- U.S. Army Space and Missile Defense Command/Army Strategic Command (USASMDC/ARSTRAT)

Direct Reporting Units (DRU):

- U.S. Army Network Enterprise Technology Command/9th Signal Command (Army) (NETCOM/9thSC(A))
- U.S. Army Medical Command (MEDCOM)
- U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command (INSCOM)
- U.S. Army Criminal Investigation Command (USACIDC)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)
- U.S. Army Military District of Washington (MDW)
- U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Command (ATEC)
- United States Military Academy (USMA)
- U.S. Army Reserve Command (USARC)
- U.S. Army Acquisition Support Center (USAASC)
- U.S. Army Installation Management Command (IMCOM)

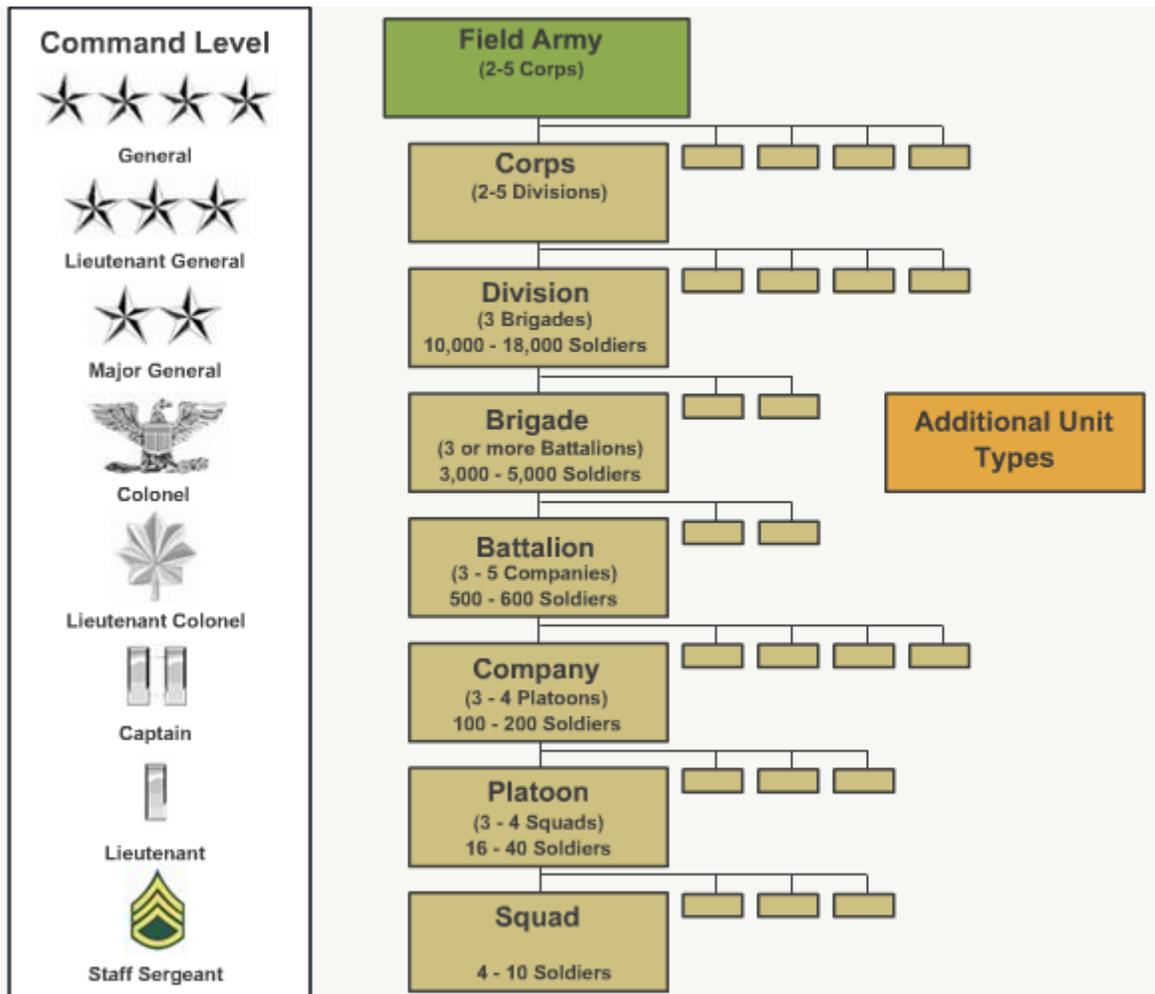
Mission



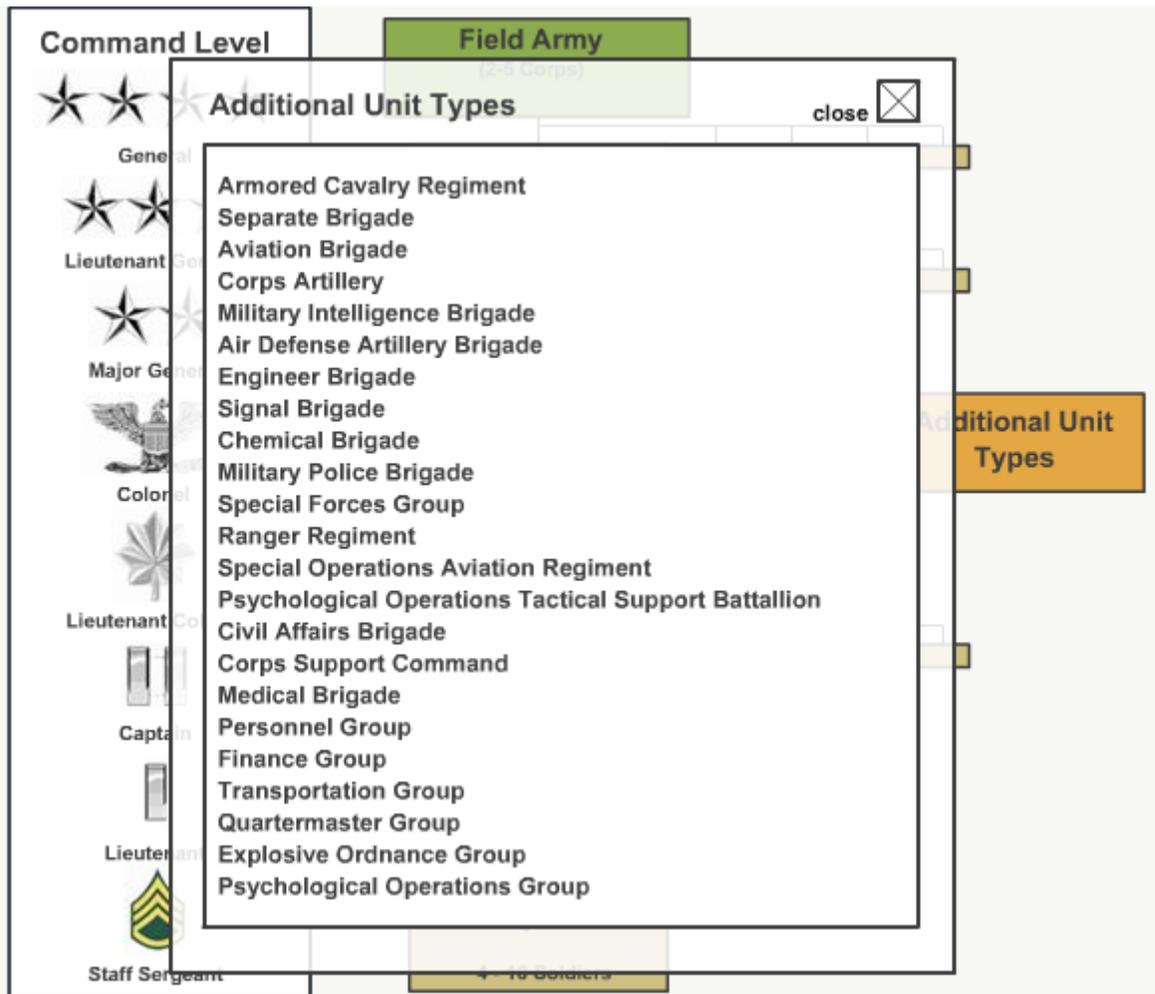
The Army's mission is to fight and win our Nation's wars by providing prompt, sustained land dominance across the full range of military operations and spectrum of conflict in support of combatant commanders. We do this by:

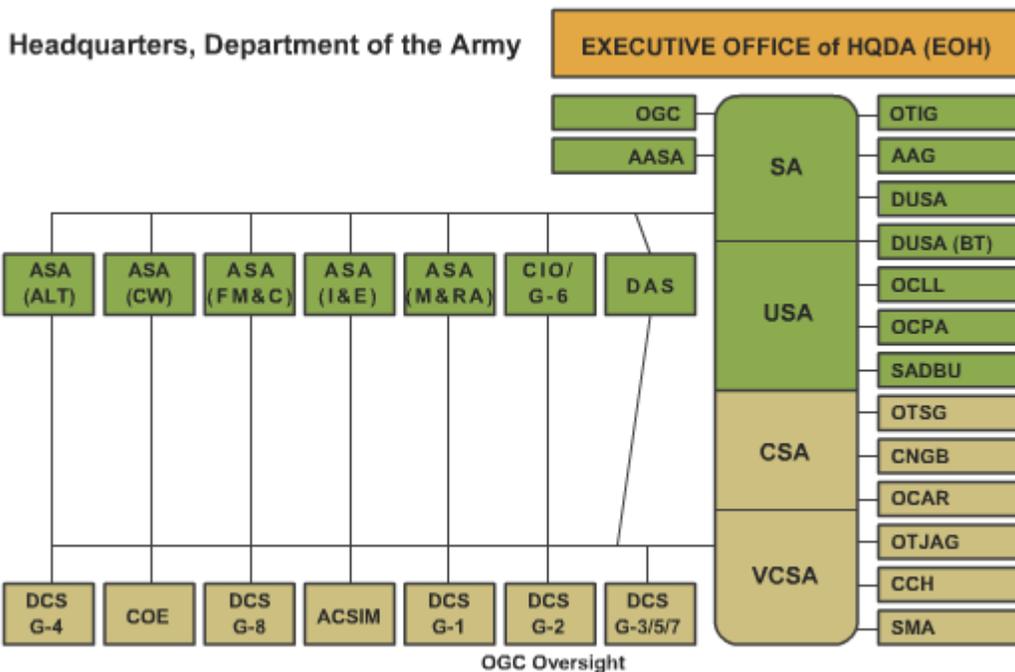
- Executing Title 10 and Title 32 United States Code directives, to include organizing, equipping, and training forces for the conduct of prompt and sustained combat operations on land.
- Accomplishing missions assigned by the President, Secretary of Defense and combatant commanders, and Transforming for the future.

This diagram provides information on how Army operational units are organized - from the Theater Army, Field Army and Army Group level, down through Corps, Divisions, Brigades, Battalions, Companies, Platoons and ending with Squads & Sections - and the typical rank of the Commander of these type units. It also provides a listing of additional unit types that don't fall cleanly into this hierarchal structure. A short description of each organization is provided when you select a box, or when you select one of the additional unit types.



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- **AASA:** Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army
- AAG:** Army Auditor General
- ACSIM:** Assistant Chief of Staff, Installation Management
- ASA(ALT):** Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics and Technology
- ASA(CW):** Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works
- ASA(FM&C):** Assistant Secretary of the Army for Financial Management and Comptroller
- ASA(I&E):** Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations and Environment
- ASA(M&RA):** Assistant Secretary of the Army for Manpower and Reserve Affairs
- CCH:** Chief of Chaplains
- CIO/ G-6:** Chief Information Officer
- COE:** Chief of Engineers
- CSA:** Chief of Staff of the Army
- CNGB:** Chief, National Guard Bureau
- DAS:** Director of the Army Staff
- DUSA (BT):** Deputy Under Secretary of the Army for Business Transformation
- OCAR:** Chief, Army Reserve
- OCLL:** Chief, Legislative Liaison
- OCPA:** Chief, Public Affairs
- OGC:** General Counsel
- OTIG:** The Inspector General
- OTJAG:** The Judge Advocate General
- OTSG:** The Surgeon General
- SA:** Secretary of the Army
- SADBU:** Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization Office
- SMA:** Sergeant Major of the Army
- USA:** Under Secretary of the Army
- VCSA:** Vice Chief of Staff of the Army

Field Operating Agencies

- **Assistant Secretary of the Army for Financial Management and Comptroller (ASA (FM&C))**
Cost and Economic Analysis Agency, MD
Finance Command, VA
- **Assistant Secretary of the Army for Manpower & Reserve Affairs (ASA (M&RA))**
EEO Agency, DC
EEO Compliance and Complaints Review Agency, VA
- **Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics and Technology (ASA (ALT))**
Army Contracting Agency (ACA)
- **Office of the Auditor General (SAAG)**
Army Audit Agency, VA
- **Office of the Chief of Public Affairs (OCPA)**
Soldiers Media Center
- **Office of the Chief of Staff of the Army (OCSA)**
U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Management Agency, DC
Center for Military Analysis, MD (not available)
Center of Military History, DC
U.S. Army Combat Readiness Center, Ala.
- **Office of the Army G-8**
Center for Army Analysis, VA
- **Office of the Army G-4**
Logistics Innovation Agency, VA
- **Office of the Army G-3**
Army War College, PA
Command and Control Support Agency, VA (not available)
U.S. Military Observers Group, DC (not available)
- **Office of the Army G-1**
Army Human Resources Command
- **Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management (ACSIM)**
Installation Support Management Activity (not available)
- **Office of the Judge Advocate General (OTJAG)**
U.S. Army Judge Advocate General's School, VA
U.S. Army Legal Services Agency, VA

Army Command Structure

Army Commands



United States Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) Fort Monroe, VA
TRADOC recruits, trains, and educates the Army's Soldiers; develops leaders; supports training in units; develops doctrine; establishes standards; and builds the future Army.



United States Army Materiel Command (AMC) Alexandria, VA
AMC provides superior technology, acquisition support and logistics to ensure dominant land force capability for Soldiers, the United States, and our Allies.



United States Army Forces Command (FORSCOM) Fort McPherson, GA
FORSCOM trains, mobilizes, deploys, sustains, transforms, and reconstitutes assigned conventional forces, providing relevant and ready land power to combatant commanders.

Army Service Component Commands (ASCC)



United States Army Central (USARCENT) Fort McPherson, GA
USARCENT is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Central Command (USCENTCOM) and provides continuous oversight and control of Army operations throughout the USCENTCOM Area of Responsibility (AOR).



United States Army Europe (USAREUR) Heidelberg, Germany
USAREUR is the Army Service Component Command (ASCC) assigned to the United States European Command (USEUCOM) and provides continuous oversight and control of Army operations throughout the EUCOM Area of Responsibility (AOR).



United States Army North (USARNORTH) Fort Sam Houston, TX
USARNORTH is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Northern Command (USNORTHCOM) and provides continuous oversight and control of Army operations throughout the USNORTHCOM Area of Responsibility (AOR).



United States Army South (USARSO) Fort Sam Houston, TX
USARSO is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Southern Command (USSOUTHCOM) and provides continuous oversight and control of Army operations throughout the USSOUTHCOM Area of Responsibility (AOR).



United States Army Pacific (USARPAC) Fort Shafter, HI
USARPAC is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Pacific Command (USPACOM) and provides continuous oversight and control of Army operations throughout the USPACOM Area of Responsibility (AOR) less the Korean Peninsula.



United States Army Special Operations Command (USASOC) Fort Bragg, N.C.
USASOC is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Special Operations Command (USSOCOM).



Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command (SDDC) Alexandria, VA
SDDC is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Transportation Command (USTRANSCOM).



United States Army Space and Missile and Defense Command/Army Strategic Command (USASMDC/ARSTRAT) Arlington, VA

USASMDC/ARSTRAT is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Strategic Command (USSTRATCOM) and provides continuous oversight, control, integration, and coordination of Army forces supporting USSTRATCOM.



Eighth Army (EUSA) Yong Son, Korea

EUSA is the assigned Army Service Component Command (ASCC) to the United States Forces Korea (USFK) and will provide continuous oversight and control of Army operations throughout the USFK Area of Responsibility (AOR).

Direct Reporting Units (DRU)



The United States Military Academy (USMA) West Point, N.Y.

USMA is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army and reports directly to the Chief of Staff of the Army. The mission of the USMA is to educate, train, and inspire the Corps of Cadets so that each graduate is a commissioned leader of character committed to the values of Duty, Honor, Country and prepared for a career of professional excellence and service to the Nation as an officer in the United States Army.



United States Army Installation Management Command (IMCOM) Arlington, VA

IMCOM is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) and reports directly to the Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management (ACSIM). The IMA manages Army installations to support readiness and mission execution, provide equitable services and facilities, optimize resources, sustain the environment and enhance the well-being of the Military community.



United States Army Network Enterprise Technology Command/9th Signal Command (Army) (NETCOM/9th SC(A)) Fort Huachuca, AZ

NETCOM/9th SC(A) is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) and reports directly to the Army Chief Information Officer (CIO)/G-6. The NETCOM/9th SC is the single Army authority to operate, control, and defend the Army's information structure at the enterprise level.



United States Army Intelligence and Security Command (INSCOM) Fort Belvoir, VA

INSCOM is designated by the Secretary of the Army as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) and reports directly to the Army DCS, G-2. The INSCOM synchronizes the operations of all INSCOM units to produce intelligence in support of the Army, Combatant Commands, and the National intelligence community.



United States Army Test and Evaluation Command (ATEC) Arlington, VA

ATEC is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army and reports directly to the Chief of Staff of the Army. The ATEC plans, integrates, and conducts: experiments, developmental testing, independent operational testing, and independent evaluations and assessments to provide essential information to acquisition decision makers and Commanders.



United States Army Criminal Investigation Command (USACIDC) Fort Belvoir, VA

USACIDC is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army. The USACIDC conducts sensitive or special interest investigations as directed by the Secretary of the Army or the Chief of Staff of the Army; plans for and provides personal security (protective services) for DoD and Department of the Army officials as designated by the Secretary of the Army or the Chief of Staff of the Army; provides criminal investigative support to all Army elements including forensic support; maintains overall responsibility for Army investigations of controlled substances; conducts and controls all Army investigations of serious crimes, less serious crimes, upon request, or as necessary for effective Army law enforcement, and fraud; and other crimes arising in Army procurement activities.



United States Army Medical Command (MEDCOM) Fort Sam Houston, TX

MEDCOM is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army. The MEDCOM provides medical, dental, and veterinary capabilities to the Army and designated DoD activities; operates fixed facilities; conducts medical research, materiel development and acquisition; educates and trains personnel; and develops medical concepts, doctrine, and systems to support Army healthcare delivery.



United States Army Military District of Washington (MDW) Fort McNair, Washington D.C.

MDW is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army and reports directly to the Chief of Staff of the Army. The MDW is a geographic command with responsibilities that extend throughout the U.S. National Capitol Region (NCR) – Washington, D.C. metropolitan area.



United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Washington, D.C.

USACE is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army. The USACE provides engineering services and capabilities in support of National interests.



United States Army Reserve Command (USARC) Fort McPherson, GA

USARC is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army. The USARC provides trained and ready units and qualified Soldiers that are prepared to mobilize and support the armed services during time of war or national emergency, and at such other times as national security may require filling the needs of the armed forces.



United States Army Acquisition Support Center (USAASC) Fort Belvoir, VA

USAASC is designated as a Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) by the Secretary of the Army and reports directly to the ASA (ALT). The USAASC supports the readiness of the Army by continually improving the Army's capability through all stages of materiel development, developing a professional acquisition workforce and supporting the acquisition community at all levels.

Unified Commands

- United States Central Command (USCENTCOM)
- United States European Command (USEUCOM)
- United States Joint Forces Command (USJFCOM)
- United States Northern Command (USNORTHCOM)
- United States Pacific Command (USPACOM)
- United States Southern Command (USSOUTHCOM)
- United States Special Operations Command (USSOCOM)
- United States Strategic Command (USSTRATCOM)
- United States Transportation Command (USTRANSCOM)