

29 June 2010

Military Operations

PERSONNEL RECOVERY (PR) OPERATIONS

***This regulation supersedes Eighth Army Regulation 95-33, dated 12 April 1988.**

FOR THE COMMANDER:

DONALD E. JACKSON JR.
Colonel, GS
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:



GARRIE BARNES
Chief, Publications and
Records Management

Summary. This regulation establishes responsibilities, prescribes policies, and standardizes procedures for Army Component Personnel Recovery (PR) Operations in the Korean Theater. Guidance contained herein is applicable for Armistice and Contingency / Wartime Operations. The references assign specific responsibilities to Combatant Commanders with geographic responsibilities.

Summary of Change. This document has been substantially changed. A full review of its content is required.

Applicability. This regulation is applicable to all military commands, Department of the Army (DA) Civilians and DA Contractors and activities assigned, attached, or under operational control (OPCON) to Eighth Army or on temporary duty within the Korean Theater of Operations (KTO) who are conducting training operations.

Supplementation. Supplementation of this regulation and issuance of command and local forms is prohibited unless prior approval is obtained from G3 Aviation Division (EAGC-EA), Eighth Army, Unit #15236, APO AP 96205-5236.

Forms. AK forms are available at http://8tharmy.korea.army.mil/g1_ag/.

Records Management. Records created as a result of processes prescribed by this regulation must be identified, maintained, and disposed of according to AR 25-400-2. Record titles and descriptions are available on the Army Records Information Management System website at <https://www.arims.army.mil>.

Interim Changes. Interim changes to this regulation are not official unless they are authenticated by the Assistant Adjutant General, Eighth Army. Users will destroy interim changes on their expiration date, unless superseded or rescinded.

Suggested Improvements. The proponent agency of this regulation is G3 Aviation Personnel Recovery center. Users are invited to send comments and suggested improvements on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms) G3 Aviation Division (EAGC-EA), Eighth Army, Unit #15236, APO AP 96205-5236. Questions regarding this regulation or the ARMS Team can be sent to: 8ARMY_PRCC@korea.army.mil.

Internal Control Provisions. This regulation does not contain management control checklists.

Disclaimer. This regulation is not an all-inclusive document. It is a supplement to the policies and procedures established in the manuals listed in the references section contained in this document, as they pertain to Eighth Army.

Distribution. Electronic Media Only (EMO).

CONTENTS

Chapter 1

Introduction, page 1

- 1-1. Purpose
- 1-2. References
- 1-3. Explanation of Abbreviations and Terms
- 1-4. Responsibilities
- 1-5. Policy
- 1-6. Personnel Recovery Management Software
- 1-7. Pre-Outside of the Continental United States Travel File (PRO-File)
- 1-8. Evasion Aids

Chapter 2

Armistice Search and Recovery (SAR) Procedures, page 13

- 2-1. General
- 2-2. Concept of SAR Operations
- 2-3. Armistice SAR Actions
- 2-4. Armistice SAR Mission Cycle
- 2-5. Armistice SAR Communications

Chapter 3

Exercise Personnel Recovery (PR) Procedures, page 16

- 3-1. General
- 3-2. Concept of Exercise PR Operations
- 3-3. Exercise PR Actions
- 3-4. Exercise PR Mission Cycle
- 3-5. Exercise Command Relationships
- 3-6. PR Training

Chapter 4

Contingency and Wartime Personnel Recovery Procedures, page 18

- 4-1. General
- 4-2. Concept of PR Operations
- 4-3. PR Actions
- 4-4. PR Mission Cycle
- 4-5. PR Communications

Appendixes, page 22

These appendixes serve as a guideline for Personnel Recovery SOPs. MSC can add to their particular SOPs but will inherit basic requirements based on this regulation and other higher Personnel Recovery regulation from accredited agencies.

- A. References
- B. Aviation SAR/Personnel Recovery Flow Charts
- C. SAR/Personnel Recovery Message Formats (Ref. FM 6-99.2, C-1)
- D. Isolated Personnel Report (ISOPREP)

CONTENTS (Cont')

- E. Evasion Plan of Action (EPA)
- F. Briefing Slides of an Isolated Missing Detained Captured Personnel
- G. Blood Chit
- H. Training Requirements
 - I. Contact Information
- J. Isolated Personnel Guidance
- K. Personnel Recovery Staff Battle Drills
- L. Personnel Recovery Execution Checklist

Figure Lists

- 1-1. Purpose of Army Personnel Recovery (PR), *page 1*
- 1-2. Unit Identification Code, *page 12*
- B-1. Aviation SAR/Personnel Recovery Flow Chart, *page 23*
- B-2. SAR/Personnel Recovery Flow Chart / Overdue Aircraft / Non-operational ELT, *page 24*
- C-1. Incident Reporting Procedure Chart, *page 25*
- D-1. DD Form 1833 Isolated Personnel Report, *page 32*
- D-2. DD Form 1833 Isolated Personnel Report (REVERSE), *page 33*
- D-3. DD Form 1833 TEST (V2) Isolated Personnel Report, *page 34*
- D-4. DD Form 1833 TEST (V2) Isolated Personnel Report (BACK), *page 35*
- F-1. Abbreviated Reporting Slide, *page 39*
- F-2. Mission Report Slide, *page 40*
- H-1. Level of Education for Personnel Recovery Managers, *page 42*
- H-2. Recommendation Courses for Personnel Recovery Mangers, *page 43*

Table List

- H-1. Level B Wartime Code of Conduct Series, *page 46*

Glossary, *page 95*

**Chapter 1
Introduction**

1-1. Purpose

This regulation establishes Eighth Army policy to Army Personnel Recovery (PR).

a. Personnel recovery (PR) is the sum of military, diplomatic, and civil efforts to affect the recovery and reintegration of isolated personnel. Isolated personnel are those US military, Department of Defense (DOD) civilians, and DOD contractor personnel (and others designated by the President or Secretary of Defense (SecDef)) who are separated (as an individual or group) from their unit while participating in a US-sponsored military activity or mission and who are, or may be, in a situation where they must survive, evade, resist, or escape (JP 3-50).

b. It is the Army's policy that all Soldiers and Department of the Army (DA) civilians shall abide by the Warriors Ethos. The Army PR Program is specifically supported by the ethos statement that "I Will Never Leave a Fallen Comrade." The warrior ethos combined with the COC provides Soldiers and DA civilians with the moral compass to guide their actions as an Isolated Personnel (IP), and to survive and return with honor. (AR 525-28).

c. The Eighth Army Commander has authority and responsibility for PR support to all US Army units, DA Civilians and DA Contractors assigned, attached, TACON or OPCON within the theater.

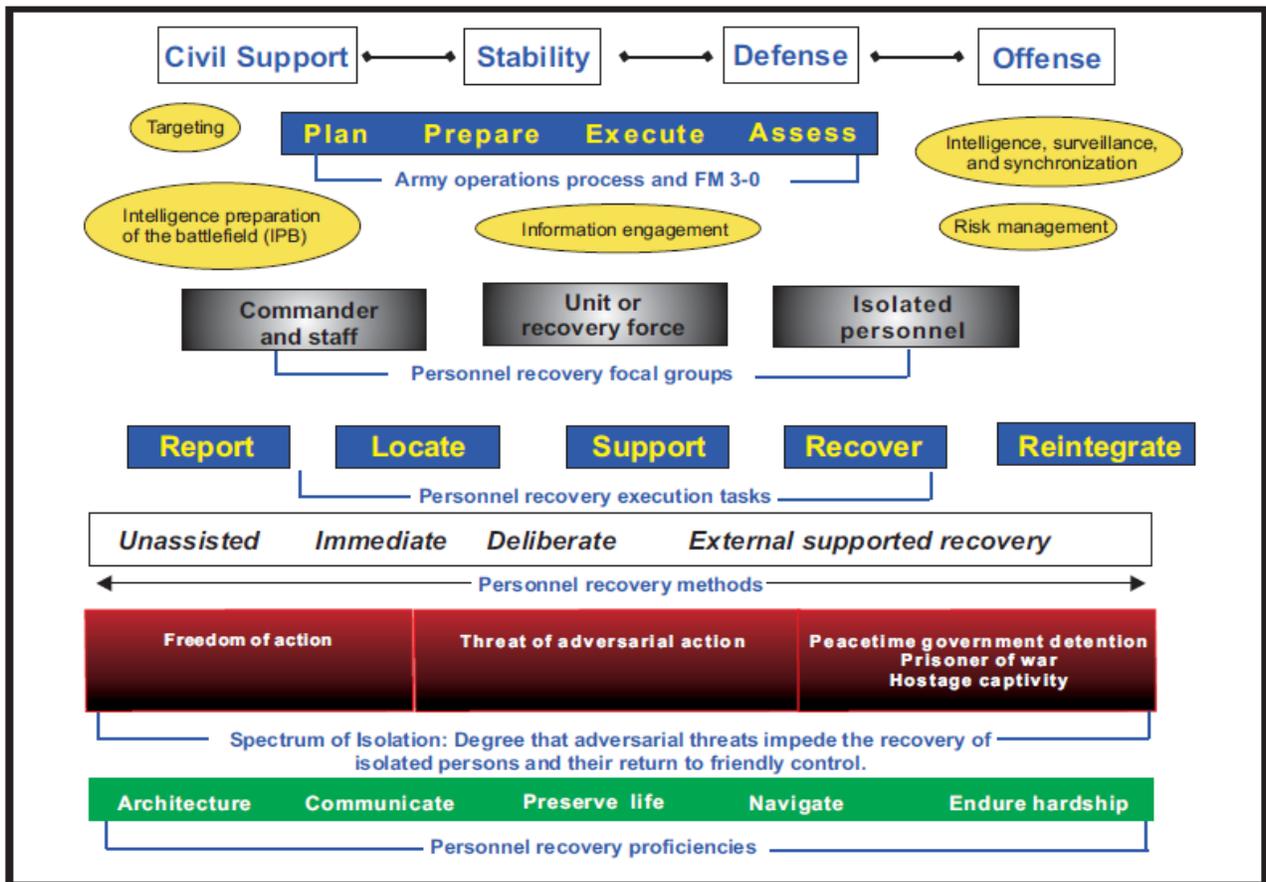


Figure 1-1. Purpose of Army Personnel Recovery (PR)

1-2. References

Required and related publications are listed in appendix A.

1-3. Explanation of Abbreviations and Terms

Abbreviations and terms used in this regulation are explained in the glossary.

1-4. Responsibilities

a. The Eighth Army, G-1 will -

(1) Develop, Coordinating, and rehearsing In Coordination with (ICW) the G3, 65th Med Bde, and Surgeon's Office, component Phase I reintegration plan that supports theater and DA reintegration plans and Operation Yellow Ribbon Procedures. (USFK Regulation 525-41 SECRET/NF)

(2) Ensure Personnel Recovery Officer (PRO) has access to The Personnel Recovery Management Software (PRMS).

(3) Track HQs DA G1 policy requirements supporting PR training and utilization for military personnel, DA Civilians, and DA Contractors (DODI 1300.23 (Isolated Personnel Training for Department of Defense Civilian and Contractor Employees)).

(4) Ensure DA Civilians and DA Contractors are credentialed and have a formal reporting chain for personnel accountability.

(5) Coordinates with CMAOC at HRC for all personnel who are DUSTWON.

(6) Include theater specific training requirements for PR, including SERE and PRO-File on PCS instructions.

(7) Ensure Soldiers, DA Civilians, and DA contractors are processed in the PRO-File database and Personnel Recovery Management System (PRMS).

(8) Assist G3 in identification of potential High Risk of Isolation (HRI) personnel.

b. The Eighth Army, G-2 will -

(1) Forward operational intelligence requirements for PR to the J2/CJ2.

(2) Establish Global Command and Control System - Korea (GCCS-K) and Secure Internet Protocol Network (SIPRNET) communications with the Army Personnel Recovery Coordination Center (PRCC) to facilitate PR related intelligence information flow.

(3) Train personnel to support PR. Attendance at the Joint Personnel Recovery Agency (JPRA) PR 220 Personnel Recovery Intelligence Support to Personnel Recovery Course.

(4) Conduct continuous coordination with all national level agencies, and other government agencies (OGA) during the planning and execution of recovery operations.

(5) Develop a PR Intelligence Support Matrix with the PR Office. Disseminate intelligence data concerning the theater evasion environment and recovery procedures to assigned units.

(6) Disseminate specific counter PR threat information to subordinate units in Annex B (Intelligence) to any orders.

(7) Coordinate with supporting agencies and other services to develop Recovery Force Intelligence Requests for Information (RFI).

(8) Provide Intelligence Officer or NCO Augmentation to the Army PRCC on an as needed basis to support recovery planning and operations.

(9) Ensure all returnee intelligence debriefer's are obtained under an express written promise of confidentiality. DD Form 2810 (Personnel Debriefing Statement) shall be used to inform the returnees that debriefings will remain confidential to the extent authorized by law.

(10) Provide trained personnel for Phase I reintegration to conduct intelligence debriefings of returned personnel. Personnel will attend PR courses developed by the Army or equivalent courses taught by other Services or the Personnel Recovery Debriefers Course PR 297 at the JPRA.

(11) Ensure that High Risk Individuals (HRI) are identified. Personnel must be qualified in SERE-C or equivalent prior to assignments and duties that can or will result in IP conditions. Intelligence personnel not SERE-C qualified are recommended to attend the specialized schooling provided by the JPRA. Unqualified personnel and personnel that require revalidation can be taught through Mobile Training Teams.

(12) Be prepared to support reintegration operations as directed.

c. The Eighth Army, G-3 will -

(1) Designate an office of primary responsibility (OPR) to coordinate PR with the US Forces Korea (USFK) PR OPR, Joint Personnel Recovery Coordination Center / Korean Combined Rescue Team (JPRC/KCRT) and the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, G-3 DAMO-OD.

(2) Establish and train a Personnel Recovery Coordination Cell (PRCC) to manage Army PR requirements and specified tasks. The PRCC must be able to communicate, plan, coordinate, and task subordinate commands to support armistice SAR and PR operations.

(3) Provide PRCC SOPs, DOTMLPF recommendations, and Eighth Army PR capabilities to Commander, TRADOC and to DAMO-OD.

(4) Incorporate PRCC individual, collective, and sustainment training. Selected PRCC personnel will attend PR courses developed by the Army or equivalent courses taught by other Services or Joint Personnel Recovery Agency (JPRA). Train personnel to support PR. Attend the JPRA PR 301 Joint Personnel Recovery Plans and Operations course for certification at a minimum. Personnel are recommended attendance in the other following courses: PR 289 PR Responsibilities of Senior Leaders and Commanders, PR 291 Intelligence Support to Personnel Recovery, PR 297 Personnel Recovery Debriefers Course, and PR 296 Reintegration Team Responsibilities.

(5) Ensure all command level exercises, plans, and operations have a rehearsed PR plan that incorporates rescue, recovery, and return of isolated or mission personnel. Provide DAMO-SS and DAMO-OD copies of the appendices.

(6) Ensure Soldiers, DA civilians, and DA contractors are trained in accordance with AR 350-1, AR 525-28, USPACOMINST 0503.1, USFK 525-40, DODI 1300.7, DODI 1300.21, DODI

3020.41, and guidance published by the DCS, G-1 and USFK.

(7) Ensure Soldiers, DA civilians, Emergency Essential Civilian and DA contractors have a current file under the Army PRO-File database / Isolated Personnel Report (ISOPREP) in accordance with ALARACT 156/2007 and ALARACT 098/2010.

(8) Develop a PR implementation plan and implement DOD, Army, and theater-specific isolated personnel training, as appropriate.

(9) Develop, coordinate, and rehearse component PR Plans including a reintegration plan that supports DA Reintegration plans and YELLOW RIBBON Procedures with G1, Surgeon, and 65th Med Bde.

(10) Coordinate theater PR admission requirements for DA civilians, and DA contractors and other designated personnel with DAMO-OD optimally 90 days prior to the desired effective date.

(11) Provide individual and collective PR training requirements to DAMO-TR and TRADOC for inclusion into Army Training Requirements and Resources System (ATRRS) and the budgeting process. Include requirements for specialized captivity training, operational support, and PR aids for high risk of capture personnel.

(12) Ensure subordinate commands identify High Risk of Isolation (HRI) personnel. The CDR USPACOM has designated all aviators, special operations forces (SOF) and long range surveillance (LRS) personnel as HRI. HRI personnel must have a Digital Isolated Personnel Report (ISOPREP) on file in the Personnel Recovery Management Software (PRMS) central database.

(13) Develop and incorporate PR Inspection checklists into Aviation Resource Management Surveys (ARMS) and Command Inspection Program (CIP) checklists, coordinate and evaluate PR Training IAW Theater and DA requirements.

(14) Provide Army representatives to the Korean Combined Rescue Team/USFK Joint Personnel Recovery Coordination Center (KCRT/JPRCC) as requested by the CACC, to coordinate the planning and execution of armistice SAR missions and contingency or wartime PR missions.

(15) Be prepared to support reintegration operations as directed.

d. The Eighth Army, G-4 will -

(1) Coordinate sustainment for recovery forces with 19th ESC.

(2) Ensure that all DA contracts include specific SERE training requirements and compliance with theater entry requirements mandated for contracting personnel entering into or operating in the Korean Theater IAW (DODI 1300.23).

(3) Support in transportation for follow-on dedicated PR forces per TPFFD.

(4) Be prepared to support reintegration operations as directed.

e. The Eighth Army, G-6 will -

(1) Provide dedicated, surveyed, primary and alternate High Frequency (HF), Frequency Modulation (FM), Very High Frequency (VHF), Ultra High Frequency (UHF) and Satellite

Communication (SATCOM) frequencies for recovery operations during armistice and include the frequencies and nets in the Signal Operating Instructions (SOI).

(2) Coordinate and facilitate C4I Systems related to PR issues. Include: SENTRIX-K, GCCS-K, SIPRNET, and NIPRNET connectivity for the Army PRCC.

(3) During armistice and contingent operations analyze and depict geographic conditions affecting the propagation of survival radio signals for the Korean Theater with the G2. Provide the results to the Eighth Army PRCC.

(4) Provide web-base NIPRNET, CENTRIX-K and SIPRNET Portal support and administration rights to PRCC for a vast informational resource website in supporting PR Operations within the Korean theater.

(5) Serve a direct point of contact for PR support from higher channels concerning communications, (COSPASS, SARSAT) equipment, web-support and development programs to assist with PR operations. Coordinate with SPACE for any conflict of frequencies using various systems such as the Combat Survivor Evader Locator (CSEL), Blue Force Tracker (BFT), and others. Providing the PRCC with alternate measures and requesting national assets for PR operations in the case of frequency conflicts.

f. The Eighth Army, G-9 will -

(1) Provide Civil Affairs support to PR operations and reintegration plans.

(2) Coordinate with Other Governmental Agencies (OGA) for any further PR requirements to include civil, diplomatic measures with the Regional Security Officer (RSO) in the respective embassy.

(3) Be prepared to support with reintegration operations as directed.

g. The Eighth Army, Judge Advocate will -

(1) Provide guidance to senior leadership on the legal aspects of PR to include the Geneva Conventions and other international agreements, as necessary. Provide guidance concerning the relationship between the Code of Conduct (COC) and the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

(2) Advice on Rules of Engagement (ROE) for PR forces.

(3) Integrate PR principles and fundamentals, to include PR considerations, into appropriate policies.

(4) Publish rules for whether or not DA civilians, EEC and DA contractors can carry weapons during armistice, contingency, and/or wartime operations.

(5) Be prepared to support with reintegration operations as directed.

h. The Eighth Army, Chaplain will -

(1) Develop and integrate religious support planning into the Army Reintegration Plan.

(2) Provide pastoral care and assist the Casualty Affairs Officers in conveying potentially

distressed news to returned personnel, their families, as well as the families of POWs, hostages, peacetime governmental detained evaders, and missing personnel.

(3) Be prepared to support reintegration operations as directed.

i. Commanders of Major Subordinate Commands will -

(1) Develop policies and procedures for reporting, locating, supporting, recovering and reintegration of Soldiers and Army civilians in the event of isolation.

(2) Ensure that Soldiers and Army civilians who will deploy arrange with families the actions to take should the soldier becomes Isolated.

(3) Provide requirements to contracting officer concerning PR within their contracts. At a minimum identify any training required.

(4) Establish a functioning PR Cell for all major exercises and operations. Designate and train a PR officer (PRO) and Non-commissioned Officer (NCO) to coordinate and facilitate planning, training and support for PR operations with Eighth Army PR OPR and Army PRCC. Minimum training required for PR managers is the Fundamental of Personnel Recovery course 102. PRO's will also complete the U.S. Army PR Course 101 through 104 within 90 days of appointment orders consisting of the following: Fundamentals of Personnel Recovery, Introduction to PR Concepts, PR in a Non-Adversarial Environment, PR in an adversarial Environment, PR Isolation Trainer and Army PR 202.

(5) Immediately notify the Eighth Army Operations Center (Eighth Army Watch Team)/Army PRCC upon the occurrence of a PR incident.

(6) Based on inherent capabilities, prepare to conduct recovery operations for assigned forces, and prepare to provide mutual support to other units.

(7) Notify the Army PRCC when PR requirements exceed the organization or unit's capability.

(8) Ensure all assigned and attached personnel receive Code of Conduct (COC) training as required.

(9) Complete DD FORM 1833 TEST (V2) (INSTRUCTIONS), Isolated Personnel Report (ISOPREP).

(10) Ensure that deploying personnel have updated Evasion Plan of Actions (EPA) or Isolated Soldier Guidance prior to identifiable High Risk of Isolation (HRI) missions. Support the classification and review of all assigned personnel using PRO-File and PRMS.

(11) Ensure that Korean Augmentation to the United States Army (KATUSA) Soldiers have a completed non-electronic DD Form 1833 and this information is available for PR purposes. ROKAF currently has an ISOPREP system for aviators only. ROKA is currently in development of program to support its Soldiers.

(12) Provide the Army PRCC a 24-hour point of contact to obtain additional required information.

(13) Establish, publish, brief, and rehearse unit PR SOPs, and ensure plans and orders contain PR appendices.

(14) Ensure all EXEVALs have a rehearsed PR Plan that incorporates rescue, recovery and return of isolated personnel.

(15) Provide PR Mission Coordinator and/or on-scene commander for recovery operations, when tasked.

(16) Ensure programming of survival radios and equipment IAW Air Tasking Order Special Instructions (ATO SPINS) and are registered under the Electronic Tracking System (JSETS). This is for 406Mhz Personnel Locator Beacons (PLB (personnel)), Emergency Locator Beacons (ELT (aircrafts)), and Emergency Position Indicating radio beacons (EPIRB (maritime)).

(17) Ensure HRI personnel are provided with the necessary recovery aids.

j. **Commander, 65th Med Bde**, in addition to the subordinate command requirements, will -

(1) Treat and/or transport repatriated personnel to appropriate medical facilities and conduct required medical examinations as part of Phase I Reintegration within 48 hours. This will include the identification of Phase II facilities, assignment / coordination of certified medical personnel:

(a) Reintegration Team Chief (Assigned by Commander, must be an O-6).

(b) SERE Psychologist (JPRA Trained and Certified).

(c) Chief Debriefer to conduct reintegration.

(2) Develop a component reintegration plan with G3 and the Eighth Army Surgeon that supports the USFK Theater Reintegration plan, DA Reintegration plans and YELLOW RIBBON Procedures.

(3) Coordinate, rehearse and conduct Phase I and II reintegration.

(4) As needed identify Phase III medical facility (Walter Reed (CONUS)/Tripler Army Medical Center (Hawaii)) for further reintegration process.

k. **The Commander, 19th ESC**, in addition to the subordinate command requirements, will -

(1) Provide sustainment for recovery forces.

(2) Designate a Personnel Recovery Officer within assigned areas of responsibility.

(3) Provide transportation for PR forces and equipment as directed.

(4) Designate and provide contracting for logistic support in PR stability operations.

(5) Be prepared to support reintegration operations as directed.

I. The Installation Management Command Korea (IMCOM-K) will -

(1) Designate facilities, ICW 65th Med Bde and the Eighth Army Surgeon, that support component and theater Phase I and II reintegration plans.

(2) Designate a Personnel Recovery Officer within assigned areas of responsibility.

(3) Designate a point of contact at the designated facilities to serve as liaison to the reintegration team chief.

(4) Ensure all DAC have met all theater entry requirements in addition to the Headquarters, Department of the Army Policy Letter 098-2010, Personnel Recovery Mission Software (PRMS) and PRE-OCONUS Travel File (PRO-FILE).

(5) Comply with the requirements of USFK Regulation 525-41 (SECRET/NF) and Theater Operation Plans (OPLANS).

(6) Specifically track HQDA notification of NOK, submit casualty reports to HQDA, as required, and request ATO for Primary Next of Kin (PNOK), as required.

m. Commander, Eighth Army, STB-K will -

(1) Assist the G1 Eighth Army with assignment, utilization and tracking of trained PR personnel as physically capable.

(2) Designate a Personnel Recovery Officer within assigned areas of responsibility.

(3) Ensure theater specific training is incorporated in the in processing checklist.

(4) Be prepared to support reintegration operations as directed.

n. Commander, Korean Service Corps (KSC) Battalion will -

(1) When tasked, provide resources within unit capabilities.

(2) Be prepared to support reintegration operations as directed.

o. The Director, Operational Fires Directorate will -

(1) Support Information Operations (IO) into Field Artillery (FA).

(2) May provide non-lethal targeting D3A (Decide, detect, deliver and access) in support of PR operations, timeline dependent.

(3) Upon confirmed location of IP establish a No-Fire-Area (NFA) in AFATDS with a 1KM radius.

(4) Designate a COIC fires NCOIC or OIC for NFA and SEAD coordination through ground owning firing units.

(5) Provide FA for IP illumination, screening, deception and covering fires.

p. **Army Personnel Recovery Coordination Cell (Army PRCC)** will -

(1) Establish operations within the Eighth Army Combined Operations and Information Center (COIC) or GCC operations center and ensure multiple forms of secure connectivity with the USFK, KCRT/JPRC and designated PR forces.

(2) Plan and conduct recovery operations in support of Eighth Army and GCC operations.

(3) Conduct or support recovery operations of other components when tasked by the KCRT/JPRC.

(4) Develop and review PR appendices to theater and component plans and Operational Orders (OPORD)'s.

(5) Develop and implement applicable PRCC standard operating procedures (SOP)'s.

(6) Advise the KCRT/JPRC of recovery requirements.

(7) Advise the KCRT/JPRC of recovery forces' capabilities and limitations.

(8) Coordinate evasion, recovery, contact, and authentication procedures with the KCRT/JPRC.

(9) Assist subordinate units and personnel to develop and maintain digital ISOPREP and EPA data in the PRMS national database.

(10) Notify KCRT/JPRC immediately upon occurrence of SAR or PR incident.

(11) Attend all PR council, Operational Working Groups (OPWG), and related PR Conferences.

(12) Provide the Eighth Army Watch Team (WT), USFK Duty Officer at CC Seoul and KCRT/JPRC with the identity, status, probable location, and personal authentication data of personnel who have become isolated.

(13) Maintain a file on each isolated person and recovery action until the incident is declared complete and a duplicate file is transferred to the JPRC.

(14) Recommend improvements to joint procedures.

(15) Submit written notification of the primary and alternate points of contact to the KCRT/JPRC.

(16) Assist the Eighth Army Aviation Resource Management Surveys (ARMS) Team in the evaluation of subordinate commands' PR preparation and PR training.

(17) Assist Commanders in Conducting Command Inspections (CIP) for MSC's PR Program.

(18) Assist and coordinate for PR training for MSC's. To include joint training events and coordination for specialized support such as SERE, PR, INTEL, and OGA representation.

(19) Responsible for FY Funding requirements for Army PR Training and Operations,

through the USFK, USARPAC and PACOM JPRC.

(20) Brief senior Eighth Army leadership on any CCIR pertaining to PR.

1-5. Policy

a. The Commander, Combined Forces Command (CDR CFC) has the responsibility and authority over PR in support of US and CFC personnel.

b. The Commander, USFK has designated the Commander US Air Forces Korea (COMUSAFK) as the executive agent for all PR matters in the Korean Theater (USFK Reg 525-40).

c. The KCRT/JPRC is the component PRCC for the Air Component Command (ACC) during armistice, and serves as the JPRC during contingencies and wartime. The KCRT/JPRC is located at Osan Air Base and is the action agent for USFK in PR matters.

d. The USFK Commander, as Commander CFC, is the prioritization authority for all CFC/USFK PR missions and determines the priority given to missions during war or contingencies.

e. Armistice recoveries are referred to as SAR operations. Our host nation, the Republic of Korea (ROK) exercises "first right of refusal" for SAR operations involving US personnel. Armistice recovery operations are the responsibility of each Component through the KCRT/JPRC. When Component recovery requirements exceed Component capabilities, the KCRT through the JPRC has the authority to task other Components for employment of supporting SAR assets in emergency situations.

f. During contingency/wartime, and MOOTW, the Combine Operations Information Center (COIC) OIC will establish an Army component PRCC to coordinate and support PR efforts.

g. The Army PRCC is doctrinally located within the COIC and is the component action agent for Army PR.

h. During wartime, Army PR capable forces may be placed under the Tactical Control (TACON) of the Commander, ACC through the Army PRCC for specific PR missions. Additionally, the Commander, ACC may relinquish TACON of other forces to the Army mission commander for specific PR missions. Operational Control (OPCON) of Army forces remains with the respective commanders.

1-6. Personnel Recovery Management Software

a. This system is only operated under SECRET-NOFORN conditions. Unit must have access to SIPRNET in order to access the central database.

b. The PRO assigned as the PRMS Managers must complete and send the PRMS memorandum and privacy statement to the PRMS agency and provide a copy to the Army PRCC in order to establish a unit account. Do to the sensitivity of the database only one personnel per UIC will have an account.

c. PRO's will have assignment orders by the appropriate commander.

d. Hold a SECRET Security clearance with a Level 3 IT. The PRMS manager will assume the role of Unit Manager and will designate lower qualified managers under their umbrella. All Eighth

Army Major Subordinate Commands (MSC) must report to US FORCES KOREA (W095), within PRMS the database. Subordinate Battalions report to their higher commands.

e. ISOLATED PERSONNEL REPORT (ISOPREP) CONTROL POINT. The Personnel Recovery Mission Software (PRMS) is a web-based tool for maintaining unit ISOPREP and EPA data. Units will maintain their digital ISOPREP and EPA data in the PRMS program. When an individual or individuals are isolated, or suspected to be isolated, the unit will forward the isolated individuals full name and social security number to the Army PRCC via secure means. At no time will the unit disclose information exclusively contained on the ISOPREP to another unit or individual without the knowledge of the Army PRCC. Additional guidance for the ISOPREP is located in appendix D.

f. EVASION PLAN of ACTION (EPA) & ISOLATED SOLDIERS GUIDANCE (ISG). Unit commanders will ensure that HRI designated individuals, aircrews, convoys, or unit EPA's are prepared for training, contingency or wartime operations. High Risk of Capture personnel must memorize and rehearse the EPA. Commanders will retain digital and hardcopy EPAs at the unit and forward them, via secure means, to the Army PRCC upon notification of personnel becoming isolated. The EPA must be classified to the level of the OPOD for the mission they support.

g. PRMS Managers are required to verify all assigned and attached personnel have an ISOPREP. Unit managers and subordinate PRMS managers will monitor PRMS ISOPREP compliance, and will report individual ISOPREP completions to personnel responsible for the DTMS.

1-7. Pre-Outside of the Continental United States Travel File (PRO-File)

a. Pre-OCONUS Travel File (PRO-File) is an Army data-entry system designed to streamline information gathering on military and civilian personnel to assist in recovery operations if these personnel become isolated. PRO-File is the interface with U.S. Joint Forces Command Personnel Recovery Management System (PRMS).

(1) PRO-FILE objectives:

- (a) Standardize Army PR data-collection procedures.
- (b) Perform the following functions as the Army's interface with the PRMS:
 - (c) Provide capability at division and brigade levels to track and verify compliance with combatant command theater-entry ISOPREP requirements.
 - (d) Give PR managers a tool to rapidly report accurate data on isolated personnel (IP).
 - (e) Equip PR managers with critical information to authenticate and recover isolated U.S. Citizens.
 - (f) Enable Army reintegration teams to provide appropriate support to recovered IP, thus assisting to return those personnel to duty.
 - (g) Provide data input that is usable by the PRMS.

(2) PRO-File overview:

- (a) Serves as a tool to input, store, and share data required by the PR cell and recovery

forces into a single, consolidated database.

(b) Interfaces and automatically updates the joint systems that populate and produce PR reports.

(c) Accessible on unclassified systems from work or home 24 hours a day.

(d) No requirement for classified system access.

(e) Upon completion of the PRO-File survey, PR Managers can access data through PRMS that:

- Enables commanders and staffs to review, update, track, and accurately report number of PR documents.

- Simplifies task of creating, reviewing, and updating PR reports.

b. PRO-File procedures can be found on the Eighth Army Personnel Recovery Portal page or by contacting the Eighth Army PRCC.

(1) Soldiers and Army civilians (Contractors included) will complete a PRO-File survey within 90 days prior to arrival to OCONUS. Data that is entered in PRO-File surveys is automatically transferred to the Joint Personnel Recovery Agency. Once transferred, the data is used to populate a digital ISOPREP on the SIPRNET.

(2) PRO-File Unit identification Codes for contractors are listed below in figure 1-2 (table 6-1 of AR 525-28):

| Table 6-1 Unit Identification Code | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| UIC | AOR | Country |
| W11111 | CENTCOM | AFGHANISTAN |
| W11112 | CENTCOM | IRAQ |
| W11113 | CENTCOM | KUWAIT |
| W11114 | CENTCOM | HORN OF AFRICA |
| W11115 | CENTCOM | OTHER |
| W22221 | SOUTHCOM | ALL COUNTRIES |
| W33331 | EUCOM | ALL EXCEPT SETAF |
| W33332 | EUCOM | SETAF |
| W44441 | PACOM | ALL EXCEPT SOUTH KOREA |
| W44442 | PACOM | SOUTH KOREA |
| W55555 | NORTHCOM | ALL COUNTRIES |
| W77777 | AFRICOM | ALL COUNTRIES |

Figure 1-2. Unit Identification Code

1-8. Evasion Aids

Commanders should ensure that all HRI personnel have evasion aids on their person prior to executing any contingency or wartime mission.

a. HRI designated personnel should carry a Blood Chit, Korean Pointee-Talkees, Fireflies, Phoenix (IR beacon NSN: 5855-01-438-4588), Glint Tape, Glo-tape (Glo-tape IR Flags (IR-visible U.S. flag, olive green and desert tan(NSN: 8455-01-475-887 & NSN: 8455-01-524-4926))), and Survival Radio when performing High Risk Mission. As space permits, reference material that aids in the recall of basic medical and survival techniques and/or an Evasion Chart (EVC) should be included.

b. If the contingency area is over water, Aviation personnel will be equipped with the appropriate Life Support Equipment (ALSE) as designated by their command. Ground elements conducting over water operations should request equivalent over water survival kits through their supply channels.

c. The PR OPR will assist units in obtaining these products.

Chapter 2

Armistice Search and Recovery (SAR) Procedures

2-1. General

The ROK government has dedicated SAR assets available at all times, and these operations will be coordinated through the Eighth Army PRCC to the KCRT/JPRC. The Eighth Army may also support civil SAR operations on a strict not-to-interfere basis with normal military operations.

2-2. Concept of SAR Operations

a. SAR personnel are available 24 hours a day through the Republic of Korea Air Force (ROKAF) Battle Watch Duty Officer (BWDO). Units may directly contact MEDEVAC in the case of a SAR emergency.

b. The KCRT/JPRC processes requests for SAR and contacts the Army PRCC to task Eighth Army Major Subordinate Commands (MSCs) for SAR assistance.

c. The Army PRCC serves as the coordinator for all Army SAR support within the Korean Theater. Army units requesting precautionary SAR planning assistance should contact the Army PRCC through the Eighth Army Watch Team (EAWT) or the Emergency Operations Center (EOC).

2-3. Armistice SAR Actions

The US Army currently in this theater has no units dedicated specifically for SAR with an exception to SOF elements under SOCKOR. However, all units possess some inherent SAR capabilities. Army units tasked to conduct precautionary missions require time to task organize, gather equipment, and rehearse for the mission.

a. Army PRCC -

(1) Establish the Army PRCC and maintain the PR Communications Plan with KCRT/JPRC, and recovery forces.

(2) Coordinate with the KCRT/JPRC in planning tailored to the specific mission.

(3) Task Eighth Army MSCs, through the Eighth Army Combine Operations Intelligence Center (COIC) for support.

(4) Request augmentation from the KCRT/JPRC for support, as necessary.

(5) Ensure that all PR units supporting the mission are on the ATO or on the airspace FRAGO.

b. Major Subordinate Command (MSC) units tasked to the PRCC -

(1) Aviation units in theater may perform aerial search, ISR support, air movement of personnel and supplies, or enhanced Command and Control functions.

(2) Infantry, Military Police, capable elements and Long Range Reconnaissance (LRR) Teams can be utilized as person recovery teams in recovering IP and providing ground security.

(3) Medical Evacuation (MEDEVAC) units are trained and equipped to conduct aerial search and aero medical evacuation of personnel.

(4) Components of the Major subordinate commands possess significant ground search capabilities and organic transportation.

(5) Army watercraft can provide maritime search and rescue.

(6) The Korean Service Corps (KSC) Battalion has language abilities and knowledge of the local area that will tremendously enhance ground search efforts.

(7) Establish communications with PRCC by Secure Telephone Unit (STE), Secure Telephone Equipment (STE), Voice over IP (VOIP), Non-Secure Internet Protocol Router (NIPR), Combined Network (SENTRIX-K), Secure Internet Protocol Router (SIPR), (JADOCS) CSAR Manager, Ground Communications Control - Korea (GCCS-K), secure voice radio or messenger such as MIRC.

(8) The designated mission commander (MC) will be the point of contact for recovery operations.

(9) Report the location, status, and capabilities of tasked forces to the Army PRCC at the beginning of each shift and update as changes occur.

2-4. Armistice SAR Mission Cycle

SAR operations generally follow three stages: the awareness and initial action stage; the planning and operations stage; and the conclusion stage.

a. Awareness and initial action stage.

(1) The Army PRCC, through the KCRT/JPRC or a unit or agency, becomes aware of a possible SAR incident. Initial coordination and communications checks with the KCRT/JPRC and unit command posts are conducted and warning orders may be issued. The Army PRCC attempts to determine the isolated personnel's status and location.

(2) Units will issue warning orders, conduct communications checks with the Army PRCC, and report status of available forces to the Army PRCC. When MEDEVAC is tasked directly by a unit,

the Army PRCC is informed and the MEDEVAC plans and conducts the mission. The Army PRCC is informed of mission status through DUSTOFF OPS and KCRT/JPRC.

b. Planning and operations stage.

(1) The Army PRCC, through the Eighth Army Combined Operations Information Center (COIC) appoints a specific SAR Mission Coordinator, tasks units, appoints the on-scene commander, and monitors the progress of the SAR effort. The Army PRCC continues coordination with the KCRT/JPRC, coordinates the survivors' recovery.

(2) Units conduct the mission and act as the SAR Mission Coordinator or the on-scene commander as necessary. Armistice SAR may include air and ground units conducting searches in designated areas. When personnel or wreckage are located, units will render emergency care, recover survivors, secure the incident scene, and issue progress reports to the Army PRCC. They may also coordinate with the Army PRCC for additional required support and transportation of survivors to designated facilities.

c. Conclusion stage.

(1) The Army PRCC coordinates with the recovery units to debrief survivors at the reintegration site and coordinates follow on reintegration as necessary. The ARMY PRCC will conduct after action reviews with SAR supporting units, and will transmit the mission documentation through the KCRT/JPRC and PACOM JPRC for lessons learned at the JPRA.

(2) Units may be tasked to secure a site, recover remains and/or damaged equipment, repair the environment, and, upon release, return to armistice locations to conduct unit recovery, after action reviews, and to prepare for future operations.

(3) Army SAR support ends when the SAR object is recovered or the Commander Eighth Army determines that military mission requirements prevent further assistance.

2-5. Armistice SAR Communications

All units OPCON or TACON to the Eighth Army for SAR will use the following communications procedures.

(1) Voice Communications.

(2) The Master Control Reporting Center (MCRC) (Acacia or Cobra) sector frequency will be used as the primary relay between the Army PRCC and recovery forces in the KTO.

(3) The Army PRCC will coordinate with the KCRT/JPRCC for SAR frequencies for each mission. The dedicated frequencies will be passed via OPORD/FRAGO to the recovery units.

(4) The frequencies assigned to the KCRT/JPRC for actual SAR operations are maintained in the Armistice ATO SPINS in section E2.11.4 with survival radio instructions in section G8. The following call signs will be used for actual SAR or Emergencies only.

| | |
|--------------|----------------|
| KCRT/JPRC | "Korea Rescue" |
| ROKAF RESCUE | "Hoist" |
| ARMY PRCC | "Army Rescue" |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| MEDEVAC | “DUSTOFF” or “DMZ DUSTOFF” |
| USAF Rescue | “Air Force Rescue” |
| Army Rescue Helicopter | “Unit Call Sign” with Rescue” suffix (example “Dragon 24 Rescue”) |
| Rescue Ground Units | “Unit Call Sign” with “ Ground Rescue” suffix (example “Red Leg 06 Ground Rescue”) |

b. Other Communications.

(1) The Army PRCC may use STU/STE or non-secure phone/FAX, NIPR, SENTRIX-K, SIPR, JADOCs CSAR Manager, and GCCS-K to maintain communications with the KCRT/JPRC, MSC’s, and recovery units.

(2) The Army PRCC will instruct MSC’s and recovery units with SIPR access on the procedures for entering an Army PRCC PR “Chat room” when one is operational.

(3) Units operating with 406 MHz beacons or personal locator beacons and Combat Survival Evader Locator (AN/PRQ-7 CSEL) radios should follow the instructions listed in section G8.2.7 of the ATO SPINS.

Chapter 3
Exercise Personnel Recovery (PR) Procedures

3-1. General

The Department of the Army requires the Commander Eighth Army to incorporate individual, collective and sustainment PRCC training into all major command exercises. Additionally, all combatant command level exercises, plans, and operations must have a rehearsed personnel recovery plan that incorporates rescue, recovery, and return of isolated or missing personnel. US Army units will adhere to Army and DOD PR policies and include PR scenarios in training exercises, and incorporate SERE tasks into unit training programs as appropriate.

3-2. Concept of Exercise PR Operations

a. During exercises (Field or Garrison), the Army PRCC may stand up as a component of the Eighth Army Combined Operations Information Center (COIC), the GCC operations group, or other suitable Army component operations center.

(1) The focus of ARMY PRCC training is to establish communications with the KCRT/JPRC and subordinate commands and to exercise the C3I procedures.

(2) Communications capabilities to exercise include: STU/STE, VOIP, NIPR, SIPR, JADOCs CSAR Manager, secure voice radio, or messenger.

b. Subordinate commands will conduct individual, collective or sustainment training to meet their wartime objectives.

(1) When possible, the entire PR architecture will be exercised. The Army PRCC will coordinate and task units to conduct recovery operations and complete the

reintegration/reintegration process.

(2) Formal and informal after action reviews will be conducted during and at the end of each PR exercise.

c. In the event of a real-world SAR or PR incident during the exercise, the Army PRCC will control the Eighth Army SAR efforts IAW Armistice SAR Procedures of this regulation.

3-3. Exercise PR Actions

a. The US Army has no units dedicated or trained specifically for PR. However, all units possess some inherent PR capabilities.

(1) Aviation units may provide aerial search, air movement of personnel and supplies, or enhanced Command and Control functions.

(2) Infantry, Military Police, capable ground elements and Long Range Reconnaissance (LRR) Teams can be utilized as person recovery teams in recovering IP and providing ground security.

(3) MEDEVAC units are trained and equipped to conduct aerial search and aero-medical evacuation of personnel.

(4) Components of the Major subordinate commands possess significant ground search capabilities and organic transportation capabilities.

(5) Army watercraft can provide maritime based PR.

(6) The KSC Battalion has language abilities and knowledge of the local area that will tremendously enhance ground search efforts.

b. The intent of Exercise PR Training is to establish the Eighth Army PR architecture, integrates units at all levels into the preparation, planning, and execution of PR missions.

c. Integration with other components (air, naval, marine) to include Special Operation Forces and OGA should be the highest priority during exercise PR operations.

3-4. Exercise PR Mission Cycle

a. The G3, Eighth Army, for the Commander, Eighth Army.

(1) Establishes the Army PRCC. The intent is for the Army PRCC to exercise C3I from whatever location it is placed.

(2) Authors exercise PR OPORDs/FRAGOs through the ARMY PRCC.

(3) Evaluates PR training IAW Theater, DA and DOD requirements.

b. Units assigned or attached to the Eighth Army.

(1) Maintain communications with the Army PRCC, when required, by STU/STE, VOIP, NIPR, CENTRIX-K, SIPR, JADOCs CSAR Manager, secure voice radio or messenger.

(2) Submit exercise Search and Rescue Incident Report (SARIR), Search and Rescue Situation (SARSIT) and requests for information/assistance to the Army PRCC.

(3) Conduct unit level individual and collective PR training.

3-5. Exercise Command Relationships

a. OPCON of Eighth Army assets in support of exercise PR Operations remains with Eighth Army and flows from the Commander, EUSA, to the G3, Eighth Army, who may place the units TACON to the Army PRCC or KCRT/JPRC, and mission commanders.

(1) Unit commanders, battalion level and higher, are the mission execution and launch authority for unit level PR training and operations.

(2) During major exercises, the contingency and wartime C2 structure will be tested.

b. The establishment of a PR task force and TACON of various types of units should be exercised.

(1) Unit commanders, battalion level and higher, are the mission execution and launch authority for TACON units in task force level PR training and operation.

(2) The task force structure allows units to develop tactics, techniques, and procedures to complete their wartime tasks.

3-6. PR Training

Appendix H lists individual training requirements and other unit training requirements.

Chapter 4

Contingency and Wartime Personnel Recovery Procedures

4-1. General

a. The Korean Theater occasionally experiences periods of heightened tensions. In 1994, an American OH-58 inadvertently crossed the Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) and was shot down, killing one pilot. In 1996, a North Korean submarine beached on the east coast of South Korea and over 40 people died as the North Korean infiltrators evaded to North Korea. In 1999, 2001, and 2009 the North and South Korean Navies exchanged shots sinking ships and killing sailors from both sides. All these incidents resulted in combat actions and deaths even though the peninsula was under Armistice conditions. Additionally, terrorists from Korea and other foreign nations or organizations may target Eighth Army personnel deployed on the peninsula. The Eighth Army must be prepared to execute the five PR tasks for these contingency operations.

b. During wartime, this regulation applies to units assigned or attached to the Eighth Army and/or subsequent GCC until specific PR procedures can be established by OPORD or FRAGO.

4-2. Concept of PR Operations

The Commanding General, Eighth Army will determine when contingency operations are conducted. Forces assigned or attached to the Eighth Army will be ordered to mobilize against the threat via OPORD or FRAGO.

4-3. PR Actions

a. Army PRCC.

(1) Establishes the Army PRCC and maintains the PR Communications Plan with the EOC, USFK, JTF, COIC, KCRT/JPRC, G2, and recovery forces during all Personnel recovery functions to include some SOF monitoring for future assistance.

(2) Coordinates with the KCRT/JPRC in PR planning tailored to specific contingency operation.

(3) Task Eighth Army's Major Subordinate Commands (MSC's) for required PR support.

(4) Coordinates with G3 Aviation for airspace, routes and Army aviation support to include Unmanned Aerial Systems.

(5) Coordinates within the COIC with OFED element for fires support.

(6) Coordinates with all available assets within the COIC to provide full spectrum support to PR missions.

(7) Request augmentation from the KCRT/JPRC for RESCAP, RESCORT, and recovery support aircrafts as required.

(8) Ensure that all PR units supporting the contingency operation are on the ATO the operations' airspace FRAGO.

(9) Position tasked forces to support force planning and operations.

b. MSC units tasked to the PRCC.

(1) Establish communications, by two means, with the Army PRCC. Examples are: STU/STE, VOIP, NIPR, CENTRIX-K, SIPR, JADOCs CSAR Manager, secure voice radio or messenger.

(2) Designate MC's who will be the point of contact for recovery operations.

(3) Report the location, status, and capabilities of tasked forces to the Army PRCC at the beginning of each shift and update as changes occur.

(4) Aviation units may provide aerial search, air movement of personnel and supplies, or enhanced Command and Control functions.

(5) MEDEVAC units are trained and equipped to conduct aerial search and aero medical evacuation of personnel.

(6) Army watercraft can provide maritime based PR.

(7) Components of the MSC's possess significant ground search capabilities and organic transportation.

(8) The KSC Battalion has language abilities and knowledge of the local area that will

tremendously enhance ground search efforts.

4-4. PR Mission Cycle

PR operations are coordinated with the KCRT/JPRC to allow for parallel planning by recovery forces. Recovery of US Army assets during a contingency mission is primarily the responsibility of Eighth US Army through the Army PRCC. There are several types of recovery operations, and each has a unique command relationship.

a. Immediate Recovery.

(1) Units are should plan to conduct immediate recovery operations during mission planning.

(2) An immediate recovery is defined as a recovery using organic assets and is planned, rehearsed, and briefed in the mission OPORD. Examples of immediate recovery are: Downed Aircraft Recovery Teams (DART) operations (Airborned), vehicle convoy self-recovery, and MEDEVAC on scene.

(3) The unit commander, O-5 and above, is the mission execution and launch authority for immediate recovery, and exercises C2 over his/her forces involved in the recovery.

(4) The unit will alert the Army PRCC of the isolating event with a Search and Rescue Incident Report (SARIR), and inform the Army PRCC of the status of the recovery mission as soon as possible via Search and Rescue Situation Summary Report (SARSIT). The Army PRCC will begin parallel planning with other dedicated recovery forces to support any subsequent recovery attempts, and will alert the reintegration teams.

b. Planned Component Recovery. When a unit cannot complete an immediate recovery, they must inform the ARMY PRCC with a SARIR. The ARMY PRCC will inform and parallel plan with the KCRT/JPRC and component forces available to conduct the missions.

(1) When a recovery mission requires only Eighth Army assets, all recovery forces remain under the OPCON of Eighth Army. When recovery units are formally tasked, they are TACON to the ARMY PRCC for mission planning and preparation.

(2) The tasked recovery unit will assign a Mission Commander (MC) who will conduct direct coordination with the Army PRCC.

(3) Control of recovery forces flows from the Commander Eighth Army, to the G3, to the Army PRCC or KCRT/JPRC Director and to the recovery force MC.

(4) The Commander, Eighth Army, is the mission execution and launch authority for any pre-planned PR mission under his command. The Commander, Eighth Army, may delegate mission execution and launch authority no lower than the G3, Eighth Army.

c. Joint /Augmented Recovery. When a recovery mission cannot be conducted solely by the Army component, the KCRT/JPRC may augment the Eighth Army with other assets.

(1) The augmenting forces will be under TACON of Eighth Army for the duration of the mission.

(2) The Commander, Eighth Army, is the mission execution and launch authority for any pre-planned PR mission under his command. The Commander Eighth Army may delegate mission

execution and launch authority no lower than the G3, Eighth Army.

(3) The KCRT/JPRC may request Army units to augment another service conducting a recovery. Any EUSA asset tasked to assist in this recovery mission will be TACON to the tasked component/service and it is PRCC for the recovery mission.

d. Other service component recovery. When a recovery mission exceeds the capabilities of Eighth Army recovery assets the Army PRCC notifies the KCRT/JPRC. The KCRT/JPRC may task another component/service to conduct the recovery.

(1) The component tasked to conduct the mission is the mission execution and launch authority for that mission.

(2) The KCRT/JPRC will inform the Army PRCC of the mission status.

(3) The component conducting the mission may take Army personnel to their medical facilities or bases for reintegration. The Army PRCC will coordinate to have those personnel transferred back to Army control.

4-5. PR Communications

The Communications Plan will be included in the Contingency Mission OPORD/FRAGO's and in the ATO SPINS.

a. Army PRCC Command and Control Communications.

(1) The contact information for the Army PRCC will be located in the Army PRCC activation message that is transmitted to the KCRT/JPRC and all MSC's.

(2) The Army PRCC may operate with STU/STE, VOIP, NIPR, CENTRIX-K, SIPR, JDOCS CSAR Manager, GCCS-K, secure voice radio or messenger.

b. MSC's and units tasked to the PRCC.

(1) Units will use organic secure means of communications IAW Contingency OPORD/FRAGO's.

(2) Ground units to include aviation units will program survival radios will be in accordance with the ATO SPINS sections E2.9, E2.11.4, and G8 must be verified at the unit level during mission planning and preparation.

(3) Units tasked to the Army PRCC for PR planning will maintain communications with the Army PRCC via STU/STE or non-secure phone/FAX, NIPR, CENTRIX-K, SIPR, JADDOCS CSAR Manager, GCCS-K, secure voice radio or messenger.

Appendix A References

Section I. Required Publications

Army Personnel Recovery Handbook No. 09-25

AR 525-28 (Personnel Recovery)

ACC OPLAN 529 (Integrated Search and Rescue)

CJCS Instruction 3270.01A (Personnel Recovery within the Department of Defense)

DODD 1300.7 (Training and Education to Support the Code of Conduct)

DODI 1300.21 (Code of Conduct (COC) Training and Education)

DODI 1300.23 (Isolated Personnel Training for Department of Defense Civilian and Contractors)

DODI 2310.4 (Repatriation of Prisoners Of War (POW), Hostages, Peacetime Government Detainees and Other Missing or Isolated Personnel)

Reintegration of POWs, Hostages, Peacetime Government Detainees and Other Missing or Isolated Personnel)

DODI 3115.10E (Intelligence Support to Personnel Recovery)

Headquarters, Department of the Army Policy Letter 525-03-1 (Personnel Recovery)

Headquarters, Department of the Army Policy Letter 098-2010 (Personnel Recovery Mission Software (PRMS) and PRE-OCONUS Travel File (PRO-FILE))

Joint Staff Message (Personnel Recovery Mission Software, DTG: 052125Z)

Joint Publication 3-33 (Joint Task Force Headquarters)

Joint Publication 3-50 (Personnel Recovery)

USPACOM Instruction 0503.1

USFK REG 525-40 (Personnel Recovery Procedures)

USFK REG 525-41 (Procedures for Processing Recovered Personnel (SECRET/NF))

Section II. Related Publications

This section has no entries.

Section II. Required Forms

DD Form 1833 TEST (V2) (Isolated Personnel Report)

DD Form 2810 (Personnel Debriefing Statement)

Appendix B
Aviation SAR / Personnel Recovery Flow Charts

B-1. Aviation SAR / Personnel Recovery Flow Chart

The following flow chart depicts a SAR Incident initiated by an Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) - equipped aircraft mishap.

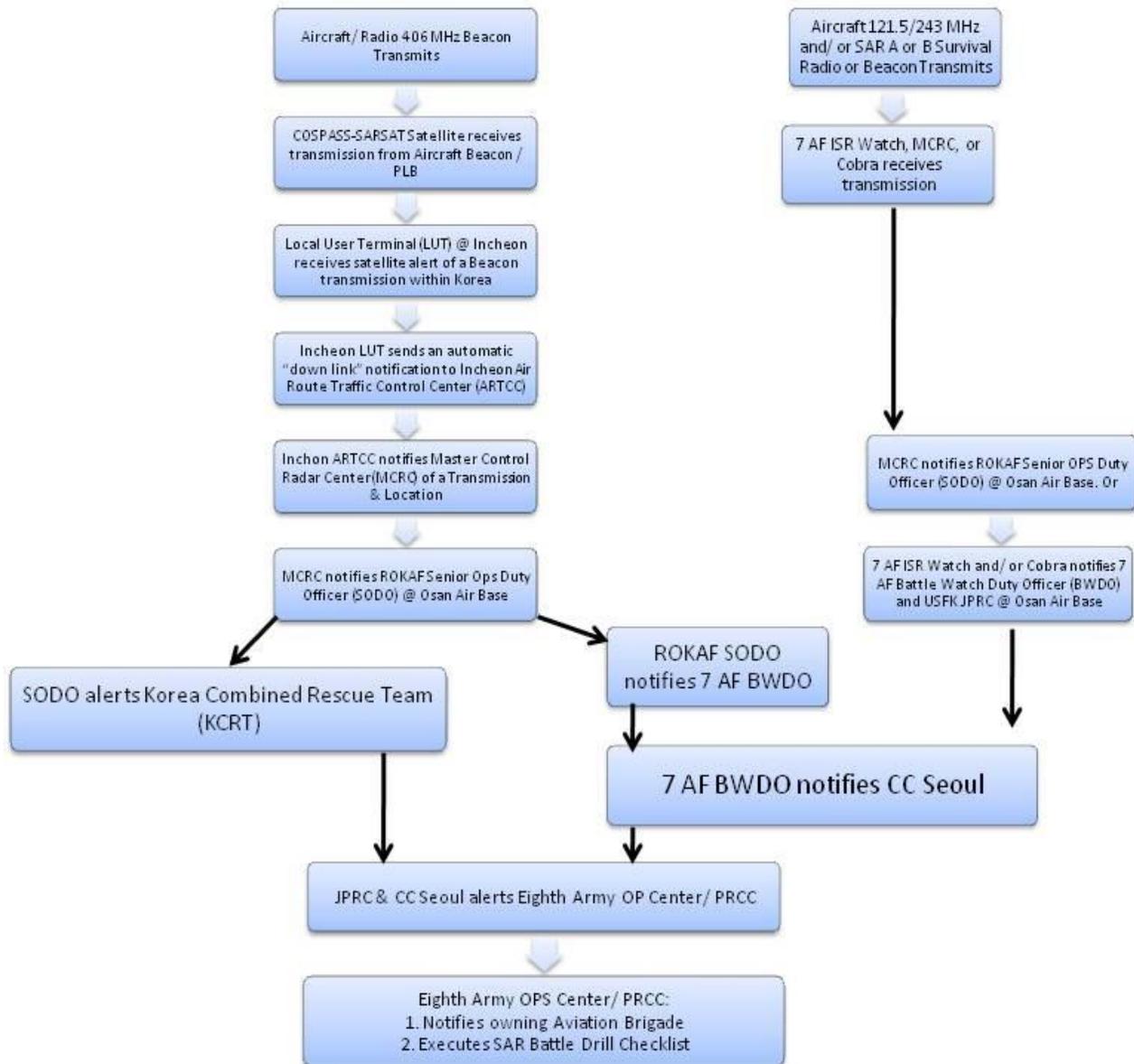


Figure B-1. Aviation SAR / Personnel Recovery Flow Chart

B-2. SAR / Personnel Recovery Flow Chart / Overdue Aircraft / Non-operational ELT

The following flow chart depicts a PR/SAR Incident initiated by an overdue or “missing” aircraft with non operational ELT on board.

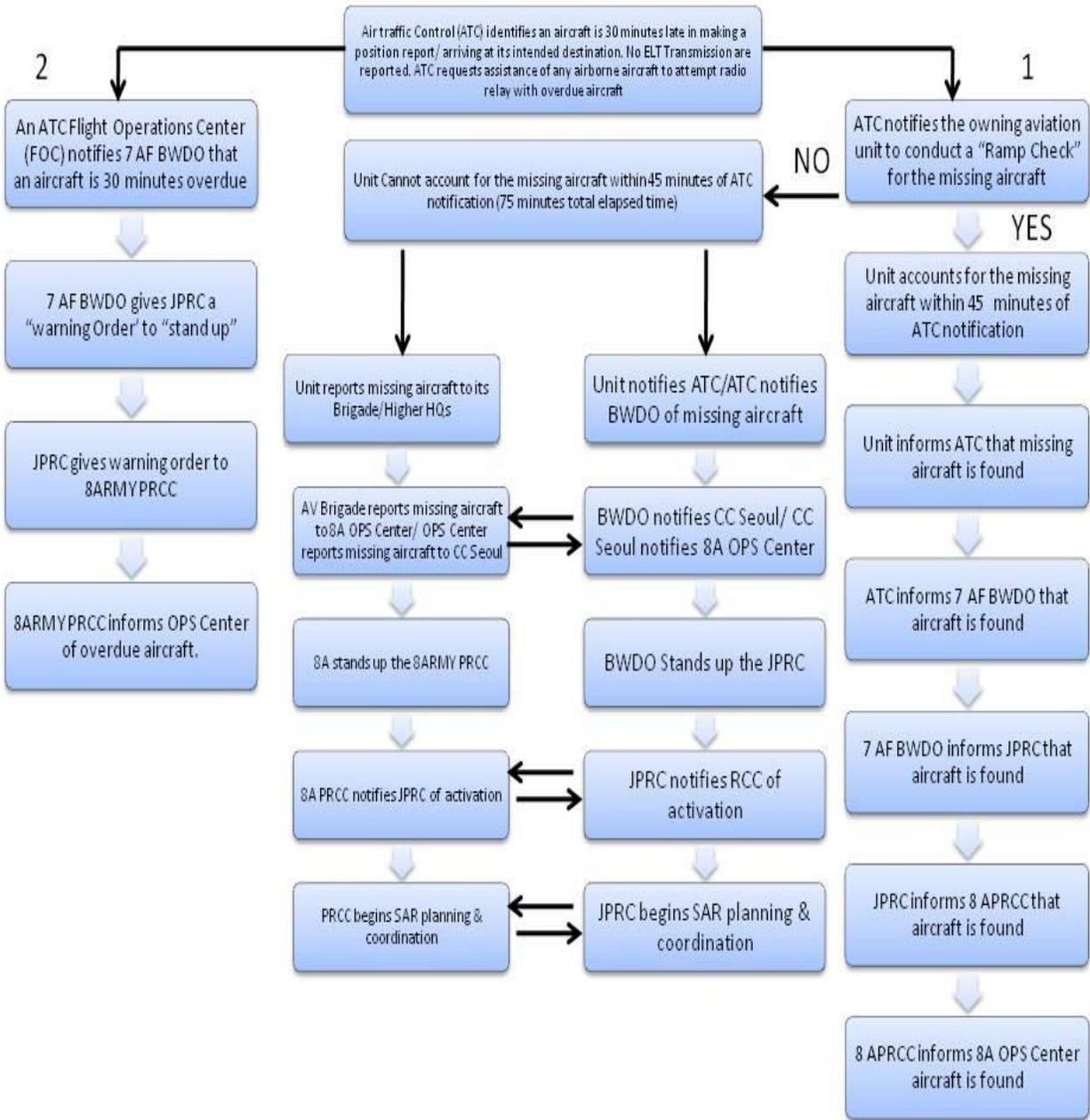


Figure B-2. SAR / Personnel Recovery Flow Chart / Overdue Aircraft / Non-operational ELT

Appendix C

SAR / Personnel Recovery Message Formats (Ref. FM 6-99.2, C-1)

C-1. Purpose

The reports in this Appendix are the standard military format with additional Eighth Army guidance. They may be transmitted via voice, FAX, or electronically. Where there is no known information use "UNK" or "Unknown".

C-2. General

Messages must include an addressee, originator, precedence (Flash/Immediate/Priority/Routine), and classification, which are followed by the message title and body text. The Authenticator line may be omitted when using secure communications.

C-3. Reporting

Incident reporting procedures and transmission of 5W report for Personnel Recovery related incidents. Incidents including AWOL, Isolated, missing, and detained by both host nation and rogue countries, triggers reporting procedures for required/assistance from PRCC and JPRC.

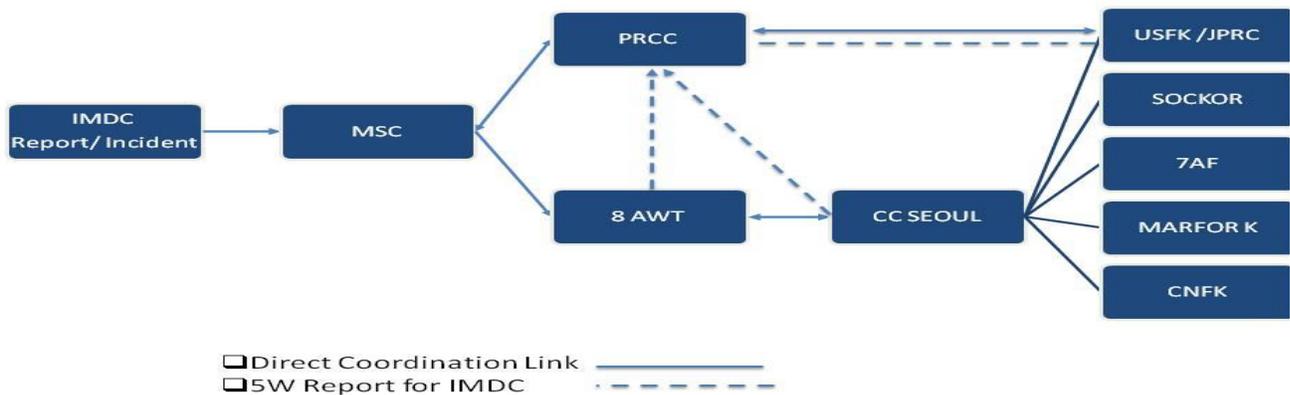


Figure C-1. Incident Reporting Procedures Chart

a. SEARCH AND RESCUE INCIDENT REPORT (SARIR) REPORT NUMBER: S020 (USMTF#C482) Use to report any situation that may require a search and rescue effort.

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| EVENT NUMBER | (Assigned by USFK JPRC) |
| LINE 1 - DATE AND TIME | (DTG of Report) |
| LINE 2 - UNIT | (Unit Making Report) |
| LINE 3 - CALL SIGN | (ITO Call sign or Unit Tactical Call sign) |
| LINE 4 - TYPE | (Type of Disabled or Lost Aircraft, Vehicle, or Other) |

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| LINE 5 - COLOR | (Color of Disabled or Lost Aircraft, Vehicle, or Other) |
| LINE 6 - ID | (Aircraft Tail or Vehicle Bumper Number) |
| LINE 7 - LOCATION | MGRS Six-Digit Grid with MGRS Grid Zone Designator) |
| LINE 8 - QUALIFIER | (Location Qualifier: Actual or Estimated Followed by LAND or SEA) |
| LINE 9 - TIME OF INCIDENT | (DTG of Incident) |
| LINE 10 - CAUSE | (Cause of Disable or Lost Aircraft, Vehicle or Other) |
| LINE 11 - PERSONNEL | (Number of Personnel on Board and Qualifier: ACTUAL or ESTIMATE) |
| LINE 12 - STATUS | (Enter Count of Personnel and Their Statuses) |
| LINE 13 - REQUIRE | (Enter PRCC or COMBINED ASSISTANCE if SAR Assistance is required) |
| LINE 14 - POINT OF CONTACT | (Enter the PRCC Point of Contact and Telephone Number) |
| LINE 15 - NARRATIVE | (Free text for Additional Information Required for Clarification of Report) |
| LINE 16 - AUTHENTICATION | (Report Authentication Alphanumeric from SOI, for Non-Secure Communications) |

EXAMPLE SARIR:

TO: EIGHTH UNITED STATES ARMY, EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTER
 FROM: HQ, 2 CAB
 IMMEDIATE
 (APPROPRIATE CLASSIFICATION)

SARIR
 EVENT- ROK-A or W (armistice or wartime)-10 (year)-001 (event)-00 (mission assigned to the event)

LINE 1 - 04 0400Z JUL 04

LINE 2 - 2 CAB

LINE 3 - RAZOR 12 (Use the ITO call sign during contingency/wartime)

LINE 4 - UH-60A

LINE 5 - OD GREEN

LINE 6 - 82-26789

LINE 7 - 52S DH 2345 9876

LINE 8 - ESTIMATED LANDS

LINE 9 - 04 0237Z JUL 04

LINE 10 - SAM

LINE 11 - EIGHT ACTUAL

LINE 12 - UNK

LINE 13 - PRCC

LINE 14 -CPT JOHN SMITH, DSN 738-5555 (john.smith12@korea.army.smil.mil)

LINE 15 - WINGMAN RAZOR 24 SAW SHOULDER FIRED SAM IMPACT AIRCRAFT AND AIRCRAFT MADE A CONTROLLED BUT HARD LANDING IN A RICE PADDY. WINGMAN HAD COMMO WITH RAZOR 12 WHO INDICATED NO SERIOUS INJURIES. WINGMAN HAD TO DEPART BECAUSE OF HIGH VOLUME OF SMALL ARMS FIRE FROM HILL TO EAST.

LINE 16 - UNK

b. SEARCH AND RESCUE (SAR) REQUEST [SARREQ] REPORT NUMBER: S025 (USMTF#D669) Use to request forces to participate in a search and rescue (SAR) Mission. This report is transmitted from the PRCC to the JPRC.

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| EVENT NUMBER | (Assigned by USFK JPRC) |
| LINE 1 - DATE AND TIME | (DTG of Report) |
| LINE 2 - UNIT | (Unit Making Report) |
| LINE 3 - REQUEST NO. | (Request Number) |
| LINE 4 - PRIORITY | Priority of Request 1, 1A through 1Z, 2, 2A through 2Z, 3, 3A through 3Z, 4, 4A through 4Z) |
| LINE 5 - TYPE | (Air Mission Type) |
| LINE 6 - ON TIME | (DTG Aircraft are requested to be at SAR Location or ASAP) |
| LINE 7 - OFF TIME | DTG Aircraft Are to Depart From SAR Location) |
| LINE 8 - NO. TYPE | (Number and Type of Assets Requested) |
| LINE 9 - LOCATION | (SAR Location in MGRS with MGRS Grid Zone Designator) |
| LINE 10 - NARRATIVE | (Free Text for Additional Information Required for Clarification of Report) |

EXAMPLE SARREQ:

TO: ARMY PRCC
FROM: HQ, 2 CAB, PR TASK FORCE SMITH
IMMEDIATE
(APPROPRIATE CLASSIFICATION)

SARREQ

EVENT- ROK-A or W (armistice or wartime)-10 (year)-001 (event)-00 (mission assigned to the event)

LINE 1 - 04 0430Z JUL 04

LINE 2 - 2 CAB

LINE 3 - 001

LINE 4 - 1 (use priority 1 and let the PRCC or JSRC determine the priority based on the overall situation)

LINE 5 - RESCAP

LINE 6 - 04 1745 Z JUL 04

LINE 7 - 04 1945 Z JUL 04

LINE 8 - 2 F-16

LINE 9 - 52S DH 2345 9876

LINE 10 - REQUEST TACON OF 2 F-16 FOR RESCAP OF RAZOR 12 RECOVERY MISSION. AMC TALON 44 (UH-60) AND RESCORT VIPER 26/27 (AH-64) FREQ MAROON 14, AMBER 29. ROZ IN EFFECT OVER LOCATION 5KM SFC-3000' MSL. REQUEST DIRAULT WITH CPT SMITH, MISSION COMMANDER. DSN 738-5555

LINE 11 - UNK

c. SEARCH AND RESCUE SITUATION SUMMARY REPORT (SARSIT) REPORT NUMBER: S030 (USMTF# C420) Use to coordinate, summarize, or terminate joint search and rescue operations. It should be sent each shift. It may be passed from the JPRC down the information chain or from a recovery unit or PRCC up the information chain.

EVENT NUMBER (Assigned by USFK JPRC)

LINE 1 - DATE AND TIME (DTG of Report)

LINE 2 - UNIT (Unit Making Report)

LINE 3 - MISSION NUMBER (JPRC Mission Number)

LINE 4 - STATUS (Status: COMPLETED or TERMINATED if PR Activity Has Ceased and Will Not be Resumed at a Later Time; SUSPENDED,

- if PR Activity is discontinued and Objective Not Recovered)
- LINE 5 - CALL SIGN (Call Sign of Disabled or Lost Aircraft, Vehicle or Other)
- LINE 6 - TYPE (Type of Disabled or Lost Aircraft, Vehicle or Other)
- LINE 7 - LOCATION (SAR Location in MGRS with MGRS Grid Zone Designator)
- LINE 8 - PERSONNEL (Number of Personnel Involved in Incident)
- LINE 9 - PERSONNEL STATUS (Status of Personnel Involved In Incident (RECOVERED))
- LINE 10 - NARRATIVE (Free Text for Additional Information Required for Clarification of Report.)
- LINE 11- AUTHENTICATION (Report Authentication Alphanumeric from SOI, for Non-Secure Communications)

EXAMPLE SARSIT:

TO: ARMY PRCC
 FROM: HQ, 2 CAB, PR TASK FORCE SMITH
 IMMEDIATE
 (APPROPRIATE CLASSIFICATION)

SARSIT

LINE 1 - 04 2305Z JUL 04

LINE 2 - 2 CAB

LINE 3 - ROK-A-10-001-01

LINE 4 - COMPLETED

LINE 5 - RAZOR 12

LINE 6 - UH-60A

LINE 7 - 52S DH 2345 9876

LINE 8 - 8

LINE 9 - 8 - RECOVERED, 4-WIA

LINE 10 - SAR TF SMITH RECOVERED THE CREW OF RAZOR 12 AT 04 1830Z JUL 04. CREW TRANSFERRED TO MEDEVAC AND TAKEN TO PHASE 1 RE-PATRIATION AT LSA KIMCHEE. POC LTC FISHER, 738-5555

LINE 11 -UNK

Appendix D Isolated Personnel Report (ISOPREP)

D-1. Purpose

The ISOPREP is the key document that facilitates identification of isolated personnel. Recovery units will use the ISOPREP to authenticate the evader. Failure to prepare and maintain an ISOPREP complicates recovery planning, delays recovery, puts the recovery force at risk, and jeopardizes the success of the recovery mission. A mission may not launch because ISOPREP information is missing or incomplete.

D-2. Administration

a. The digital ISOPREP will be completed by all personnel during in processing. A digital copy of the ISOPREP files will be stored in the PRMS national database. Completed documents are classified CONFIDENTIAL.

b. Each unit at the brigade level and above will have a PRMS manager appointed by letter and appropriate permissions will be granted by the PRMS help Desk.

c. This information will be forwarded to the Eighth Army PR Office each time the POC changes.

d. During Armistice, the individual must review and update their ISOPREP semi-annually. ISOPREPs that remain un-reviewed for over two years may be archived and removed from the national database.

e. During contingency operations or general war, the individual should review their ISOPREP prior to each mission as a part of pre-mission preparation.

D-3. Guidance (Refer to the Isolated Personnel Report DD Form 1833)

a. Block 14 should be a four digit non-consecutive and non-repetitive number that can be easily remembered during times of duress, and it should not be in your military records or public information.

b. The personal authentication statements, blocks 20-23, should be of a narrative form that allows multiple questions to be derived from each statement at a minimum of four questions out of each statement.

EXAMPLE STATEMENT: MY FIRST CAR WAS A RED 1975 FORD PINTO WITH BLACK LEATHER SEATS AND AN AM/FM RADIO WITH 8 TRACK PLAYER.

EXAMPLE QUESTIONS:

- What was the color of your first car?
- What was the maker of your first car?
- What was the model of your first car?
- What was the model year of your first car?
- What color were the seats of your first car?

c. The following data will be located in block 24, Additional Information.

- (1) Uniform Size: Top/Bottom.
- (2) Boot Size.
- (3) Hat Size.
- (4) Medical Allergies.
- (5) Required Medications and Dose.
- (6) SERE Training.
- (7) PLS Code.
- (8) Blood Chit #.
- (9) Any additional information required by unit SOP.

d. There is no requirement for fingerprints to be included in the digital ISOPREP form.

e. Provide current front and profile digital photos the individual in appropriate uniform without headgear and import them into the second page of the form.

D-4. ISOPREP Use

a. Upon notification that a unit member is “missing” or “isolated in hostile territory”, the unit will notify the ARMY PRCC via the fastest secure means available. The PRCC requires the full name and social security number of the isolated person to pull their ISOPREP from the national database.

b. The ARMY PRCC will provide a copy of the ISOPREP to the JPRC or other component PRCC as required.

c. The PRCC controlling the recovery force will parse out data from the ISOPREP to the recovery units. The PRCC will track the release of the ISOPREP information.

d. The recovery unit authenticates the isolated personnel by asking questions from the ISOPREP that only the evader could answer correctly.

e. At no time will the individuals’ unit or recovery unit disclose information exclusively contained on the ISOPREP to another unit or individual without knowledge or the ARMY PRCC.

f. At no time will a hard copy of the ISOPREP be taken on a mission or left unsecured. Prints from the digital photos files may be made and taken on the mission to aid in identification.

D-5. ISOPREP Inventory

PRMS ISOPREP managers will conduct bi-monthly reviews of assigned reports to ensure that the semiannual reviews are conducted and that information contained in the reports meets unit and database requirements.

D-6. Example of DD Form 1833 and DD FORM 1833 TEST (V2) (INSTRUCTIONS)

a. DD Form 1833 is valid and can be used for hard copy reference. Ensure classification and proper storage per DOD, DA PR and local set security policies.

b. DD Form 1833 TEST (V2) is the automated PRMS version of DD Form 1833. This form is the automated tool used in conjunction both ISOPREP and EPA information linked to the national DIA and JPRA PRMS.

CONFIDENTIAL (WHEN FILLED IN)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--------|---------------|
| ISOLATED PERSONNEL REPORT (ISOPREP) <small>(See Privacy Act Statement on reverse before completing this form)</small> | | 1. NAME (Last, First, Middle Initial) | | 2. SSN | |
| CLASSIFIED BY: AFR 64-3, AR 525-90 NWP 19-2 DECLASSIFY ON: OADR | | INSTRUCTIONS <small>Items 1 through 15 and 20 through 23 are to be completed by Applicant. Items 16 through 19 and Item 24 are to be completed by RCC Personnel. All items are to be filled in in INK; however, use a PENCIL for items 3, 13, 14, and 20 through 24.</small> | | | 3. RANK/GRADE |
| 4. BRANCH OF SERVICE | 5. NATIONALITY | 6. DATE OF BIRTH (YYMMDD) | 7. OBVIOUS MARKS (Scar, Birthmark, Mole) | | |
| 8. BLOOD GROUP | 9. HEIGHT | 10. COLOR OF EYES | 11. COLOR OF HAIR | | |
| 12. DATE PREPARED (YYMMDD) | 13. DATE REVIEWED (YYMMDD) AND CURRENT ASSIGNMENT | 14. AUTHENTICATOR NO. | 15. SIGNATURE | | |
| 16. DATE MISSING (YYMMDD) | 17. LOSS POSITION | 18. PRIORITY (Holds vital information requiring priority rescue) <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO | 19. SPARE | | |
| ----- Fold here ----- | | | | | |
| PERSONAL AUTHENTICATION STATEMENTS | | | | | |
| 20. | | | 21. | | |
| 22. | | | 23. | | |
| 24. ADDITIONAL DATA | | | | | |

CONFIDENTIAL (WHEN FILLED IN)

DD FORM 1833, FEB 84

PREVIOUS EDITION IS OBSOLETE.

CONFIDENTIAL (WHEN FILLED IN)

Figure D-1. DD form 1833, Isolated Personnel Report

CONFIDENTIAL (WHEN FILLED IN)

*AUTHORITY: 10 U.S.C. Sections 133, 3012, 5031 and 8012; EO 9397.
 PRINCIPAL PURPOSE(S): It is essential to the combat search and rescue effort for the protection of search and rescue forces from enemy entrapment. The social security number is used to ensure positive identification.
 ROUTINE USE(S): It will be completed by each aircrew member who may be subject to action in or over hostile territory. It contains personal information that may be used to ensure positive identification. After the aircrew member has completed the form it will be classified "CONFIDENTIAL."
 DISCLOSURE IS VOLUNTARY: The information is necessary since it affects the entire search and rescue mission and effect on individual of not providing information could be loss of crew status.*

| LEFT HAND | CODE | PRINT CODE | CODE | RIGHT HAND |
|------------------------------|------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. LITTLE FINGER | | Arch Tented Arch Finger Loop Thumb Loop Whorl | KK LL MM NN OO | 10. LITTLE FINGER |
| 2. RING | | Finger Missing Finger Mutilated Question/Uncertain | PP QQ YY | 9. RING |
| ----- <i>Fold here</i> ----- | | | | |
| 3. MIDDLE | | PHOTOGRAPH (<i>Front View</i>) | | 8. MIDDLE |
| 4. INDEX | | PHOTOGRAPH (<i>Profile View</i>) | | 7. INDEX |
| 5. THUMB | | | | 6. THUMB |

DD FORM 1833, FEB 84 (REVERSE)

CONFIDENTIAL (WHEN FILLED IN)

Figure D-2. DD form 1833, Isolated Personnel Report (Reverse)

CONFIDENTIAL (When Blocks 50 - 54 filled in)

| ISOLATED PERSONNEL REPORT (ISOPREP) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|---|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>AUTHORITY: 10 U.S.C. Sections 133, 3012, 3051 and 8012; E.O. 9397. PRINCIPAL PURPOSE(S): To protect recovery forces from enemy entrapment and facilitate the recovery of isolated persons. ROUTINE USE(S): To be completed by designated personnel subject to isolation due to hostile activity. Contains personal information that may be used to ensure positive identification. The form will be unclassified/official use only. Blocks 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55 and 56 are optional blocks and are only utilized when directed by unit SOP or Service doctrine. When blocks 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, and 56 are completed this form becomes classified CONFIDENTIAL and must be handled appropriately. This form may only be transmitted via .mil to .mil email accounts. DISCLOSURE IS MANDATORY. The information is necessary since it affects the entire personnel recovery process. Exceptions on disclosure are made for government contractors.</p> | | | | | | | | | | |
| SECTION 1 - PERSONAL INFORMATION | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.a. LAST NAME* | 1.b. FIRST NAME* | 1.c. M.I. | 2. GO BY NAME | | 3. GENDER* | 4. GRADE* | 5. SSN* | 6. COALITION ID | | 7. DOB (YYYYMMDD)* |
| 8. BRANCH OF SERVICE/AGENCY/DEPT* | | 9. CURRENT UNIT* | | 10. BLOOD TYPE* | 11. HEIGHT (in)* | 12. WEIGHT (lbs.) | 13. HAIR COLOR* | 14. EYE COLOR* | 15. ETHNIC GROUP | |
| 16.a. CITIZENSHIP* | | 16.b. IF OTHER, SPECIFY: | | | 17. ACCENT | | 18. RELIGIOUS PREFERENCE | | 19. BLOOD CHIT NUMBER | |
| 20. IDENTIFYING SCARS/MARKS/TATTOOS* | | | | | 21. KNOWN MEDICAL CONDITIONS AND PRESCRIPTIONS | | | | | |
| SECTION 2 - UNIFORM DATA | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22. SHIRT SIZE: | | 23. PANT SIZE: | | 24. HAT SIZE: | | 25. BOOT TYPE: | | 26. BOOT SIZE: | | 27. BOOT WIDTH: |
| SECTION 3 - TRAINING/CAPABILITY DATA | | | | | | | | | | |
| SERE TRAINING | a. TYPE | b. YEAR (YYYY) | c. MONTH | d. LOCATION | e. OTHER (Specify) | | | f. COMMENTS | | |
| 28. TRAINING 1 | | | | | / | | | | | |
| 29. TRAINING 2 | | | | | / | | | | | |
| 30. TRAINING 3 | | | | | / | | | | | |
| 31. PRIMARY LANGUAGE CAPABILITY | a. LANGUAGE (If Other, specify) | | b. READING | c. WRITING | d. SPEAKING | e. COMMENTS | | | | |
| 32. OTHER LANGUAGE CAPABILITIES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| SECTION 4 - REINTEGRATION INFORMATION | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33. PRIMARY NEXT OF KIN | | | 34. PARENT NO. 1 (Contractors Optional) | | | 35. PARENT NO. 2 (Contractors Optional) | | | | |
| a. NAME: | | | a. NAME: | | | a. NAME: | | | | |
| b. ADDRESS: | | | b. ADDRESS: | | | b. ADDRESS: | | | | |
| c. CITY: | | | c. CITY: | | | c. CITY: | | | | |
| d. STATE | | e. ZIP CODE: | d. STATE | | e. ZIP CODE: | d. STATE | | e. ZIP CODE: | | |
| f. TELEPHONE: | | | f. TELEPHONE: | | | f. TELEPHONE: | | | | |
| g. SAME AS: <input type="checkbox"/> PARENT NO. 1 <input type="checkbox"/> PARENT NO. 2 | | | | | | 37. HOME OF RECORD (Contractors Optional) | | | | |
| 36. CHILDREN AT HOME (Contractors Optional) | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. NAME(S) | | b. DOB(S) | a. NAME(S) | | b. DOB(S) | a. ADDRESS: | | | | |
| | | | | | | b. CITY: | | | | |
| | | | | | | c. STATE | | d. ZIP CODE: | | |
| 38. SPECIAL FAMILY SITUATIONS: | | | | | | | | | | |
| SECTION 5 - JPRC/PRCC USE ONLY | | | | | | | | | | |
| 39. DATE MISSING (YYYYMMDD) | | 40. DATE RECOVERED (YYYYMMDD) | | | 41. DATE ENTERED REINTEGRATION (YYYYMMDD) | | 42. DATE RELEASED TO UNIT CONTROL (YYYYMMDD) | | | |
| 43. NOTES | | | | | | | | | | |

DD FORM 1833 TEST (V2), MAY 2008

CONFIDENTIAL (When Blocks 50 - 54 filled in)

PREVIOUS EDITION IS OBSOLETE.

Ref ID: A50107 21

Figure D-3. DD form 1833 Test (V2), Isolated Personnel Report

CONFIDENTIAL (When Blocks 50 - 54 filled in)

| SECTION 6 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| 44.a. LEFT FINGERPRINTS (Optional): THUMB: | INDEX: | MIDDLE: | RING: | LITTLE: |
| | | | | |
| 44.b. RIGHT FINGERPRINTS (Optional): THUMB: | INDEX: | MIDDLE: | RING: | LITTLE: |
| | | | | |
| 44.c. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION | | | | |
| 44.d. CONTRACTOR: COMPANY NAME | | | 44.e. COMPANY POINT OF CONTACT | |
| SECTION 7 - PHOTOS | | | | |
| 45. FRONT FULL DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPH | | | 46. RIGHT PROFILE DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPH | |
| | | | | |
| SECTION 8 - REVIEW INFORMATION | | | | |
| 47. DATE COMPLETED (YYYYMMDD) | 48. DATE REVIEWED (YYYYMMDD)* | 49. SIGNATURE | | |
| | | | | |
| SECTION 9 - PERSONAL AUTHENTICATION INFORMATION | | | | |
| (Note: For the Personal Authentication Statements, Items 50 - 53, please input 4 unique statements from which 4 questions can be derived from each.) | | | | |
| 50. (C) PERSONAL AUTHENTICATION STATEMENT NO. 1 | | | | |
| 51. (C) PERSONAL AUTHENTICATION STATEMENT NO. 2 | | | | |
| 52. (C) PERSONAL AUTHENTICATION STATEMENT NO. 3 | | | | |
| 53. (C) PERSONAL AUTHENTICATION STATEMENT NO. 4 | | | | |
| 54. (C) AUTHENTICATION NUMBER | | | | |

DD FORM 1833 TEST (V2) (BACK), MAY 2008
CONFIDENTIAL (When Blocks 50 - 54 filled in)

Figure D-4. DD form 1833 Test (V2), Isolated Personnel Report (Back)

D-7. Korean Augmentation to the United States Army (KATUSA)

a. The Korean Military currently only provides a recovery tracking system such as PRMS, for their Aviators in both the ROKA and ROKAF.

b. KATUSA Soldiers in support of U.S. Actions can be tracked using the legacy DD 1833 (ISOPREP) forms. This form will be kept in S-2 secure location and are available for PR purposes in an event this host nation SM becomes an IP.

c. Strict coordination's must be followed through host nation agreements and must refer to further guidance from the Staff Judge advocate for nay legality issues prior to executions.

Appendix E

Evasion Plan of Action (EPA)

The more information recovery forces have regarding your evasion plan, the greater your chances for survival and recovery. The individual or crew should complete and brief the EPA during the mission planning cycle. Additional information for completing the EPA may be found in the CSAR SPINS or in the associated OPLAN/OPORD. This EPA/ISG is an example. Units may modify the look and add to the information required. The EPA should be tailored to address unit or mission requirements. Those items identified with (#) are mandatory for all missions. High-risk-of-capture personnel are required to complete an EPA.

NOTE: These documents must be classified to at least the level of the OPORD for the mission they support.

Evasion Plan of Action (EPA)

1. #Crew Information:

| | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------|---------------|-----|------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| Date Prepared: | | Mission Date: | | Mission/Target : | | | |
| Aircraft type: | | Call sign: | | Unit: | | | |
| | RANK | NAME | SSN | DOB | CREW POSN | PRC-112 CODE | BLOOD CHIT# |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | |

Note: attach a copy of the crew and passenger manifest, if applicable

2. Pre-Mission Checklist:

- ___ Review recovery plan (CSAR SPINS, OPLAN, SOI, SOPs, SAR Plan).
- ___ Research mission area environment (SERE guides, SAIDs, EVCs, Intel, weather).
- ___ Review medical intelligence/required shots.
- ___ Review mission statement.
- ___ Review ISOPREP.
- ___ Load PRC-112 Freqs /codes.
- ___ Preflight survival equipment.
- ___ Review PR kit (Blood Chit/evasion aids).
- ___ Sanitize: Remove personal items.
- ___ Retain dog tags and ID card.

3. Other factors to consider:

Injuries/Deaths Enemy situation Weather
 Sources of food/water Populated Areas Friendly situation
 Terrain SAR assets Evasion mechanisms

4. Authentication (Bona fides):

Duress Word _____ #Sign/countersign _____
 # Number combination _____ Running password _____
 #Letter of day _____ Color of day _____
 #Word of day _____ Num of Day _____
 Base Time _____ Alt _____
 Number _____ Heading _____
 SARDOT Locations(1) _____ (2) _____ (3) _____

5. Communication Plan: Initial radio call immediately after forced landing and upon arrival at hole-up site.

Radio Freqs: PRC-112/CSEL: Alpha: _____ Bravo: _____
 PRC-90: 282.8 (Pri)/243. (Alt)
 Subsequent Calls on: Chan/freq _____ at time: _____ Before/after, even/odd hour.
 Monitoring calls on: Chan/freq _____ At time: _____ Before/after, even/odd hour.
 Signaling devices: Day Pri & Alt: _____ Night Pri & Alt: _____
 Signaling in night time with _____ At time: _____ Before/after, even/odd hour.
 Signaling in day time with: _____ At time: _____ Before/after, even/odd hour.

NOTE: If not on file, the route points must be described in the EPA for both INGRESS and EGRESS. Attach a copy of the flight or route plan, if applicable.

6. #Ingress Route Evasion Actions:

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Direction of travel, Immediate: N E S W | Long Term: N E S W |
| Time of travel: Morning Day Even Night Bad Weather | |
| Use of terrain features: Mountains Rivers Coast | |
| Hole-up site: | Pick-up site: |
| If injured: | |
| Other: | |

7. #Target Area Evasion Actions:

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Direction of travel, Immediate: N E S W | Long Term: N E S W |
| Time of travel: Morning Day Even Night Bad Weather | |
| Use of terrain features: Mountains Rivers Coast | |
| Hole-up site: | Pick-up site: |
| If injured: | |
| Other: | |

8. #Egress Route Evasion Actions:

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Direction of travel, Immediate: N E S W | Long Term: N E S W |
| Time of travel: Morning Day Even Night Bad Weather | |
| Use of terrain features: Mountains Rivers Coast | |
| Hole-up site: | Pick-up site: |
| If injured: | |
| Other: | |

9. #Survival Equipment:

Check or circle so recovery forces know what you have to signal, evade, and survive.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | PRC-90 radio w/spare battery | <input type="checkbox"/> | PRC-112 radio w/spare battery _____version | <input type="checkbox"/> | AN/PRQ-7 CSEL radio w/spare battery |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Gyro jet flare | <input type="checkbox"/> | MK-13 Smoke/Flame flare | <input type="checkbox"/> | Signal kit |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Container w/matches | <input type="checkbox"/> | Compass, Lensatic | <input type="checkbox"/> | Knife |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | First aid kit | <input type="checkbox"/> | Survival manual | <input type="checkbox"/> | Additional equipment: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Camouflage stick | <input type="checkbox"/> | Aluminum space blanket | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 9mm 38 cal. Shotgun M-16 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Other Weapons: | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Life raft, one man/twenty man | <input type="checkbox"/> | Water Survival Kit | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Sea-marker dye | <input type="checkbox"/> | Helicopter Emergency Escape Device (HEEDS) | <input type="checkbox"/> | |

10. Service Support During Evasion: What follow-on support has your unit coordinated?

| |
|--|
| Rations, water carried, re-supply drops, caches, etc.: |
| Transportation: |
| Services: |
| Maintenance schedule: |

SIGNATURE OF REVIEWING OFFICIAL:

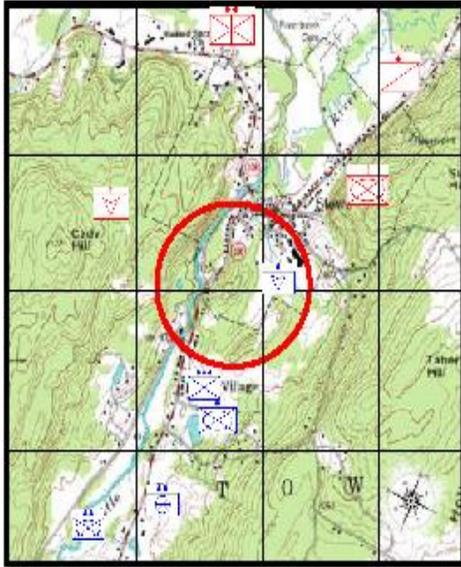
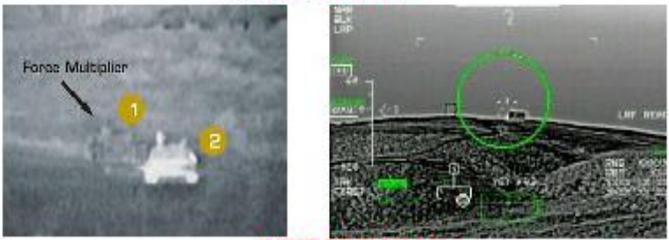
Appendix F
Briefing Slides of an Isolated Missing Detained Captured Personnel

F-1. General

These slides are used to provide commanders with the required situational awareness of an IMDC. These slides are broken down into two separate sections. Section one relates to the abbreviated reporting slide. Section two is the mission report slide. Both Slides explain the collective resources of specialized compartmentalized information in gathering the situation of the PR event as it occurs in true time. This allows commanders of a COP one snap shot.

Abbreviated Reporting Slide

PR Mission # 09-005a Dec – 1Lt Melendez, Hector

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>Targeted Area of Interest (TAI) 52S DH 2345 9876</p>  | <p>Targeted Area of Interest (TAI) 52S DH 2345 9876 SR: GEOSAR INSAT-3A (04 0405Z DEC 09)</p>  | <p>Who: SGT Melendez Hector, Male, 36 ALIAS Maldo What: Isolated individual from main body convoy</p> <p>Where: Traveling north on MSR-1 last know MGRS location 52S DH 2345 9876</p> <p>When: 04 0237Z DEC 09</p> <p>Summary: Convoy received indirect fire from last known location. Main elements moved to RP-2 LAW contact plan 002. SM was reported MIA as of 03 1825Z DEC 09.</p> |
|  | <p>Targeted Area of Interest (TAI) 52S DH 2345 9876 SR: A 1/5 LRRS Shadow (04 0405Z DEC 09)</p>  | <p>•Request TACON of 2 LRRS-T from SOCKOR for Recovery mission. 04 0405Z DEC 09</p> <p>•AMC Talon 44 (UH60) and escort Viper 26/27 (AH-64) Freq MAROON 14, AMBER 29. ROZ in effect over location 5KM SFC-3000' MSL. Request DIRAUTH with SGT Melendez, Mission Commander. DAN 738-5555 04 0408Z DEC 09</p> <p>•Receive enemy locations from G2 with Satellite imagery. Next update on SARSAT next 30Min 04 0409Z DEC 09</p> <p>•SM Equipped with CSEL (USFK0567A2) Reg COSPASS/SARSAT 04 0410Z DEC 09</p> <p>•G2 Report Light Infantry with SOF assets NE of last known location of SM 04 0411Z DEC 09</p> <p>•G2 RPRT UAV activity NW of SM</p> |

//SECRET ROK/US//

Figure F-1. Abbreviated Reporting Slide

Mission Report Slide

| <i>//Classification//</i> PR Mission # - (YR/Event No./SEQ Letter) Name | |
|---|---|
| <p>Map of last known location of Named Area of Interest (NAI) (MGRS Six Digit Grid with MGRS Grid Zone Designator)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Highlight last known location • Mark isolating event location (if different than last known) • Identify significant locations in view (i.e., known groups operating areas) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Orientation •Allies/Enemy •Key Terrains •Landmarks | <p>Who: Rank/Position/ last name/First name/Age/Gender/ Alias</p> <p>What: BLUF on the incident</p> <p>Where: Location and Last known direction</p> <p>When: DTG of Incident</p> <p>Summary: Narrative of the incident.</p> |
| <p>Picture of IP (from Pro-file/ ISOPREP)</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;">  </div> | <p style="text-align: center;">Free text area:</p> <p>Free text for additional information required for clarification of report</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •what we were doing •what the way ahead was (12-24 Hrs). •sources of information leading to our assessment on the current location of the IP. |
| <i>//Classification//</i> | |

Figure F-2. Mission Report Slide

F-2. Targeted area of interest (TAI)

The geographical area or point along a mobility corridor where successful interdiction will cause the enemy to either abandon a particular course of action or require him to use specialized engineer support to continue, where he can be acquired and engaged by friendly forces. Not all TAIs will form part of the friendly course of action; only TAIs associated with high-payoff targets are of interest to the staff. These are identified during staff planning and war-gaming. TAIs differ from engagement areas in degree. Engagement areas plan for the use of all available weapons; TAIs might be engaged by a single weapon. The TAI would be a specific building or structure which available information points to being a probable location of the isolated person (IP).

F-3. Named area of interest (NAI)

A point or area along a particular avenue of approach through which enemy activity is expected to occur. Activity or lack of activity within an NAI will help to confirm or deny a particular enemy course of action.

Appendix G Blood Chit

G-1. Purpose

This appendix outlines the procedures for BLOOD CHIT.

G-2. General

The Blood chit is a small sheet of material on which is imprinted an American flag, a statement in English and several languages spoken by the populace in the AOR, and a serial number which identifies each individual chit. The blood chit identifies the bearer as an American and promises compensation to anyone providing assistance to the bearer or helping the bearer to return to friendly territory. When presented and properly validated, blood chits represent an obligation of the U.S. Government to provide compensation for services rendered to isolated personnel.

G-3. Standard Guidance

At a minimum Blood chits is one of the mandatory evasion aids that all HRI personnel will carry while conducting operations in the PACOM AOR. All personnel issued a Blood chit need to be trained on its proper use.

a. Blood chits are strictly controlled items and will be treated accordingly. Individuals in possession of a Blood chit are responsible for them. They represent a financial obligation on the part of the U.S. Government and are not souvenirs. Blood chits will be returned to the appropriate PACOM Service/Component Blood Chit Manager, as directed, when no longer required.

b. Any isolated person who has made use of a Blood chit and has received assistance must report the circumstances of the incident upon return to US control. This information is generally provided during initial debriefing. A copy of the individual's debriefing, along with the Blood chit (if still available), must be forwarded to HQ JPRA/DO, 9018 Black Rd, Suite 101, Ft Belvoir, VA 22060-5212, as soon as practicable after the event. Those Blood chits which have been used operationally will not be reissued. The organization(s) responsible for control of the chit will be simultaneously relieved of accountability for that particular Blood chit.

Appendix H Training Requirements

H-1. Purpose

This appendix outlines the training requirements for all Army personnel in the KTO.

H-2. General

Commanders (O-5 and above) will ensure High Risk of Isolation (HRI) personnel are trained and receive Korea Specific SERE Orientation (SECRET/NF) annually. Units not yet deployed to the Korean Theater will complete Level B training for HRI personnel at their home station prior to deployment and should coordinate with the Eighth Army PRCC (G3 AVN) to coordinate with the SERE Specialist at the KCRT/JPRC to receive the Korea Specific SERE Orientation and/or aviation specific training. Completion of any training will be documented. The OPR for the U.S. Army Personnel Recovery developed a set of courses that aid in the education and training for PR.

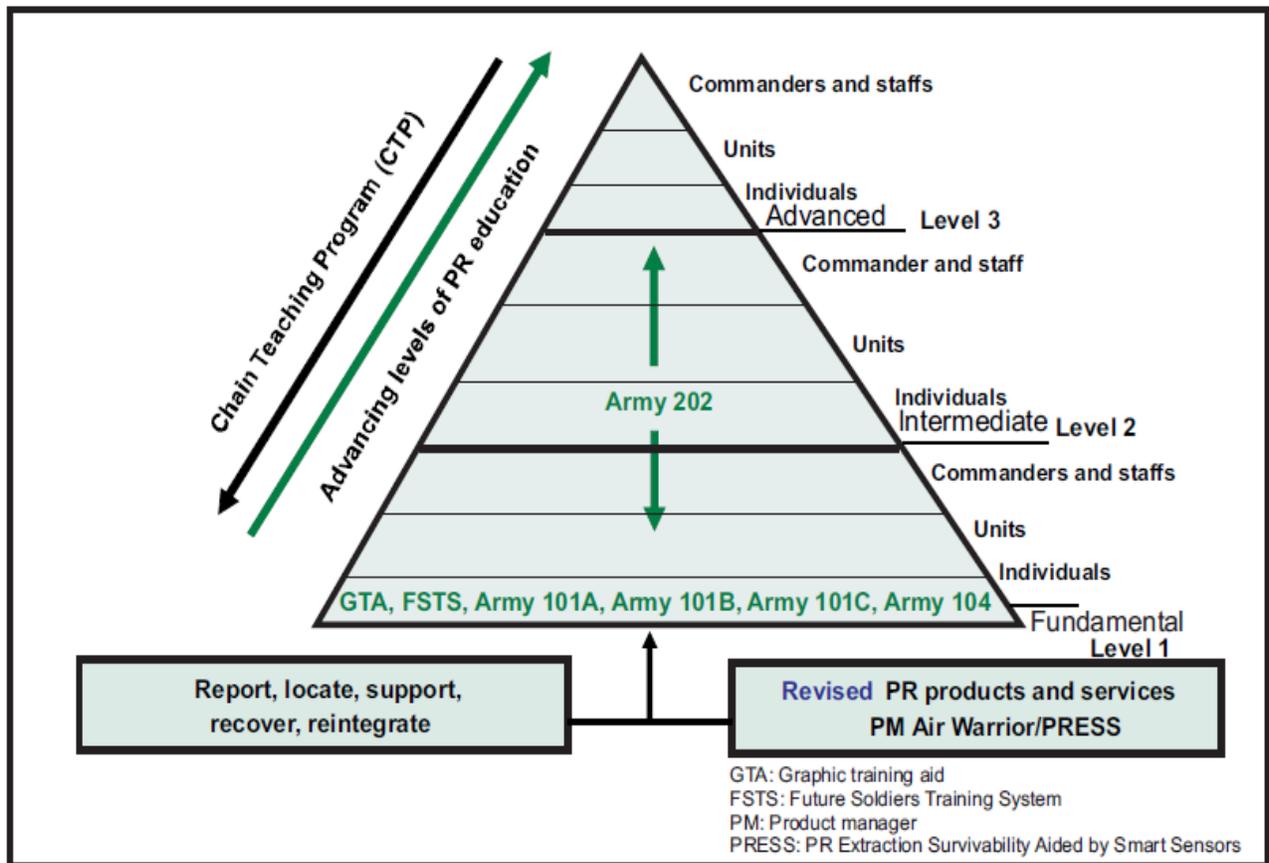


Figure H-1. Level of Education for Personnel Recovery Managers

PRO should have the following courses completed to execute PR in full spectrum. The minimum required for the KTO is PR 301 for PRCC (Corp, Div) and PR 102 (Lower).

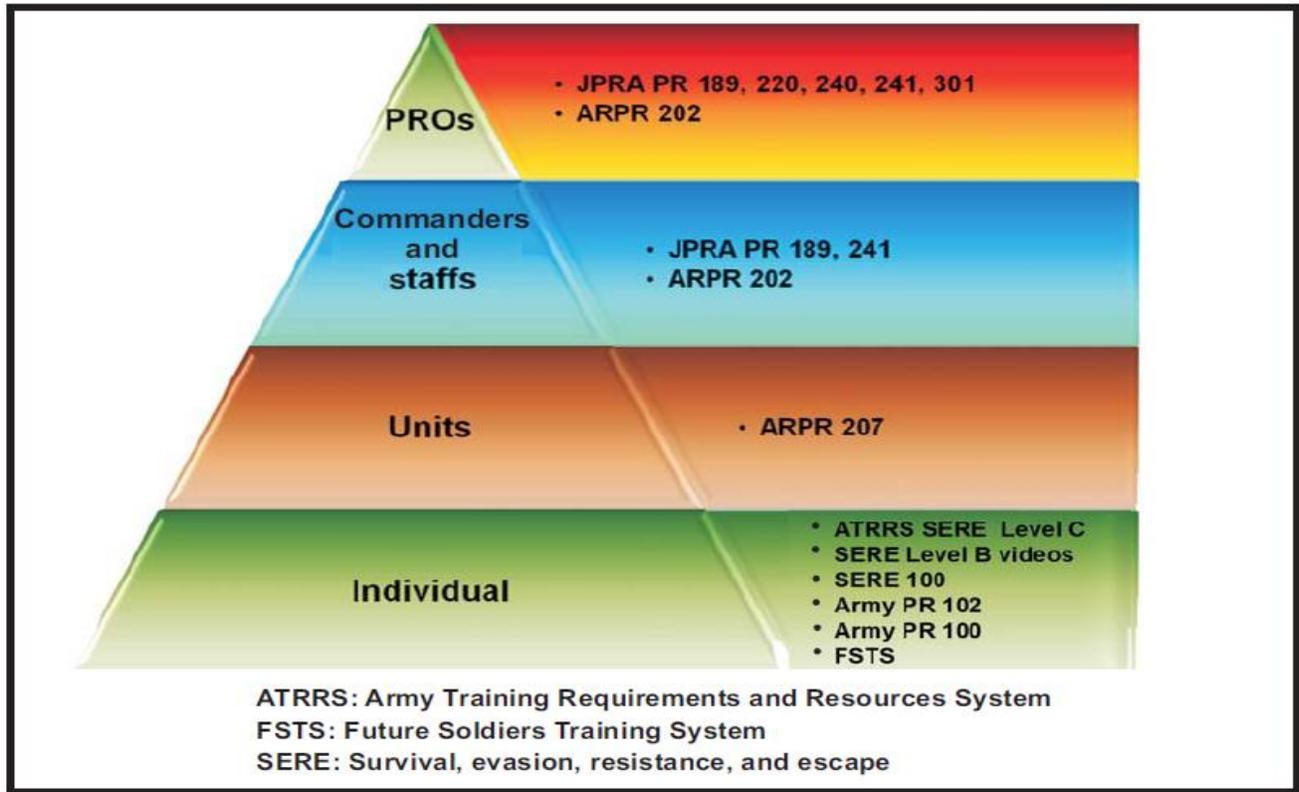


Figure H-2. Recommendation Courses for Personnel Recovery Mangers

H-3. Designation of HRI

a. Commanders of all units should review the following criteria when determining whether a person should be considered High Risk of Isolation. The CDR USPACOM and CDR USFK have designated, aviators, aircrew members, Special Operations Forces (SOF), and Long Range Surveillance (LRS) personnel as HRI, other personnel may be considered HRI based on their MOS and/or position. Reference AR 525-28, AR 350-1 and USFK REG 525-40 para 13a(2).

b. A High Risk Individual is defined as personnel whose wartime position, MOS, or assignment has a high risk of capture and whose position, rank, or seniority make them vulnerable to greater than average exploitation efforts by a captor. Examples include personnel who operate forward of the FLOT such as military intelligence, special forces, pathfinders, aviators, flying crew members, and members of ranger battalions. Personnel that are those who, due to assignment or mission, have a high risk of being taken hostage by terrorists or being detained by a hostile government in a peace time environment. Examples include Special Forces, selected military attaches and members of ranger battalions and anyone in special support missions near conflict areas.

(1) When HRI Personnel listed above do not meet the training requirements, the first Commander, O-5 or above, must mitigate the risk and approve missions operating within the P-518 tactical Zone or adjacent waters within 15NM of the international boundaries of North Korea, China, or Russia.

(2) Forward Arming and Refueling Point (FARP), Tactical Command Post (TAC), and communications RETRANS personnel may be physically isolated from their unit during normal operations and may be at high risk.

(3) Emergency and Mission Essential Civilians (EEC and MEC) who have specific operational knowledge (TS-SCI) may be targeted because they move freely around the battle space and are not armed. At the commander's discretion can be labeled as HRI.

(4) Commanders, Command Sergeants Major, some primary staff officers/ NCO's, and their drivers may be at high risk because of their operational knowledge and their need and ability to move around the battle space. At the commander's discretion can be labeled as HRI.

H-4. Sere Training Levels

a. Level A training: Code of Conduct and Law of War.

(1) Required for ALL Soldiers and annually for designated civilian employees, this training is conducted in a classroom environment within the unit.

(2) Training is provided to soldiers upon initial entry and during officer and NCO development courses. DA Civilian employees receive this training annually per PACOM instructions. It is important to note that unit level operational law training and viewing a Code of Conduct video are not equivalent training with respect to LOW. It is permissible to provide basic LOW rules, also known as "The Soldier's Rules," during Level A training, but it is usually reserved for initial military for all Soldiers. Completion of COC C Level B training via Army PR 101 or SERE 100/ SERE 101A Fulfills the Code of Conduct Level A requirement.

(3) AR 350-1, Paragraph 1-26(4). States that PR Training and education will be taught by a qualified instructor. A qualified instructor is defined as approved. PDI Code F5- Personnel Recovery Instructor. The HQDA has established F5B (PR Instructor) to identify officer, warrant officer, enlisted personnel in any MOS who have completed the Joint Personnel Recovery Agency (JPRA) Course PR301 or Army equivalent as approved by the proponent and have been approved as instructor qualified to conduct PR training.

(4) AR 350-1, appendix G, paragraph G-21 mandates annual LOW training for individuals and that the training be led by a qualified instructor, which is defined as a judge advocate or a certified paralegal noncommissioned officer. It is recommended to place unit level LOW refresher training as Level B training. The video that is recommended and available through the same source as the Level B video series: PIN #505661, SERE 100 CODE OF CONDUCT. PIN# 00431456, Personnel Recovery Concept.

b. Level B Training: This is the intermediate level of COC. Training is required for all personnel in the Korean Theater. The training should be conducted in a classroom environment within the unit with the SERE 100 computer based training as a suitable substitution. All Soldiers must receive level B training annually in their units additionally; all Soldiers, Army civilians and Army contractors shall receive Level B training within one year. Completion of PR 101 training module, SERE 100 training module, or the Level B Code of Conduct video series.

c. Level C Training. This training is conducted at a formal resident DOD school (U.S. Army SERE School, Fort Rucker, and the U.S. Army John F. Kennedy Special Warfare Center & School (USAJFKSW&S), Fort Bragg) for personnel in positions designated as HRI. Request for attendance will be through the ATRRS system at each unit. This training is required for Soldiers, Army civilians, and Army contractors whose military jobs, specialties, or assignments entail a significant or high risk or capture and exploitation.

(1) The following categories of personnel are eligible to attend the USAAWC Level C SERE Course at Fort Rucker: Personnel who have the following MOS/ASI/SQI: aviators and enlisted aircrew members (includes medical evacuation aircrew members); snipers; pathfinders; military attaches; or Personnel assigned to the following type units or duty positions: reconnaissance, surveillance and target acquisition battalions; long range reconnaissance and surveillance units; Soldiers whose deployment duties will likely require them to operate with little security outside of secure operating bases; counterintelligence and human intelligence (HUMINT) personnel whose deployment duties will likely require them to engage in operational collection outside of secure operating bases (for example, serving on a tactical HUMINT team or HUMINT collection team); counterintelligence or HUMINT personnel assigned to Deputy Chief of Staff, G-2 (DCS,G-2) or DCS,G-2 duty position; Criminal Investigation Division (CID) agents and military police whose deployment duties will likely require them to engage in investigations or police intelligence operations outside of secure operating bases.

(2) Soldiers not included in the above listed categories may attend USAAWC Level C SERE Course at Fort Rucker if a brigade commander or higher level commander has determined Level C SERE training is required. This determination should be based on duty assignment, sensitive knowledge, and/or risk of isolation, capture, or exploitation. Army personnel may obtain SERE Level C at other DOD approved service SERE schools. Reference AR 350-1.

d. Theater indoctrination training is required for all personnel assigned to Korea. A training program was developed by the SERE Specialists at the KCRT/JPRC and will supplement the Level B training. Units will coordinate with the Eighth Army PR Office for this un-classified training. Reference USFKR 525-40, para 13a(3).

e. Aviation Specific Training. This training is required for all aircrew members and encompasses specific aviation related information including Special Instructions (SPINS) published by the Air Component Command. The Isolated Personnel Guidance (IPG) will be conducted as part of the Theater Specific training. This briefing will be SECRET-NOFORN. Units will coordinate with the Eighth U.S. Army PR Office for this classified training.

f. Other unit training. Training that is set forth by unit SOP that may encompass tactics, techniques, and procedures to evade capture or facilitate recovery of forces. Units should develop this training with the assistance of the Eighth U.S. Army PR Office.

g. Personnel Recovery Training. Personnel recovery training is available at no cost to the unit via interactive media. The PRCC will provide units with schedule of available MTT and upcoming PR Training.

H-5. Level B Wartime Code of Conduct Series

CD-ROM based instruction. Personnel Recovery 102, Fundamentals of Personnel Recovery can be ordered from the Defense Imagery website. It is the same site used to order the Level B series video.

**Table H-1
Level B Wartime Code of Conduct Series**

| Pin # | Title | Running Time |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|
| PIN # 505519 | LEVEL B WARTIME CODE OF CONDUCT SERIES WARTIME SERE INTRODUCTION, | 24:35 |
| PIN # 505520 | PERSONAL NEEDS | 44:02 |
| PIN # 505521 | MEDICAL CONCERNS FOR EVASION AND CAPTIVITY | 20:03 |
| PIN # 505522 | EVASION PREPARATION, CAMOUFLAGE, AND CONCEALMENT | 30:00 |
| PIN # 505523 | EVASION TRAVEL AND NAVIGATION | 25:00 |
| PIN # 505524 | UNDERSTANDING THE CAPTIVITY ENVIRONMENT | 35:00 |
| PIN # 505525 | RESISTANCE TO EXPLOITATION (PART 1) | 65:00 |
| PIN # 505526 CONF | RESISTANCE (PART 2) | 19:55 |
| PIN # 505527 | PERSONNEL RECOVERY | 20:00 |
| PIN# 505528 | SUMMARY, LEVEL B WARTIME | 15:00 |

Hostage Level B Training Series

| | | |
|--------------------------|---|-------|
| PIN # 505532 | INTRODUCTION, LEVEL B HOSTAGE SURVIVAL | 21:37 |
| PIN # 505533 | HOSTAGE SURVIVAL POLICY | 36:12 |
| PIN # 505534 | HOSTAGE COMMUNICATION | 13:49 |
| PIN # 505535 | HOSTAGE RESISTANCE TO EXPLOITATION (1) | 26:44 |
| PIN # 505536 CONF | HOSTAGE RESISTANCE TO EXPLOITATION (2) | 27:55 |
| PIN # 505537 | HOSTAGE EFFECTING RELEASE | 19:09 |
| PIN # 505538 | SUMMARY, LEVEL B HOSTAGE SURVIVAL | 7:11 |

Level B Peacetime Governmental Series

| | | |
|--------------------------|--|-------|
| PIN # 505556 | POLICY IN PEACETIME | 38:33 |
| PIN # 505557 | EXPLOITATION BY A PEACETIME DETAINER | 28:00 |
| PIN # 505558 CONF | PEACETIME RESISTANCE, RELEASE & PREPARATION | 39:00 |
| PIN # 505559 CONF | PEACETIME RESISTANCE, PART (2) | 35:25 |

**Appendix I
Contact Information**

| Unit | DSN Phone Number |
|---|------------------------------|
| Command Center Seoul (CC Seoul) | 723-3030 |
| Eighth US Army OPS Center (Eighth Army, EOC) | 723-6876/2118 |
| Korean Combined Rescue Team (KCRT)/Joint Personnel Recovery Center (JPRC) | 784-6370/6612/6945/6943/6941 |
| Eighth U.S. Army Personnel Recovery Office | 723-3506/3508/3501 |
| Pacific Command Rescue Coordination Center (PACPRCC) | (315) 448-6666 |
| OSAN | |
| Master Control & Reporting Center (Acacia or Cobra) | 784-2566/5963/5694 |
| 7 AF Battle Watch Duty Officer (BWDO) IN Air OPS CTR (AOC) | 784-4097/2726 |
| Osan Radar Approach Control (RAPCON) | 784-5377 |
| Osan Base Operations | 784-1861 |
| YONGSAN | |
| Flight Operations Center AIC Guardian Representative | 741-6780 |
| Flight Operations Center (FOC) North (Guardian) | 736-6521/6522/6523 |
| Flight Operations Center (FOC) South (Guardian) | 736-6787/6788/6712 |
| H-264 Operations | 736-4710/4714 |
| K-16 Seoul Airbase | |
| K-16 Seoul Air Base Operations | 741-6640/6302 |
| K-16 Seoul Air Base Tower | 741-6421 |
| A-511 Camp Humphries | |
| Camp Humphreys Operations | 753-7742/7555 |
| Camp Humphreys Tower | 754-6799/7788 |
| 2 CAB Operations Center | 753-8184/2589 FAX: 7975 |
| 3 rd MI BN (AE) Operations Camp Humphries Operations | 753-7432 |
| 3-2 GSAB Medevac Humphreys | 753-6687 |
| Military Police Desk | 753-3111/3112 |

| Unit | DSN Phone Number |
|--|-------------------------|
| A-206 Camp Stanley | |
| Camp Stanley OPS | 732-5524 |
| 2d Aviation Brigade Duty Officer/Ops Center | 753-8184 |
| Camp Walker | |
| Camp Walker Operations | 764-4072 |
| Other Numbers | |
| 121st Evacuation Hospital Emergency Room | 737-5545/6001 |
| Osan Hospital (Emergency) | 784-2500 |
| Osan Weather OSS | 784-9370 |
| Osan Marine Liaison | 784-4501 |
| Osan Navy Liaison | 784-4460 |
| 607 th Weather Squadron | 725-4043 |
| US MARINES (MARFORK) G2/ PR | 723-7085 |
| USFK JPRC J-3 | 723-5625 |
| HQ, US Pacific Command Personnel Recovery Branch | (315) 477-7287 |
| HQ, US Pacific Command JPRA Command | (808) 477-7350 |
| Eighth Army Civil Affairs G-9 | 723-4869 |
| SOCKOR Personnel Recovery | 723-7443 |
| Naval Operations | 723-4902 |
| ROK Coast Guard- Inchon Operations Center | 032-835-2252 |
| Federal Bureau of Investigation | 02 397-4243 |
| Security Attaché (US Embassy, Seoul) RSO | (02) 397-4161 |

Appendix J Isolated Personnel Guidance

J-1. General

The Isolated Personnel Guidance is a component of the Joint Personnel Recovery Support Product (JPRSP). The JPRSP is constructed and maintained by the JPRA on their website (www.jptra.jfcom.smil.mil). This document is compiled from a variety of agencies that provide a collaborative tool for mission planners and high-risk personnel per countries and locations. The highest classification of material published and made available online in this document is SECRET (NOFORN).

J-2. Format and Preparation

Using the JPRSP as a guide, the G-2 and other supporting agencies may quickly assemble a large volume of additional and updated information and disseminate information up to the SECRET-ROKUS level via links and collaborative tools over GCCS-K. Unclassified information shall be assembled within a folder in the Korea Public Folders / Eighth Army Staff / Eighth ArmyG2. Units are encouraged to submit requests for information for inclusion into the IPG through the Eighth US Army PR Office.

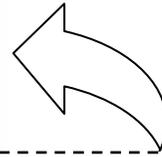
J-3. Database Management and Review

The G-2 will develop a means of annually validating the information located in the IPG for source quality and relevance and forward any recommended changes to the JPRA and JFCOM G2.

Appendix K Personnel Recovery Staff Battle Drills

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|---|----|----------------|--------|----|----|----------|--|--|
| Situation | U.S. military person is declared duty status whereabouts unknown (DUSTWUN) | CCIR | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Is the person legitimately unaccounted for? 2. Last confirmed location and time. 3. Is the person isolated/missing? 4. Is the person detained/captured? 5. If detained/captured, are abductors identified? 6. Can we confirm locations? | | | | | | | | |
| Triggers: | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Servicemember missing during routine accountability check. 2. Media announcement/signals intelligence (SIGINT) hit of captured Soldier 3. Servicemember unaccounted for during consolidation after combat action. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Effect: Clarify status, determine location, return servicemember unharmed | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Key staff | | Key tasks | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="1"> <tr><td>PRCC/PRO</td><td>PAO</td></tr> <tr><td>S3</td><td>Battle captain</td></tr> <tr><td>S2/S2X</td><td>S6</td></tr> <tr><td>S1</td><td>Chaplain</td></tr> </table> | | PRCC/PRO | PAO | S3 | Battle captain | S2/S2X | S6 | S1 | Chaplain | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate 100-percent accountability check. • Initiate focused intelligence and activate human intelligence teams. • Divert aerial assets into overwatch of last known location. • Build information operations story line, discourage non-compliant actors from supporting hostage-takers. • Commander develops full situational awareness (SA) and situational understanding (SU). • Neutralize abductors. • Return U.S. personnel to safety. | |
| PRCC/PRO | PAO | | | | | | | | | | |
| S3 | Battle captain | | | | | | | | | | |
| S2/S2X | S6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| S1 | Chaplain | | | | | | | | | | |
| Decision points | | Flowchart | | | | | | | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ★ Isolated personnel alive ★ Abductors identified ★ Location known | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LEGEND: CCIR: Commander's critical information requirements PRCC: Personnel recovery coordination center PAO: Public affairs officer PRO: Personnel recovery officer | | | | | | | | | | | |

Missing U.S. personnel Staff battle drill
(Brigade and below)



- G-1: Initiate 100% accountability

G-2: Identify threat groups in the area of operations

 - Redirect collection assets

Query key sources of information

 - Identify special operations forces or OGA's
 - Assess possible compromised information

G-3 Air: Establish airspace control measures

G-3 Space: Provide imagery support

 - Submit CD request
 - Coordinate to deny enemy command and control

G-7: Monitor for media exploitation

 - Develop missing Soldier profile

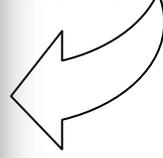
G-9: Query local sources of information

 - Inform nongovernmental organizations

Provost marshal's office:

 - Coordinate with host nation police agencies
 - Alert U.S. Forces training local police

Air support operations Squadron: Divert aircraft to last known location



Missing U.S. personnel staff battle drill
(Division and above)

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------|---|-----|----|----|--------|----|------|--|--|
| Situation | U.S. military person is declared DUSTWUN. | CCIR | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Is Soldier legitimately missing? 2. Last confirmed location and time. 3. Are kidnapers identified? | | | | | | | | |
| Triggers: | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Servicemember missing during routine accountability check. 2. Media announcement/SIGINT hit of captured U.S. Soldier. 3. Servicemember unaccounted for during consolidation after combat action. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Effect: Clarify status, determine location, return servicemember unharmed | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Key staff | | Key tasks | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="1"> <tr><td>G3</td><td>PAO</td></tr> <tr><td>CIC</td><td>G1</td></tr> <tr><td>G2</td><td>G3 SSE</td></tr> <tr><td>G7</td><td>PRCC</td></tr> </table> | | G3 | PAO | CIC | G1 | G2 | G3 SSE | G7 | PRCC | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate 100-percent accountability check. • Initiate "infield shift." • Initiate focused intelligence and space support capabilities. • Divert aerial assets into overwatch of last known location. • Increase local support. • Discourage non-compliant actors from supporting hostage takers. • Achieve SA/SU. • Neutralize kidnapers. • Return servicemember safely. | |
| G3 | PAO | | | | | | | | | | |
| CIC | G1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| G2 | G3 SSE | | | | | | | | | | |
| G7 | PRCC | | | | | | | | | | |
| Decision points | | Flowchart | | | | | | | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ★ Isolated personnel alive ★ Kidnapers identified ★ Location known | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LEGEND: CIC: Combat intelligence center SSE: Satellite communications system expert | | | | | | | | | | | |

PERSONNEL RECOVERY (PR) EXECUTION CHECKLISTS

COMMAND AND STAFF:

[J/G1](#)

[J/G2](#)

[J/G3](#)

[JOC/JOIC WATCH](#)

[JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC](#)

[J/G4](#)

[J/G5](#)

[J/G6](#)

[J/G7](#)

[PAO](#)

[SJA](#)

[SURGEON](#)

[CHAPLAIN](#)

COMPONENTS:

[Supporting Components](#)

[OPCON Component](#)

[USMILGP](#)

OTHER:

[PR Mission Coordinator](#)

[Recovery Force](#)

[Isolated Personnel](#)

[AMC](#)

[OSC](#)

SUPPORT DOCUMENTS:

[Initial Notification Checklist](#)

[PR Incident Report Format](#)

[Unit PR SITREP Format](#)

[JPRC/ PRCC PR SITREP Format](#)

[SITREP Log](#)

[Initial Recovery Report](#)

[SARIR](#)

[PRCC](#)

| J/G1 CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Notify respective Military Service or Agency (if DoD civilian, DoD Contractor or Designated Person) Casualty Support Center once an individual is determined to be isolated from U.S. control and request that they prepare a Personnel Processing File (PPF). | |
| | Maintain accountability of all forces (military, DoD civilian and DoD Contractors) | |
| | Maintain a personnel information database for military, DoD Civilian or DoD Contractor personnel. | |
| | Perform Casualty Reporting and inform Commander, JPRC/PRCC and staff of personnel Duty Status Whereabouts Unknown (DUSTWUN) | |
| 2 | If activated, augment PRCC/JOC with J1 PR representative. | |
| 3 | Identify, coordinate and provide component PR Assistant Team (PRAT) to augment USMILGP/MSD and support of PR operations. | |
| 4 | Source components for augmentees for the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC as required. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 5 | Be prepared to initiate casualty assistance or reintegration plan if required. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 6 | Provide guidance to PAO to ensure factual information is provided to the news media. | |
| 7 | Assist PRCC with sourcing personnel to support designated Component Commander responsible for the reintegration of isolated personnel. | |
| 8 | Obtain Personnel Processing File (PPF) from isolated person's respective Military Service or Agency (if DoD civilian) and forward to the PRCC Reintegration Team. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 9 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. control | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 10 | In conjunction with SJA determine legal rights the individual is entitled to, and convey those rights to the recovered person through the reintegration team designated Component Commander. | |
| | Track the status and location of recovered personnel until they complete the reintegration process. | |
| 11 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/PRCC. | |

| J/G2 CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Establish communications with JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. Ensure J2 PR representative coordinates with the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC for briefing and threat assessment. | |
| | Manage IPB and integrate IPB to support PR planning and execution, counter CSAR capabilities, potential adversary COAs. | |
| | Develop theater specific PIRs to support recovery planning. | |
| 2 | Augment PRCC with J2 PR representative to coordinate PR support. | |
| 3 | Conduct initial threat assessment (using IPB criteria) and intelligence update and immediately forward information to the JPRC/ Component PRCC | |
| 4 | Identify all available national assets and task/request national support to assist in locating and recovering the isolated individual(s). | |
| | Provide conduit to other intelligence agencies at the theater and national level for collection of PR specific intelligence. | |
| | Disseminate PR specific intelligence to the JPRC/PRCC. | |
| 5 | Obtain and provide to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC updated terrain, vegetation, and threat information in the vicinity of isolated personnel. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 6 | Update national intelligence systems/agencies when isolated personnel location is known./ Send requirements to queue national systems/agencies /theater assets if location is unknown | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 7 | Through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC provide the PR Mission Coordinator with updated intelligence situation reports. | |
| 8 | Facilitate coordination of national intelligence support to PR and ensure information is being pushed to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 9 | Determine threat counter CSAR capabilities. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 10 | Continue to provide intelligence updates to the PR Mission Coordinator through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 11 | Evaluate threat level at recovery sites when the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC or PR Mission Coordinator provides location(s). | |
| 12 | Monitor recovery mission and support return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel./ Identify any threat counter-recovery trends and pass to theater and national level | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 13 | Stand down national intelligence systems when JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC transmits final PR SITREP. | |
| 14 | Provide Intelligence Debrief Capability to support the Reintegration Team | |
| 15 | Provide reports and lessons learned to the JPRC/PRCC. | |

| J/G3 CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Implement Crisis Action Planning procedures/Battle Drill. Augment PRCC with J3 PR representative to coordinate PR support. | |
| 2 | Through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC Director, designate a PR Mission Coordinator to direct, coordinate support and assist in planning the PR mission. | |
| 3 | Through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC Director, task components and request other agencies and Coalition Partner/Host Nation (through JOC/MILGP) to identify and report availability of their recovery capabilities to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 4 | Review and authorize release of JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC's PR Incident Report. | |
| 5 | Activate the Information Operations (IO) Cell and implement the IO plan. | |
| 6 | Alert theater airlift to plan and prepare for airdrop of emergency supplies to isolated personnel and coordinate with the PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 7 | Request JPRA provide support of isolated personnel's families and reintegration effort through the PRCC. | |
| 8 | Through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC Director and PR Mission Coordinator, designate a Recovery Force Commander (see Recovery Force Checklist) to evaluate the probability of success, plan and execute the recovery mission. | |
| 9 | In conjunction with PRCC and JOC/USMILGP, alert designated Initial Reception Point facilities to prepare for the returnee's initial medical evaluation, stabilization, and debriefing. | |
| 10 | In coordination with JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC determine TF composition requirements. (On Scene-Immediate, QRF, Joint) | |
| 11 | Prepare to deploy Debriefing Team to Initial Reception Point. (May involve requesting JPRA assistance) | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 12 | Assist the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC Director with identifying requirements/capability to support search operations if necessary. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 13 | Authorize Reintegration /Reintegration Team to deploy to Initial Reception Point to assist in reintegration activities (if not already deployed). | |
| 14 | Coordinate and obtain approval for supplemental ROE required to accomplish recovery operations. (Must be on-the-shelf) | |
| 15 | Through the PRCC, designate a Unit of Action/Component Commander that will support the return and reintegration/reintegration of isolated personnel and be responsible for the returnees initial processing. | |

| J/G3 CHECKLIST (Cont) | | |
|------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 16 | Through JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC Director, task components to support the PR Mission Coordinator in planning and executing recovery mission. | |
| 17 | In conjunction with the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC, J/G2, review and validate PR recovery courses of action. | |
| 18 | Monitor recovery mission and support return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 19 | Review and authorize release of JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC's PR Situation Report(s). | |
| 20 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| JOIC/JOC/EOC/COIC WATCH CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Receive report of isolated personnel IAW Initial PR Response Notification Checklist : | |
| 1.1 | Notify JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC of PR incident. | |
| 1.2 | Notify Staff. | |
| 1.3 | Transmit OPREP-3 report. | |
| 1.4 | Announce event on JOC/COIC Floor (coordinate with JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC). | |
| 2 | Forward all incoming PR information to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 3 | Assist the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC with transmission of PR Incident Report. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | Forward all incoming PR information to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 5 | Forward all incoming PR information to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 6 | Forward all incoming PR information to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 7 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 8 | Forward all incoming PR information to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 9 | Assist JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC with transmission of JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC PR SITREP. | |
| 10 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| J/G4 CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Identify and request support for PR operations (ISB and FSB, FOL locations, Logistic requirements, C4, Intelligence, Strategic Air and Reintegration support). | |
| 2 | Identify possible ISB/FOL to be used in support of PR operations. | |
| 3 | Augment PRCC with J/G4 PR representative to coordinate PR support. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | Coordinate support for pre-positioned PR forces or other PR support assets. | |
| 5 | Identify theater air assets to load and drop survivor support kits. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 6 | Identify transport requirements for personnel and equipment into and throughout theater to include aero medical evacuation for returnees. | |
| 7 | Notify the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC of all actions and any available support. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 8 | Monitor recovery mission and support return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| | Coordinate or provide mortuary affairs support. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 9 | Ensure returnee's transportation requirements to Reintegration location or CONUS are in place. | |
| 10 | Assist in coordinating the return of deployed PR forces and equipment. | |
| 11 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| J/G5 CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Coordinate with Coalition Partner/ Host Nation through JOC/MILGP/DAO/ appropriate organization to obtain diplomatic clearance for entry and over flight of U.S. personnel in support of PR operations. (MOA in Place) | |
| 2 | Augment PRCC with J/G5 PR representative to coordinate PR support through the civil-military operations center (CMOC) | |
| 3 | Through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC, update the PR Mission Coordinator when dip clearances are approved. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | Assist PRCC with identifying and coordinating an in-theater treatment and processing facility. | |
| | Provide J2 with information gained from civilians in the AO and assist with the analysis of the civil dimension. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 5 | Coordinate through JOC/ MILGP to obtain Coalition Partner/Host Nation approval of cross border operations in support of isolated personnel. | |
| 6 | In conjunction with PRCC identify, coordinate, and plan for the Initial Reintegration/ Reintegration Point. | |
| | Coordinate with the PAO and PSYOP office to ensure that information does not contradict the public affairs, PSYOP, and deception plans. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 7 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 8 | Coordinate diplomatic clearances for flights supporting redeployment missions. (MOA in Place) | |
| 9 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| J/G6 CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Ensure PR communications (SATCOM, SIPRNET, etc.) are operational. | |
| | Provide architecture necessary to collect, process, display and store relevant information to support C2. | |
| 2 | Augment PRCC with J6 PR representative to coordinate communications support. | |
| 3 | Coordinate with JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC to determine if additional radio frequencies are required. De-conflict frequency using SPACE assets | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | Monitor status of PR communications channels to ensure C2 is not degraded or interrupted. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 5 | Assist in identifying and locating equipment required by deploying support forces. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 6 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| 7 | Monitor status of PR communications channels to ensure C2 is not degraded or interrupted. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 8 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| J/G7 CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Integrate PR Considerations into PSYOP, deception and Public Affairs plans. | |
| | Include PR IO actions in the plan or order. | |
| | Coordinate IO with other agencies. (US Information Agency, USAID, AMEMB) | |
| 3 | | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 5 | Mislead the enemy about the purpose of recovery operations or mask the capabilities and TTP's of recovery units. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 6 | | |
| | | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 8 | | |

| PAO CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Coordinate with JOC/US Embassy PAO and JTF-J1 for coordinated release of information. | |
| 2 | Notify OSD PAO of isolated personnel situation and coordinate for information flow to isolated personnel's family members through Service Survivor Assistance Officer. | |
| 3 | Augment PRCC with PAO PR representative to coordinate PR support. | |
| 4 | Manage command PR information to media, higher headquarters and through the services to the isolated personnel's family. | |
| | Advise the commander of the public affairs impact of planned or current PR missions and operations. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 5 | Manage command PR information to media and higher headquarters in coordination with subordinate commands and other organizations as required. (Insure integration with IO plan) | |
| 6 | Coordinate with JPRC/COMPONENT-PRCC/PRCC to ensure no compromise of sensitive information or isolated personnel status. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 7 | In conjunction with PRCC, coordinate with the respective Military Service or Agency to ensure next of kin receive timely and accurate information concerning their isolated family member. | |
| 8 | Coordinate and provide support to recovery forces as required | |
| 9 | Make periodic releases to keep the public updated on mission progress, and a final release summarizing the entire mission made when the case is concluded. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 10 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 11 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| SJA CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Determine legal status of isolated personnel and forward to the PRCC. | |
| 2 | Provide PRCC with JA PR representative to coordinate PR support. | |
| | Provide international and operational law assistance to ROE impact on PR missions. | |
| 3 | Assess feasibility of legal use of funds to affect recoveries. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | Update/confirm isolated personnel's legal status after location is determined and forward to the PRCC. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 5 | Notify the PRCC if isolated personnel's legal status changes. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 6 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 7 | Identify and task legal representative for recovered personnel. | |
| 8 | Coordinate | |
| 9 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| SURGEON CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Notify mortuary affairs and request forensic capability to support PR operations. | |
| 2 | Augment PRCC with SG PR representative to coordinate PR support. | |
| 3 | Validate/confirm capabilities of appropriate in-country/Theater hospitals and determine required medical capability for the return of isolated personnel. | |
| | Coordinate for inter theater aero medical evacuation aircraft. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | Reassess required medical capabilities after communication is established with the isolated personnel and their medical status is confirmed. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 5 | Be prepared to provide recommendations to if medical supplies must be air dropped to isolated personnel. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 6 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 7 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| | Coordinate medical (including psychological) personnel to assist during reintegration. | |

| CHAPLAIN CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| PLANNING AND PRE-MISSION PHASE | | |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Coordinate Chaplain activities to provide support to next of kin. | |
| 2 | Augment PRCC with Chaplain PR representative to coordinate PR support. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| | Prayer..... | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| | | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 3 | Monitor recovery mission and return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 4 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| | Provide religious support to IP during reintegration operations. | |

| PRCC CHECKLIST | | |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Ensure PRCC is staffed with appropriate representatives. | |
| 2 | Contact JPRA and request listing for the respective Military Service Yellow Ribbon OPRs; to include list of designated CONUS installations, processing team chiefs and contact information. | |
| 3 | Ensure the following are briefed on situation: DPMO, Military Service OPRs, Military Service Casualty Offices, and Chief of Chaplain Offices. | |
| 4 | Establish communications with the JPRC/COMPONENT/UNIT PRCC and the Component Commander designated by J/G3-CHOPS that will be responsible for coordinating in-theater reintegration/reintegration activities. | |
| 5 | Initiate logistic, medical and debriefing support planning upon notification that U.S. personnel are isolated from friendly forces. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 6 | In conjunction with JTF-J3 JOC and USMILGP, alert designated Initial Reception Point facilities to prepare for the returnee's initial medical evaluation, stabilization, and debriefing | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 7 | Coordinate access to financial, legal, medical, and JPRA psychological assistance to family. | |
| 8 | Provide oversight and/or direct family support activities with the respective Military Service or Agency. | |
| 9 | Assist JTF-J/G5 with coordinating aero-medical evacuation requirements for returnees. Review future operations to insure PR issues have been addressed | |
| 10 | Appoint an escort and ensure that security and non-disclosure statements are issued until the designated debriefing team assumes control of the returnee. | |
| 11 | In conjunction with the J3, designate a Component Commander that will support the return and reintegration of isolated personnel and be responsible for the returnees initial processing. | |
| 12 | Ensure Component Commanders provide required collateral support to assist in returning U.S. personnel. | |
| 13 | Provide oversight and assist the designated reintegration Component Commander with all reintegration activities. | |
| 14 | Identify and facilitate theater and country clearances for deploying support teams (JPRA Debriefing Team, reintegration Component Commander, Command escort, etc.). | |
| 15 | Monitor recovery mission and support return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 16 | Monitor recovery mission and support return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATE PHASE | | |
| 17 | Ensure reintegration Component Commander has support necessary to execute all phases of the reintegration plan. | |
| 18 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| JTF-JOC/USMILGP CHECKLIST | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Provide in-country reporting procedures and POC/ phone numbers via secure voice to JOIC/JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 2 | Pass, validate and coordinate information with Coalition Partner/Host Nation, Country Team, (JOIC & JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC), and Interagency contacts. | |
| 3 | Establish and maintain contact (advisory role) with Coalition Partner/Host Nation Search and Rescue Mission Coordinator (SMC). | |
| 3.1 | Determine Coalition Partner/Host Nation's PR course(s) of action. | |
| 3.2 | Determine if Coalition Partner/Host Nation has already initiated PR operations. | |
| 3.3 | Determine what type(s) of U.S. assistance Coalition Partner/Host Nation wants/needs. | |
| 3.4 | Confirm status of requests made by the Coalition Partner/Host Nation SMC. | |
| 3.5 | Update the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 4 | If designated PR Mission Coordinator by the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC, complete PR Mission Coordinator Checklist. | |
| 5 | Establish a Crisis Action Cell (Embassy, MILGP, PR cell). | |
| 6 | Coordinate U.S. in-country assets for PR operations. Forward asset availability along with capabilities and location to the PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 7 | Alert in-country medical, family support team, PAO, security, etc. | |
| 8 | Establish communications with PRCC to coordinate PR support to include JTF/MILGP support to the deploying reintegration team and the alerting of designated Initial Reception Point facilities. | |
| 9 | Coordinate and implement force protection plan for PR operations. | |
| 10 | Provide information to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC, components, Interagency, and Coalition Partner/Host Nation as required. | |
| 11 | Coordinate U.S. PR courses of action with Coalition Partner/Host Nation, Country Team, and/or Interagency for PR operations. | |
| 12 | Assist PR Mission Coordinator/JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC with coordinating airspace de-confliction issues with the Coalition Partner/Host Nation. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 13 | Facilitate required diplomatic clearances and forward to PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 14 | Identify in-country resources (Coalition Partner/Host Nation, Interagency, U.S., etc) that can conduct search operations if needed. Relay to PR Mission Coordinator. | |

JTF-JOC / USMILGP CHECKLIST (Cont)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 15 | Coordinate debriefing considerations with Coalition Partner/Host Nation and in the event isolated personnel are recovered by Coalition Partner/Host Nation assets. | |
| 16 | In conjunction with PR Mission Coordinator, coordinate for specialized equipment such as SERE kits/bundle drops. | |
| 17 | Coordinate Coalition Partner/Host Nation support request and obtain ambassador's approval. | |
| 18 | Through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC or PR Mission Coordinator, request EPA, ISOPREP data, and equipment list for isolated personnel. (OPORD may be all that is available for tactical units) | |
| 19 | Coordinate with in-country intelligence and weather agencies to determine threats to isolated personnel/recovery force and forward info to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 20 | Coordinate support for unaffected team members of isolated personnel. | |
| 21 | In conjunction JTF-Foreign Disclosure rep, coordinate with DAO for release of classified information to Coalition Partner / Host Nation. | |
| 22 | Support in-country CACO plan if executed as required. | |
| 23 | Assist the PRCC with alerting designated Initial Reception Point facilities to prepare for the returnee's initial medical evaluation, stabilization, and debriefing. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 24 | Establish and maintain contact (advisory role) with Coalition Partner/Host Nation recovery team. | |
| 25 | Provide Recovery Force Commander with in-country LNO. | |
| 26 | Forward Coalition Partner/Host Nation recovery plan to PR Mission Coordinator if Coalition Partner/Host Nation recovery vehicle is used. | |
| 26.1 | Confirm plan with Coalition Partner/Host Nation to transfer isolated personnel to U.S. control. | |
| 26.2 | Determine if U.S. personnel can accompany Coalition Partner/Host Nation recovery team to assist in the recovery and transfer of isolated personnel. | |
| 26.3 | Determine if Coalition Partner/Host Nation recovery force requires authentication data and request release of information. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 27 | Assist designated reintegration Component Commander with coordinating in-country turnover of isolated personnel to the appropriate agency. | |
| 28 | Transmit PR Situation Report to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC upon mission conclusion or daily if PR operations are ongoing. | |
| 29 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 30 | Coordinate destruction of recovery force classified material. | |

| OPCON COMPONENT CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Determine component's capability to plan, coordinate and execute PR operations in support of isolated personnel. | |
| 2 | Notify JTF-JOC/ COMPONENT PRCC/ JPRC with component's/Unit of action PR course of action and ability to support: | |
| 2.1 | If able to support, JTF-J3 through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC will designate the OPCON RCC/commander as PR Mission Coordinator: | |
| 2.1.1 | Accomplish PR Mission Coordinator Checklist. | |
| 2.2 | If unable to support, JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC will assume role as PR Mission Coordinator or assign responsibility to an alternate PRCC/commander. | |
| 3 | Activate component PRCC and relay contact info to the JPRC. | |
| 4 | Coordinate with the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC and forward the following items as required: | |
| 4.1 | Isolated personnel EPA. (Tactical OPORD if available) | |
| 4.2 | Isolated personnel ISOPREP data. | |
| 4.3 | Isolated personnel equipment list. | |
| 4.4 | Level of SERE training. | |
| 5 | Establish communications with PRCC to coordinate PR support to include component support to the reintegration team. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 6 | Determine if component has search assets available if needed and forward to PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 7 | Notify JTF-JOC/JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC when isolated personnel are located. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 8 | Deploy component support team to incident location as required. | |
| 9 | Once designated the Commander responsible for the reintegration activities, accomplish the following (coordinate with the PRCC throughout the reintegration process): | |
| 9.1 | Obtain the contact information for the Command escort. | |
| 9.2 | Appoint a unit Survivor Assistance Officer to assist the PRCC with coordinating support for the isolated personnel's family. | |
| 9.3 | Designate and organize a reintegration team. | |
| 9.4 | Appoint an Initial Reception Point and Theater Transition Point OIC/NCOIC. | |

OPCON COMPONENT CHECKLIST (Cont)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------|
| 9.5 | In coordination with JTF-J3 deploy reintegration team to designated Initial Reception Point to assist JPRA Debriefing Team with reintegration activities.(if no organic capability exists) | |
| 9.6 | Coordinate for deployment of Crisis Intervention Stress Debriefing Team to the Initial Reception Point in order to conduct CISD debriefings as soon as possible. | |
| 9.7 | Ensure medical personnel to include a SERE Psychologist (or other appropriate mental health professional if not available) are at the Initial Reception Point to begin the psychological assessment. | |
| 9.8 | Designate a Theater Transition Point for follow-on reintegration activities if required. | |
| 9.9 | Coordinate reintegration with respective Military Service or Agency reps. | |
| 9.10 | Coordinate reintegration activities with JOC-MILGP and update the PRCC. | |
| 10 | Augment JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC if directed by JTF-J1. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 11 | Monitor recovery mission and support return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 12 | Once designated the Commander responsible for the commands reintegration activities, accomplish the following (coordinate with the PRCC throughout the reintegration process): | |
| | Provide the command authority with pertinent information to make decisions regarding reintegration processes. | |
| 12.1 | Advice returned DoD contractor employees upon initial reintegration that they may choose to be processed through all phases of YELLOW RIBBON, but if they elect to leave the military processing sequence, they will not be allowed to reenter. | |
| 12.2 | Implement plans and procedures to take custody of returned personnel from IO or NGO representatives as soon as possible after release. | |
| 12.3 | Confirm the returnee's identity and receive necessary disposition instructions by coordinating with the unit of assignment and the PRCC. | |
| 12.4 | Coordinate with JPRA and key medical staff (when indicated) to restrict access to returnee. | |
| 12.5 | In conjunction with JPRA identify standards for debriefing time-line. | |
| 12.6 | Coordinate for JPRA to conduct a SERE Debriefing to collect perishable and imperative information pertinent to SERE issues and to assess the returnee's exposure to sensitive recovery operations. | |
| 12.7 | Coordinate with JPRA to conduct a NAR Debriefing to collect information pertinent to assisted recovery operations. | |

OPCON COMPONENT CHECKLIST (Cont)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|-------------|--|----------------------|
| 12.8 | Coordinate with JPRA to conduct a SERE Psychological evaluation to ascertain the psychological status of the returnee. | |
| 12.9 | Provide care, custody and safeguards for the returnee, including all required health care and protection from unwarranted curiosity such as the media and other medical patients. | |
| 12.10 | In conjunction with the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC and JPRA Debriefing Team, develop procedures for ensuring that time sensitive tactical/perishable intelligence obtained from the initial debriefing is submitted through the appropriate intelligence channels for evaluation and dissemination. | |
| 12.11 | Provide access to PAO oversight, Chaplin, legal assistance, and financial assistance. | |
| 12.12 | Obtain information and transmit Initial Recovery Report. | |
| 12.13 | Once the returnee is medically cleared determine if further debriefing for tactical intelligence is required and develop follow-on procedure as required. | |
| 12.14 | Prior to returning to home station, ensure returnee is afforded access to all necessary support agencies in-theater to continue reintegration needs. | |
| 12.15 | Coordinate for accommodations of returnee and reintegration team. | |
| 12.16 | Establish a plan for family reunification in CONUS or in-theater to include transportation and all required escort. | |
| 12.17 | Coordinate reintegration activities with MILGP and update the PRCC. | |
| 13 | Transmit PR Situation Report to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC upon mission conclusion or daily if PR operations are ongoing. | |
| 14 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| SUPPORTING COMPONENT CHECKLIST | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Activate component PRCC as required and relay contact info to the JTF-JOC / JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 2 | OPCON authorities: identify resources that can assist in the PR operation and forward information to JTF-JOC/JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC to include quantity, location, limitations, and capabilities. | |
| 3 | TACON authorities: if resources are in the vicinity of the isolated personnel conducting their primary mission, complete the following: | |
| 3.1 | Immediately relay resource information (type, callsign, location, capabilities, and OPCON authority) to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 3.2 | Coordinate with OPCON authority as directed by the JTF-JOC JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 3.3 | Coordinate with JTF-JOC/MILGP as directed by the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 3.4 | Divert or launch resource(s) when directed by the JTF-JOC /JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 4 | If designated PR Mission Coordinator by the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC, complete PR Mission Coordinator Checklist. | |
| 5 | Forward all reports received from component resources to the PR Mission Coordinator and/or JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 6 | Determine if component has search assets available if needed and forward to PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 7 | Notify JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC if isolated personnel are located by component resources. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 8 | Augment JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC if directed by JTF-J1. | |
| 9 | Support reintegration/ reintegration activities as required. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 10 | Monitor recovery mission and support return of isolated personnel to U.S. personnel. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 11 | Support reintegration / reintegration activities as required. | |
| 12 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/JTF-JOC/ COMPONENT PRCC. | |

ISOLATED PERSONNEL CHECKLIST

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------|
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Transmit location, condition, and requests for support. | |
| 2 | Monitor and report as capable threat and weather information vicinity of isolated personnel. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 3 | Execute evasion plan of action. | |
| 4 | Implement theater recovery plan IAW Theater Special Instructions (SPINS). | |
| 5 | Establish communications with recovery forces. | |
| 6 | Signal location and provide authentication. | |
| | | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 7 | Isolated personnel provide weather and threat situation updates. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 8 | Isolated personnel signal and authenticate with recovery forces. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| | | |

| JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC CHECKLIST | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Initiate PR Coordination Worksheet and open SAR Master/PRMS incident case. | |
| 2 | Evaluate and validate initial report of isolated personnel. | |
| 3 | Notify all components of PR incident via voice PR Incident Report PR Incident Report. | |
| 4 | Determine PR command relationship to ensure unity of command: | |
| 4.1 | Contact MILGP PR POC to coordinate the following: | |
| 4.1.1 | Which Coalition Partner/ Host Nation agency/individual (SAR Mission Coordinator -SMC) is the overall coordinating authority for this incident. | |
| 4.1.2 | Coalition Partner/Host Nation's capability to support isolated personnel and recovery force. | |
| 4.1.3 | Determine if Coalition Partner/Host Nation has already launched/diverted resources to isolated personnel location. | |
| 4.1.4 | Status of any requests or approvals from Coalition Partner/Host Nation for U.S. assistance/participation. | |
| 4.2 | Contact OPCON component PRCC or Interagency POC (if non-DoD) to determine if they can coordinate PR operation. | |
| 4.3 | Contact JTF- JOC, to coordinate any immediate response options (search assets, overhead support aircraft, etc.). | |
| 5 | Coordinate with JTF-J3 to designate a PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 6 | Update and transmit PR Incident Report message (coordinate with J3). | |
| 7 | Obtain isolated personnel ISOPREP/authentication data. | |
| 8 | Obtain isolated personnel EPA to include level of SERE training and equipment. | |
| 9 | Determine radio frequencies that should be monitored. | |
| 10 | Coordinate for national asset support through the J2 LNO. | |
| 11 | Request DLOG through SPACECOM SPOC, DSN XXX-XXXX. | |
| 12 | Request ADIS query through JSSROC, DSN XXX-XXXX. | |
| 13 | Request OPLOT through USMCC, Comm (301) 457-5428 | |
| 14 | Release classified information to PR forces as required and IAW Foreign Disclosure Policy/SPINS. | |
| 15 | Support JTF-J3 and PR Mission Coordinator with airdrop of emergency supplies to isolated personnel. | |
| 16 | Forward all information to PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 17 | Coordinate with JTF-J3 and PR Mission Coordinator to designate a Recovery Force Commander (see Recovery Force Checklist) to evaluate the probability of success, plan and execute the recovery mission. | |

JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC CHECKLIST (Cont)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 18 | Assist the PR Mission Coordinator with identifying and tasking assets to support search operations if necessary. | |
| 19 | Notify components and staff when isolated personnel are located. | |
| 20 | Implement theater recovery plan IAW Theater PR Special Instructions (SPINS). | |
| 21 | Coordinate for situational awareness to be provided to isolated personnel and on-scene assets. | |
| 22 | Notify and update ALCON to changes in communications schedule or SPINS information. | |
| 23 | Notify National Level Intelligence systems of isolated personnel change of event status. | |
| 24 | Notify intelligence community POW/MIA cell if the Isolated Personnel event <i>(don't wait for them to become a Hostage/Detainee situation.)</i> | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 25 | Coordinate and task components or J/G3 requests from JCS aircraft to facilitate support of isolated personnel. | |
| 26 | Monitor and coordinate support of isolated personnel through PR Mission Coordinator and/or recovery force. | |
| 27 | Forward all intelligence updates and reports from national assets to the PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 28 | Coordinate with unit blood chit manager to determine if isolated personnel were issued chits. | |
| 29 | Support reintegration activities as required. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 30 | Assist the PR Mission Coordinator with developing and recommending Recovery Force Commander's recovery courses of action to the J3. | |
| 31 | Through the PR Mission Coordinator ensure that recovery forces have isolated personnel authentication information (relay through secure comms). | |
| 32 | Notify components and staff when isolated personnel are recovered. | |
| 33 | Monitor and coordinate support for PR forces. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 34 | Support reintegration activities as required | |
| 35 | Transmit JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC PR Situation Report upon mission conclusion or daily if PR operations are ongoing. | |
| 36 | Consolidate after actions data and develops Theater AAR. | |
| 37 | Identify, record, and forward Lessons Learned IAW JULLS procedures. | |

PR MISSION COORDINATOR CHECKLIST

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|---------------------|---|----------------------|
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Evaluate and confirm all reports received regarding PR incident. | |
| 2 | Determine asset (U.S. and Coalition Partner/Host Nation) availability to include quantity, location, limitations, and capabilities: | |
| 2.1 | Identify recovery assets. | |
| 2.2 | Identify RESCORT/CAS assets. | |
| 2.3 | Identify ground forces. | |
| 2.4 | Identify airlift/MEDEVAC assets. | |
| 2.5 | Assign Airborne Mission Commander (AMC) - Ensure commander is briefed on AMC duties. | |
| 2.6 | If no AMC, assign On-Scene Commander (OSC) - Ensure commander is briefed on OSC duties. | |
| 2.7 | Determine if special equipment is required. | |
| 2.8 | Coordinate with JTF-JOC/MILGP and J5 to ensure diplomatic clearances are issued/ approved. | |
| 3 | Contact the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC for the following: | |
| 3.1 | Request isolated personnel ISOPREP/authentication data. | |
| 3.2 | Request isolated personnel EPA to include level of SERE training and equipment. | |
| 3.2 | Request radio frequencies that should be monitored. | |
| 3.4 | In coordination with JTF-J3 and JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC designate a Recovery Force Commander. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 4 | Receive, evaluate and verify last know location of isolated personnel. | |
| 5 | Request OPLOT, ADIS, and DLOG information from JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC to assist in locating the isolated personnel. | |
| 6 | Obtain threat assessment from JTF-J2, MILGP and any on-scene aircraft. | |
| 7 | Obtain current and forecast weather for incident area. | |
| 8 | Plan and execute search operations if location of isolated personnel is unknown (coordinate with JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC and Coalition Partner/Host Nation SMC). | |
| 9 | After coordinating with JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC and Coalition Partner/Host Nation, divert or launch available aircraft to the last known area of operations for the isolated personnel in order to establish communications and locate isolated personnel | |

PR MISSION COORDINATOR CHECKLIST (Cont)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------|
| 10 | Determine medical status of isolated personnel. | |
| 11 | Determine if there is an immediate threat to the isolated personnel. | |
| 12 | If aircraft (AMC, OSC, other asst, etc.) are on-scene and in contact with isolated personnel, have Aircraft Commander relay all PR information to the PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 13 | Determine if there is a requirement for EOD or HAZMAT support team. | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 14 | Monitor and coordinate support for PR forces. | |
| 15 | Request status reports from AMC/OSC and forward updates to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 16 | Through the J3 and JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC, assist in the planning of airdrop of emergency supplies to the isolated personnel. | |
| 17 | Identify and coordinate for mental health and medical professionals support at the ISB/FOL. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 18 | In conjunction with the Recovery Force Commander, develop and recommend to J3 PR courses of action to recover isolated personnel: | |
| 18.1 | Coordinate PR recovery courses of action with JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 18.2 | Coordinate PR recovery courses of action with Coalition Partner/Host Nation coordinating authority (SMC) through JOC/MILGP. | |
| 18.3 | Forward coordinated PR courses of action to J3 through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC for validation and approval. | |
| 19 | Ensure Recovery Force Commander has all information and resources to conduct recovery mission to include isolated personnel authentication data Initial Reception Point location. | |
| 20 | Ensure recovery forces are briefed and provided the following: (current threat assessment and weather conditions, authentication data, radio frequencies, OSC/AMC assigned, information on other PR forces operating in area, etc.). | |
| 21 | Notify JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC when isolated personnel are recovered. | |
| 22 | Monitor and coordinate support for PR forces. | |
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 23 | Coordinate transfer of isolated personnel from recovery force to U.S. control. | |
| 24 | Notify the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC when recovery forces and isolated personnel arrive at the Initial Reception Point. | |
| 25 | Assist designated reintegration/reintegration commander as required. | |
| 26 | Transmit PR Situation Report to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC upon mission conclusion or daily if PR operations are ongoing. | |
| 27 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JOC/JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

| RECOVERY FORCE CHECKLIST | | |
|--------------------------|--|---------------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
| REPORT PHASE | | |
| 1 | Establish communication link with PR Mission Coordinator to receive initial PR brief. | |
| 2 | Stand up Personnel Recovery Coordination Cell and establish 24-hour watch as required. Pass contact info to PR Mission Coordinator and JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |
| 3 | Notify, prepare and deploy Personnel Recovery Assessment Team (PRAT) to provide liaison with and coordination of Coalition Partner/Host Nation PR capabilities. <i>(if required)</i> | |
| 4 | Determine earliest recovery times IAW PR options and coordinate Interagency and Coalition Partner/Host Nation support as required. | |
| 5 | Coordinate the following with the PR Mission Coordinator: | |
| 5.1 | List of available U.S. and Coalition Partner/Host Nation assets (support, recovery, etc.). | |
| 5.2 | Request and coordinate close air support for isolated personnel and RESCORT for recovery force, when necessary. | |
| 5.3 | Obtain isolated personnel EPA/ISOPREP to assist in recovery capability assessment and COA development. (May be unit OPORD) | |
| 5.4 | Obtain current SPINS data for authentication. | |
| 6 | Monitor and report threat activity vicinity of isolated personnel. | |
| 7 | Identify rules of engagement and submit request for supplemental ROE to JOC/JOIC. | |
| 8 | Review the medical record for the isolated personnel. (Any Allergies Noted on ISOPREP) | |
| 9 | Deploy LNOs with their own communications package to provide support to MILGP or Embassy when personnel are isolated from U.S. control. | |
| 10 | Coordinate for pick-up, delivery, and air drop of specialized equipment and SAR Kits as required. | |
| 11 | Contact PR Mission Coordinator to obtain AMC/OSC information and coordinate airspace de-confliction issues. | |
| LOCATE PHASE | | |
| 12 | Establish communications schedule with isolated personnel. | |
| 13 | Determine and maintain medical status of isolated personnel. | |
| 14 | Implement theater recovery plan IAW Theater PR Special Instructions (SPINS). | |
| SUPPORT PHASE | | |
| 15 | Confirm medical status of isolated personnel. | |

RECOVERY FORCE CHECKLIST (Cont)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|----------------------|--|---------------|
| 16 | Prepare to coordinate Close Air Support to isolated personnel. | |
| 17 | Prepare to provide emergency resupply to isolated personnel. | |
| 18 | Provide isolated personnel with intelligence situation reports and weather forecasts. | |
| 19 | Coordinate through JOC/MILGP and US Coalition Partner/Host Nation and/or Interagency turnover procedures for isolated personnel. | |
| 20 | Coordinate through MILGP Coalition Partner/Host Nation LNO for rider support of CSAR operations as required. | |
| 21 | Provide Coalition Partner/Host Nation and/or Interagency liaison teams to coordinate support of PR operations. | |
| RECOVER PHASE | | |
| 22 | Plan, prepare, order, C2, and support recovery of isolated personnel. | |
| 23 | Plan, coordinate and de-conflict recovery plan with Coalition Partner/Host Nation through JOC / MILGRP. | |
| 24 | Coordinate recovery plan with PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 25 | Conduct final coordination and preparation to receive isolated personnel. | |
| 26 | Be prepared to provide en route and staging base emergency medical support for isolated personnel. | |
| 27 | Be prepared to establish and operate PR casualty collection point. | |
| 28 | Reconstitute and/or redeploys recovery forces as required. | |
| 29 | Identify tanker/fuel requirements for support of transportation of personnel and equipment. | |
| 30 | Establish communication with OSC/AMC prior to arriving in recovery area to receive situational update. | |
| 31 | Establish contact with isolated personnel once on-scene and authenticate if not already accomplished by OSC/AMC. | |
| 32 | Recover isolated personnel and search/secure individuals to confirm identity if necessary. | |
| 33 | Secure any weapons found on the isolated personnel. | |
| 34 | Evaluate situation and determine if status of isolated personnel has changed. | |
| 35 | Transport isolated personnel to the Initial Reception Point. | |
| 36 | Notify AMC/OSC or PR Mission Coordinator when isolated personnel are recovered. | |

RECOVERY FORCE CHECKLIST (Cont)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| REINTEGRATION PHASE | | |
| 37 | Assist designated reintegration Component Commander as required. | |
| 38 | Provide and maintain security and force protection. | |
| 39 | While en route to Initial Reception Point accomplish the following: | |
| 39.1 | Conduct Initial Intelligence Debriefing to collect perishable tactical information and time-sensitive information on personnel who are still unaccounted for. | |
| 39.2 | Provide any immediate medical treatment that is required. | |
| 39.3 | Provide psychological first aid if required. | |
| 40 | Coordinate and conduct turnover of isolated personnel to appropriate authorities at the Initial Reception Point. | |
| 41 | Initiate subsequent PR planning if all isolated personnel are not recovered. | |
| 42 | Develop contingency plan for failed or aborted mission. | |
| 43 | Transmit PR Situation Report to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC upon mission conclusion or daily if PR operations are ongoing. | |
| 44 | Submit after action and lessons learned to JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC. | |

**AIRBORNE MISSION COMMANDER (AMC) CHECKLIST
(SECRET when filled in)**

General: The AMC coordinates the personnel recovery effort between the rescue forces and the PR Mission Coordinator by monitoring the status of all recovery force elements. The AMC requests additional assets when needed, and ensures the recovery and supporting forces arrive at their designated areas to accomplish the PR mission. The AMC appoints, as necessary, an on-scene commander (OSC). The AMC will coordinate all aircraft movements into the tactical area in support of the OSC and coordinate for RESCAP aircraft over the area.

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | | | | | DTG COMPLETED |
|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-------------|----------|----------------------|
| 1 | Gather as much of the following information as possible before diverting or launching to incident area: | | | | | |
| 1.1 | PR Mission Coordinator: | | | | | |
| | Landline number: | Radio nets/freqs: | | | | |
| 1.2 | On-Scene Commander (type/callsign): | | | | | |
| | Radio nets/freqs: | TACON Authority: | | | | |
| | Time on station: | Time off station: | | | | |
| 1.3 | Standby On-Scene Commander (type/callsign): | | | | | |
| | Location: | TACON Authority: | | | | |
| | ETD: | Est time on station: | | | | |
| 1.4 | Status of U.S. Assets | | | | | |
| | Type | Callsign | On Station | Off Station | Function | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 1.5 | Status of Coalition Partner/Host Nation Assets | | | | | |
| | Type | Callsign | On Station | Off Station | Function | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 1.6 | Location of ground forces: | | | | | |
| | Number of personnel: | Radio nets/freqs: | | | | |

AMC CHECKLIST (Cont)
(SECRET when filled in)

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | DTG COMPLETED |
|-------------|---|----------------------|
| 1.7 | Type/callsign of distressed craft: | |
| | Location: Threat level: | |
| 1.8 | Status of isolated personnel: | |
| | Location: Threat level: | |
| | Number of U.S.: Number of Coalition/HN: | |
| | Number injured: Number deceased: | |
| | Radio nets/freqs: Other comms: | |
| | Evading (Yes/No): Evasion aids: | |
| | Visual contact (Yes/No): DAR: | |
| 1.9 | Significant weather: | |
| 1.10 | Terrain and population: | |
| 1.11 | Threat activity: | |
| 1.12 | Authentication Status: ISOPREP data available (Yes/No): | |
| | SPINS PR codes (Request from PR Mission Coordinator): | |
| | Word: Letter: Number: Color: | |
| | SARNEG: Duress Word: | |
| 2 | Designate OSC if not already accomplished and relay data from Task 1. | |
| 3 | Switch on-scene aircraft to desired frequency. | |
| 4 | Determine holding and rendezvous points. | |
| | Manage the flow of aircraft to and from the objective area. | |
| 5 | Select emergency recovery sites for PR assets as required. | |
| 6 | Request PR support forces as necessary. | |
| 7 | Monitor PR effort and provide coordination and assistance as necessary. | |
| 8 | After isolated personnel are recovered relay survivor status and ETAs of PR forces to the PR Mission Coordinator. | |
| 9 | Release unnecessary PR forces. | |
| 10 | Monitor progress of withdrawal. | |
| 11 | Relay all mission data (on-station/off station times, recovery times, etc.) to the PR Mission Coordinator. | |

**ON SCENE COMMANDER (OSC) CHECKLIST
(SECRET when filled in)**

General: The OSC is the person designated to coordinate the rescue efforts at the rescue site. In the event of the loss of an aircraft or personnel become isolated, aircraft commanders may find themselves in the position of being the OSC aircraft during a PR effort. Upon loss of any personnel, the senior member of the mission at the scene of the incident shall assume OSC duties. As the recovery vehicle approaches the pickup point, the OSC will brief the recovery vehicle on the situation. Once the recovery vehicle is in the vicinity of the isolated person the OSC's primary duty is to support the recovery vehicle. After the pickup, as the recovery vehicle is egressing the area, the OSC will aid the recovery forces in the egress.

| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | | | | | DTG COMPLETED |
|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-------------|----------|----------------------|
| 1 | Gather as much of the following information as possible before diverting or launching to incident area: | | | | | |
| 1.1 | PR Mission Coordinator: | | | | | |
| | Landline number: | Radio nets/freqs: | | | | |
| 1.2 | Airborne Mission Commander (AMC) (type/callsign): | | | | | |
| | Radio nets/freqs: | TACON Authority: | | | | |
| | Time on station: | Time off station: | | | | |
| 1.3 | Recovery Force Commander: | | | | | |
| | CDR contact info: | Rescue vehicle type: | | | | |
| | Rescue vehicle callsign: | ETA recovery site: | | | | |
| | Recovery site: | Radio nets/freqs: | | | | |
| 1.4 | Status of U.S. Assets | | | | | |
| | Type | Callsign | On Station | Off Station | Function | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 1.5 | Status of Coalition Partner/Host Nation Assets | | | | | |
| | Type | Callsign | On Station | Off Station | Function | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 1.6 | Location of ground forces: | | | | | |
| | Number of personnel: | Radio nets/freqs: | | | | |

| OSC CHECKLIST (Cont) (SECRET When Filled In) | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------|
| TASK | TASK DESCRIPTION | | | DTG COMPLETED | |
| 1.7 | Type/callsign of distressed craft: | | | | |
| | Location: | Threat level: | | | |
| 1.8 | Status of isolated personnel: | | | | |
| | Location: | Threat level: | | | |
| | Number of U.S.: | Number of Coalition/HN: | | | |
| | Number injured: | Number deceased: | | | |
| | Radio nets/freqs: | Other comms: | | | |
| | Evading (Yes/No): | Evasion aids: | | | |
| | Visual contact (Yes/No): | DAR: | | | |
| 1.9 | Significant weather: | | | | |
| 1.10 | Terrain and population: | | | | |
| 1.11 | Threat activity: | | | | |
| 1.12 | Authentication Status: ISOPREP data available (Yes/No): | | | | |
| | SPINS PR codes (Request from PR Mission Coordinator): | | | | |
| | Word: | Letter: | Number: | | Color: |
| | SARNEG: | | Duress Word: | | |
| 2 | Establish communications with AMC. | | | | |
| 3 | Establish visual and/or radio contact with isolated personnel. | | | | |
| 4 | Fix position by all available navigation aids and visual references and relay isolated personnel location to AMC (if available) or PR Mission Coordinator. | | | | |
| 5 | Note threat locations and establish a safe hold pattern (do not hold over crash site/isolated personnel position). | | | | |
| 6 | Authenticate isolated personnel and update AMC. | | | | |
| 7 | Coordinate with AMC (if available) or PR Mission Coordinator for available U.S. and Coalition Partner/Host Nation support forces. | | | | |
| 8 | Evaluate local threats and hostile ground activity. | | | | |
| 9 | Assess possible rescue pickup areas (pickup area proximity to isolated personnel, terrain, etc) and relay to Recovery Force Commander. | | | | |
| 10 | Establish communications with recovery vehicle. | | | | |
| 11 | Conserve fuel, determine max loiter time, and evaluate refueling options. | | | | |
| 12 | Prepare handover briefing to relieving OSC aircraft when RTB. | | | | |
| 13 | Vector recovery vehicle to and from recovery site. | | | | |

**INITIAL PR RESPONSE
NOTIFICATION CHECKLIST
(Classify According to Contents)**

General: Organizations will complete this checklist upon learning of an actual or potential PR incident. This checklist does not replace organization specific checklists. Classify checklist as required.

| | |
|---|--|
| Relay all applicable information listed below to the JTF JOC/JOIC via the fastest means available. DO NOT DELAY INITIAL NOTIFICATION DUE TO LACK OF INFORMATION. | Commercial: CELL: DSN: FAX: NIPRNET: SIPRNET: |
|---|--|

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| If item is not known, insert Unknown | If item does not apply, insert N/A |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|

1. Reporting Source Information

| | | | |
|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| A. Name: | | B. Rank: | |
| C. Organization: | | D. Position: | |
| E. Duty Phone: | | F. Home Phone: | |
| G. Cell Phone: | | H. Pager Number: | |

2. Incident information, as applicable

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| A. Type aircraft/vessel/vehicle: | B. Nationality of aircraft/vessel: |
| C. Mission number: | D. Tail/Hull number: |
| E. Tactical call sign: | F. ATC call sign: |
| G. # of Isolated Personnel: | H. Nationality: |
| I. Radio frequency of aircraft, ship, or ground unit in distress: | |
| J. Emergency beacon frequency (121.5MHz, 243.0MHz, or 406MHz): | |
| K. Last known communication: | |
| L. Survival equipment (radios, signaling devices, life rafts etc.): | |
| M. Location, (if known): | |
| N. Last known position (position and DTG): | |
| O. Course, speed and altitude: | |
| P. Intended track, route, or target: | |
| Q. Weather on scene: | |
| R. Special cargo (hazardous, classified, weapons or other): | |

**INITIAL PR RESPONSE
NOTIFICATION CHECKLIST (Cont)**

S. Known hostile forces in vicinity:

T. Explosion witnessed/detected?: (circle one) Yes No

If yes, provide as much details as possible (reporting source, location, time, secondary explosions reported):

U. Agencies aware of incident (JOC/US Embassy, USMILGP, Coalition Partner/Host Nation, etc.):

V. Short description of event:

3. Foreign Request for Civil SAR Assistance, if any

A. Type of assistance being requested:

B. Responsible RCC (include contact information):

C. Foreign SAR forces already committed:

D. Any known US forces being considered (in country):

4. Additional Comments

PR INCIDENT REPORT FORMAT

General: This report is used by the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC to report any situation that may require a Personnel Recovery effort and it identifies the key coordinating authorities for the PR incident.

(Classification)

SUBJ: PERSONNEL RECOVERY INCIDENT REPORT

1. PR CATEGORY: (CSAR or CIVIL SAR)

2. JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC INCIDENT NUMBER: (SARMASTER case number/PRMS)

3. SEARCH AND RESCUE REGION: (Internationally recognized SRR)

4. COALITION PARTNER/HOST NATION SMC AUTHORITY: (Overall Coalition Partner/Host Nation coordinating authority for this incident)

5. PR MSN COORDINATOR: (Commander/agency designated by the J3 through the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC to direct, coordinate support and assist in planning the PR mission.)

6. INCIDENT DETAILS:

A. INCIDENT TYPE: (AIRCRAFT, VESSEL, or GROUND FORCE)

B. CALLSIGN: (Callsign of aircraft, vessel, or isolated personnel)

C. TYPE: (Description of aircraft, vessel, or vehicle)

D. COLOR: (Color of aircraft, vessel, or vehicle)

E. ID: (Tail number, vessel registration number)

F. LOCATION: (Last known position or confirmed Lat/Long)

G. TIME: (Incident time)

H. CAUSE: (Cause of incident)

I. PERSONNEL: (Number of personnel)

J. STATUS: (Status of personnel)

K. THREATS: (Any known or possible threats in the incident area)

L. REQUIRE: (Type of U.S. assistance required and status of any Coalition Partner/Host Nation requests)

M. PR ACTIONS TAKEN: (List significant PR actions that have already been initiated)

N. POINT OF CONTACT: (Contact info for PR Mission Coordinator)

O. OTHER: (List any other significant information)

UNIT PR SITUATION REPORT (SITREP) FORMAT

General: The PR SITREP is used by participating units to coordinate and summarize PR operations. Specific participating units and agencies are required to transmit SITREPs to the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC upon mission conclusion or daily if PR operations are ongoing. Insert "UNKNOWN" if not known and "N/A" if it doesn't apply. Use SITREP Log to track messages.

(Classification)

SUBJ/PERSONNEL RECOVERY SITUATION REPORT//

1. UNIT REPORTING: (Component RCC, MILGRP, PR Mission Coordinator, etc.)//

2. JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC INCIDENT NUMBER: (Reference PR Incident Report)//

3. SITREP SERIAL NUMBER: (001, 001A, 001B, etc.)//

4. INCIDENT UPDATES:

A. LOCATION: (Last known position, actual Lat/Long or MGRS)

B. STATUS OF PERSONNEL: (Medical status,

C. THREATS: (Known or possible threats, locations, etc.)

D. WEATHER: (On-scene weather info)

E. DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITY: (Status of any HN requests, diplomatic clearance issues, etc.)

F. PR ACTIONS TAKEN: (List actions taken)//

5. PR PLANNING AND OPERATIONS:

A. COMMUNICATIONS: (On-scene, U.S.-HN comm. channels, etc.)

B. COMMUNICATIONS WITH PERSONNEL: (YES or NO) and if Yes (Type and Frequency)

C. AIRSPACE DECONFLICTION: (List any significant airspace de-confliction issues)

D. AVAILABLE PR RESOURCES: (Delete/add as required)

(1) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

TACON / OPCON AUTHORITIES:

LOCATION / WHEN AVAILABLE:

(2) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

TACON / OPCON AUTHORITIES:

LOCATION / WHEN AVAILABLE:

(3) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

TACON / OPCON AUTHORITIES:

LOCATION / WHEN AVAILABLE:

UNIT PR SITREP FORMAT (Cont)

E. MISSIONS CONDUCTED OR PLANNED: (Delete/add as required)

(1) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL LOCATIONS:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL TIMES:

ON-STATION / OFF-STATION TIMES:

REMARKS: (Any additional info)

(2) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL LOCATIONS:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL TIMES:

ON-STATION / OFF-STATION TIMES:

REMARKS: (Any additional info)

(3) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL LOCATIONS:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL TIMES:

ON-STATION / OFF-STATION TIMES:

REMARKS: (Any additional info)

F. AMC MISSIONS / ACTIVITY:

G. OSC MISSIONS / ACTIVITY:

H. REMARKS: //

JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC PR SITUATION REPORT (SITREP) FORMAT

General: The JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC will receive PR SITREP from participating units upon mission conclusion or daily if PR operations are ongoing. The JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC will consolidate unit SITREPs into one PR SITREP for US that summarizes PR activities conducted by all participating units. Insert "UNKNOWN" if not known and "N/A" if it doesn't apply.

(Classification)

SUBJ/JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC PERSONNEL RECOVERY SITUATION REPORT//

1. INCIDENT STATUS: (COMPLETED, OPEN, SUSPENDED)

A. DTG: (DTG if incident is COMPLETED or SUSPENDED)

B. AUTHORITY: (Authority if incident is COMPLETED or SUSPENDED)

C. REMARKS: (Any significant remarks regarding the status of the incident)//

2. INCIDENT REFERENCES:

REFERENCE/DTG/ORIGINATOR/REFERENCE TYPE/SERIAL #

A. (List reference info and use additional lines for multiple items)//

3. INCIDENT IDENTIFICATION:

A. SITREP TYPE: (INITIAL, FOLLOW-UP, or FINAL)

B. SITREP SERIAL NUMBER: (Reference JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC SITREP log)

C. SITREP PR MISSION CATEGORY: (DOD PR, DOD SUPPORT TO CIVIL SAR, etc.)

D. JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC INCIDENT NUMBER: (Reference SAR Master/PRMS)

E. JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC MISSION NUMBER: (Reference SAR Master/PRMS)

F. REMARKS: (List an significant remarks regarding the incident identification)//

4. INCIDENT AUTHORITY:

A. SEARCH AND RESCUE REGION: (Internationally recognized SAR region where incident occurred)

B. SMC AUTHORITY: (Coalition Partner/Host Nation agency/individual serving as the coordinating authority for this incident)

C. EXECUTE AUTHORITY: (Normally the J3/JOC)

D. PR MISSION COORDINATOR: (Unit/commander designated to direct, coordinate support and assist in planning the PR mission)

E. RECOVERY FORCE COMMANDER: (Unit/commander designated to evaluate the probability of success, plan and execute the recovery mission)

F. REINTEGRATION COMMANDER: (Normally the OPCON Component Commander is appointed)

G. SUPPORTING PRCCS: (List all supporting rescue coordination cells)

H. REMARKS: (List any significant remarks regarding the incident authority)//

JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC PR SITREP FORMAT (Cont)

5. INCIDENT DESCRIPTION AND DETAILS:

A. INCIDENT TYPE: (AIRCRAFT CRASH, GROUND TEAM ISOLATED, etc)

B. JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC ALERTED BY/DTG: (Who notified the JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC and when)

C. SITUATION: (Brief summary of current situation)

D. LOCATION: (Geo reference or exact Lat/Long or MGRS)

E. LAST KNOWN POSITION: (If exact location is not known)

F. PERSONNEL: (Number of personnel)

G. NATIONALITIES: (Nationalities of personnel)

H. ASSET DESCRIPTION: (If asset involved list type, callsign, service, agency, nationality, etc.)

I. COMMUNICATIONS: (List all communication equipment to include freqs/nets)

J. SURVIVAL EQUIPMENT: (List all survival equipment personnel are carrying)

K. THREAT ACTIVITY: (List any actual or probable threats in the incident area)

L. SIGNIFICANT WEATHER: (List current and forecasted weather for incident area)

M. DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITY: (Address and diplomatic issues such as requests of assistance, aircraft or personnel clearances, significant political activity, etc.)

N. PR ACTIONS: (Summarize PR actions and activities)//

6. PR PLANNING AND OPERATIONS:

A. COMMUNICATIONS: (On-scene, U.S.-HN comm. channels, etc.)

B. COMMUNICATIONS WITH PERSONNEL: (YES or NO) and if Yes (Type and Frequency)

C. AIRSPACE DECONFLICTION: (List any significant airspace de-confliction issues)

D. AVAILABLE PR RESOURCES: (Delete/add as required)

(1) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

TACON / OPCON AUTHORITIES:

LOCATION / WHEN AVAILABLE:

(2) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

TACON / OPCON AUTHORITIES:

LOCATION / WHEN AVAILABLE:

(3) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

TACON / OPCON AUTHORITIES:

LOCATION / WHEN AVAILABLE:

JPRC/COMPONENT PRCC PR SITREP FORMAT (Cont)

E. MISSIONS CONDUCTED OR PLANNED: (Delete/add as required)

(1) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL LOCATIONS:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL TIMES:

ON-STATION / OFF-STATION TIMES:

REMARKS: (Any additional info)

(2) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL LOCATIONS:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL TIMES:

ON-STATION / OFF-STATION TIMES:

REMARKS: (Any additional info)

(3) TYPE / NATIONALITY / CALLSIGN:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL LOCATIONS:

DEPARTURE / ARRIVAL TIMES:

ON-STATION / OFF-STATION TIMES:

REMARKS: (Any additional info)

F. AMC MISSIONS / ACTIVITY:

G. OSC MISSIONS / ACTIVITY:

H. REMARKS: //

7. MISSION CONCLUSION:

A. STATUS OF PERSONNEL: (Disposition of personnel; location, medical condition, etc.)

B. STATUS OF PR FORCES:

C. OPEN ACTIONS: //

**INITIAL RECOVERY REPORT FORMAT
(SECRET when filled in)**

General: INSERT PLA's as appropriate

FM:

TO:

CDRUSJFCOM NORFOLK VA//J3//

JPRA FT BELVOIR VA//CC/J2/J3//

BT

MSGID/GENADMIN//

SUBJ/INITIAL RECOVERY REPORT//

REF/A/DOC/XXXXXXX/XX REG 525 1 MARCH 2002/-/-// **(EXAMPLE ONLY)**

AMPN/REF A IS POLICY REGUALTION ON PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCTING THE REINTEGRATION OF RECOVERED PERSONNEL.//

1. NAME, RANK, SERVICE OR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER: //

2. ORGANIZATION OF ASSIGNMENT: //

3. HEALTH AND PHYSICAL CONDITION OF RETURNEE: //

4. RECOVERY DETAILS: (Location, date, time and method, and YES or NO answer concerning whether individual was held captive by the enemy at any time) //

5. YES or NO (Answer whether individual had prior access to sensitive E&E information) //

6. (Any appropriate tactical/perishable intelligence) //

7. POW/MIA IDENTIFICATION AND STATUS: //

8. (Current location and statement requesting disposition instructions and assessment of potential for an in-depth tactical intelligence debriefing) //

9. REINTEGRATION TEAM CHIEF RECOMMENDATION: (RETURN INDIVIDUAL TO DUTY or PROCEED TO PHASE TWO REINTEGRATION)

SEARCH AND RESCUE INCIDENT REPORT (SARIR)
(SECRET when filled in)

General Instructions: Used to report any situation / incident that may generate a recovery operation. It is initiated immediately upon determining that an aircraft has been downed, personnel are missing, or a person, vessel unit, etc requires PR.
Format (Abbreviated)

LINE 1 - DATE / TIME:

LINE 2 - UNIT:

LINE 3 - CALL SIGN:

LINE 4 - TYPE:

LINE 5 - COLOR:

LINE 6 - ID:

LINE 7 - LOCATION:

LINE 8 - QUALIFIER:

LINE 9 - TIME OF INCIDENT:

LINE 10 - CAUSE:

LINE 11 - PERSONNEL:

LINE 12 - STATUS:

LINE 13 - REQUIRE:

Glossary

Section I. Abbreviations

| | |
|-------------|---|
| AOR | Area of Responsibility |
| ATO | Air Tasking Order |
| CSAR | Combat Search and Rescue |
| CCDR | Combatant Commander |
| COIC | Combined Operations Intelligence Center |
| DA | Department of the Army |
| DAC | Department of Army Civilians |
| DOD | Department of Defense |
| ELT | Emergency Locator Transmitter |
| EPA | Evasion Plan of Action |
| EUSA | Eighth United States Army |
| Eighth Army | Eighth United States Army |
| FRAGOs | Fragment Orders |
| FM | Frequency Modulation |
| GCC | Ground Component Commander |
| GCCS-K | Ground Communications Control - Korea |
| HF | High Frequency |
| HQDA | Headquarters Department of the Army |
| HRIE | High Risk of Isolation/Exploitation |
| IAW | In Accordance With |
| ICW | In Compliance With |
| ISOPREP | Isolated Personnel Report |
| ITO | Integrated Tasking Order |
| JIOC | Joint Intelligence Operations Center |

| | |
|---------|---|
| JISE | Joint Intelligence Support Element |
| JPRA | Joint Personnel Recovery Agency |
| JPRC | Joint Personnel Recovery Center |
| JSOAC | Joint Special Operations Aviation Component |
| JTF | Joint Task Force |
| KCRT | Korean Combined Rescue Team |
| KSC | Korean Service Corps |
| KTO | Korean Theater of Operation |
| MC | Mission Commanders |
| MEC | Mission Essential |
| MEDEVAC | Medical Evacuation |
| MOOTW | Military Operations Other Than War |
| MSC | Major Subordinate Command |
| NIPR | Non-Secure Internet Protocol Router |
| OGA | Other Government Agency |
| OPCON | Operational Control |
| OPORD | Operational Order |
| PR | Personnel Recovery |
| PRMS | Personnel Recovery Missions Software |
| PRCC | Personnel Recovery Coordination Center |
| PRO | Personnel Recovery Officer |
| SAR | Search and Rescue |
| SARSIT | Search and Rescue Situation Summary Report |
| SARIR | Search and Rescue Incident Report |
| SERE | Survival, Evasion, Resistance and Escape |
| SIPR | Secure Internet Protocol Router |

| | |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| BWDO | Battle Watch Duty Officer |
| SOP | Standard Operating Procedures |
| STE | Secure Telephone Equipment |
| STU | Secure Telephone Unit |
| TACON | Tactical Control |
| UHF | Ultra High Frequency |
| US | United States |
| USFK | United States Forces Korea |
| VHF | Very High Frequency |

Section II. Terms

Airborne Mission Coordinator. The designated individual that serves as an airborne extension of the component commander or supported commander responsible for the personnel recovery mission, through the designated personnel recovery task force to manage requirements for the rescue force by monitoring the status of all its elements, requesting additional assets when needed, and ensuring the recovery and supporting forces arrive at their designated areas to accomplish the mission. (JP 1-02.)

Authentication.

- a. A security measure designed to protect a communications system against acceptance of a fraudulent transmission or simulation by establishing the validity of a transmission, message, or originator.
- b. A means of identifying individuals and verifying their eligibility to receive specific categories of information.
- c. Evidence by proper signature or seal that a document is genuine and official.
- d. In personnel recovery missions, the process whereby the identity of an isolated person is confirmed. (JP 1-02.)

Blood Chit. A small sheet of material depicting an American flag and a statement in several languages to the effect that anyone assisting the bearer to safety will be rewarded. (JP 1-02.)

Bona fides. Good faith. In personnel recovery, the use of verbal or visual communication by individuals who are unknown to one another, to establish their authenticity, sincerity, honesty, and truthfulness.

Combat search and rescue. The tactics, techniques, and procedures performed by forces to affect the recovery of isolated personnel during combat. Also called CSAR.

Combat search and rescue task force. All forces committed to a specific combat search and rescue operation to locate, identify, support, and recover isolated personnel during combat. This includes those elements assigned to provide command and control and to protect the recovery vehicle(s) from attack. Also called CSARTF.

Emergency locator beacon. A generic term for all radio beacons used for emergency locating purposes. (JP 1-02)

Evasion. The process whereby isolated personnel avoid capture with the goal of successfully returning to areas under friendly control.

Evasion aid. In personnel recovery, any piece of information or equipment designed to assist an individual in avoiding capture. Evasion aids include, but are not limited to, blood chits, pointee-talkies, evasion charts, barter items, and equipment designed to complement issued survival equipment.

Evasion plan of action. A course of action, developed prior to executing a combat mission, that is intended to improve a potential isolated person's chances of successful evasion and recovery by providing the recovery forces with an additional source of information that can increase the predictability of the evader's action and movement. Also called EPA.

Forward line of own troops. A line that indicates the most forward positions of friendly forces in any kind of military operation at a specific time. The forward line of own troops (FLOT) normally identifies the forward location of covering and screening forces. The FLOT may be at, beyond, or short of the forward edge of the battle area. An enemy FLOT indicates the forward-most position of hostile forces. Also called FLOT. (JP 1-02)

Isolated personnel. US military, Department of Defense civilians and contractor personnel (and others designated by the President or Secretary of Defense) who are separated from their unit (as an individual or a group) while participating in a US sponsored military activity or mission and are, or may be, in a situation where they must survive, evade, resist, or escape.

Isolated personnel report. A Department of Defense Form (DD 1833) containing information designed to facilitate the identification and authentication of an isolated person by a recovery force. Also called ISOPREP.

Joint Air Operations Center. A jointly staffed facility established for planning, directing, and executing joint air operations in support of the joint force commander's operation or campaign objectives. Also called JAOC. (JP 1-02)

Joint Personnel Recovery Center. The primary joint force organization responsible for planning and coordinating personnel recovery for military operations within the assigned operational area. Also called JPRC.

Non conventional assisted recovery. Personnel recovery conducted by indigenous/surrogate personnel that are trained, supported, and led by special operations forces, unconventional warfare ground and maritime forces, or other government agencies' personnel that have been specifically trained and directed to establish and operate indigenous or surrogate infrastructures. Also called NAR.

Personnel Locator System. A system that provides rough range and bearing to isolated personnel by integrating the survival radio (if equipped with a transponder) with an airborne locating system, based on an encrypted communications homing system. Also called PLS.

Personnel Locator System Code. A six digit number programmed into survival radios and used by recovery forces to covertly locate isolated personnel. Also called PLS code.

Personnel recovery coordination cell. The primary joint force component organization responsible for coordinating and controlling component personnel recovery missions. Also called PRCC.

Pointee-talkie. A language aid containing selected phrases in English opposite a translation in a foreign language. It is used by pointing to appropriate phrases. (JP 1-02)

Recovery mechanism. Designated indigenous or surrogate infrastructure that is specifically developed, trained, and directed by US forces to contact, authenticate, support, move, and ex-filtrate designated isolated personnel from uncertain or hostile areas back to friendly control. Recovery mechanisms may operate with other US or multinational personnel recovery capabilities. Also called RM.

Reintegration.

a. The procedure whereby American citizens and their families are officially processed back in the United States subsequent to an evacuation.

b. The release and return of enemy prisoners of war to their own country in accordance with the 1949 Geneva Convention Relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War. (JP 1-02)

Rescue Combat Air Patrol. An aircraft patrol provided over that portion of an objective area in which recovery operations are being conducted for the purpose of intercepting and destroying hostile aircraft. Also called RESCAP.

Search and rescue. The use of aircraft, surface craft, submarines, and specialized rescue teams and equipment to search for and rescue distressed persons on land or at sea in a permissive environment. Also called SAR.

Unconventional assisted recovery. Nonconventional assisted recovery conducted by special operations forces. Also called UAR.

Unconventional assisted recovery coordination cell. A compartmented special operations forces facility, established by the joint force special operations component commander, staffed on a continuous basis by supervisory personnel and tactical planners to coordinate, synchronize, and de-conflict nonconventional assisted recovery operations within the operational area assigned to the joint force commander. Also called UARCC.

Unconventional assisted recovery mechanism. A recovery mechanism developed and managed by special operations forces. Also called UARM.